## **Service Guide**

## Agilent Technologies N5161A/62A/81A/82A/83A MXG Signal Generators

This guide applies to the following signal generator models:

N5161A MXG ATE RF Analog Signal Generator N5162A MXG ATE RF Vector Signal Generator N5181A MXG RF Analog Signal Generator N5182A MXG RF Vector Signal Generator N5183A MXG Microwave Analog Signal Generator

For the latest revision of this manual go to the following website: http://www.agilent.com/find/mxg



Manufacturing Part Number: N5180-90006
Printed in USA
June 2008

© Copyright 2006–2008 Agilent Technologies, Inc.

## **Notice**

The material contained in this document is provided "as is", and is subject to being changed, without notice, in future editions.

Further, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Agilent disclaims all warranties, either express or implied with regard to this manual and to any of the Agilent products to which it pertains, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. Agilent shall not be liable for errors or for incidental or consequential damages in connection with the furnishing, use, or performance of this document or any of the Agilent products to which it pertains. Should Agilent have a written contract with the User and should any of the contract terms conflict with these terms, the contract terms shall control.

| I. | Troubleshooting   |        |
|----|---|--------|
|    | Before Troubleshooting  | 1- 1   |
|    | ESD Information   | 1-1    |
|    | Contacting Agilent Technologies   | 1-2    |
|    | Returning a Signal Generator for Service                                    | 1-2    |
|    | Overall Block Description   | 1-3    |
|    | A1 Power Supply   |        |
|    | A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A Only)  | 1-3    |
|    | A3 RF Assembly (N5161A/62A/81A/82A Only)                                    |        |
|    | A3 RF Assembly (N5183A Only)  |        |
|    | A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A Only)                                   |        |
|    | A5 CPU  |        |
|    | A6 Inverter Interface Board   |        |
|    | A7 Micro Deck (N5183A Only)   |        |
|    | A9 Interface Board (N5161A/62A)   |        |
|    | Common Circuitry for the N5181A/82A/83A                                     |        |
|    | Getting Started with Troubleshooting  |        |
|    |   |        |
|    | Self Test Overview  |        |
|    | Running Self Test   |        |
|    | Run Self Test Using the Front Panel (N518xA only)                           |        |
|    | Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page  |        |
|    | Self Tests Do Not Run or Self Tests Run Slowly                              |        |
|    | Boot-up Routine   |        |
|    | Troubleshooting Assembly Level Problems                                     |        |
|    | A1 Power Supply   |        |
|    | A2 Vector Module Troubleshooting (N9102A/82A Only)                          |        |
|    | A4 Internal Memory Card Troubleshooting (N5162A/82A Only)                   |        |
|    | A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting   |        |
|    | A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A)                          |        |
|    | A7 Micro Deck (N5183A)  |        |
|    | A8 Floating BNC Bypass Troubleshooting (N5183A)                             | . 1-36 |
|    | A9 Interface Board Troubleshooting (N5161A/62A)                             | . 1-36 |
|    | No Output Power or Output Power is Unleveled (N5183A)                       | . 1-38 |
|    | Low Output Power or No Output Power < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)                      | . 1-39 |
|    | Low Output Power or No Output Power >= 3.2 GHz (N5183A)                     | . 1-44 |
|    | Checking ALC Operation < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)                                   | . 1-46 |
|    | Amplitude Modulation Problems (N5183A)                                      | . 1-48 |
|    | Pulse Modulation Problems (N5183A)  | . 1-49 |
|    | LCD Display Appears to be Inoperative (Dark)                                | . 1-50 |
|    | The Signal Generator Does Not Power On                                      |        |
|    | All Front Panel LEDs are Not Functioning.                                   |        |
|    | The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working |        |
|    |   |        |
|    | Front Panel Hardkeys or Softkeys are Not Functioning (N5181A/82A/83A)       | 1-58   |
|    | THE RELY KNOD IS NOT BUILDING UNDIXIA/XZA/XXA)                              | 1-58   |

|    | Blank or Missing Pixels (N5181A/82A/83A)                                |
|----|---|
|    | The Screen Saver is Not Functioning (N5181A/82A/83A)1-6                 |
|    | Boot Time Diagnostics Mode (N5161A/62A Only)1-6                         |
|    | Exceptions - Auto-reboot, ERROR LED Blinking (N5161A/62A Only)1-6       |
|    | The Fans are Not Working  |
|    | No LAN Activity   |
|    | No Front Panel USB Activity   |
|    | No Rear-Panel USB Activity  |
|    | No GPIB Activity  |
|    | Error Messages  |
|    | Troubleshooting Unlocks   |
|    | 508 Frac-N Loop Unlock  |
|    | 512 Reference Unlocked  |
|    | 515 Reference Missing   |
|    | 532 PCI Bridge FPGA DCM Unlocked1-6                                     |
|    | 533 RF Analog FPGA DCM Unlocked   |
|    | Troubleshooting Unlevels  |
|    | Troubleshooting the RF Path (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)                        |
|    | Troubleshooting the 6 GHz Electronic Attenuator (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)1-6 |
|    | Troubleshooting Harmonic Spurious                                       |
|    | Troubleshooting Harmonic Spurious by Fundamental Frequency              |
|    | To Verify Harmonic Performance at the RF Output1-6                      |
|    | Troubleshooting Non-Harmonic Spurious                                   |
|    | Troubleshooting Performance Test Problems                               |
|    | Manual Performance Test Problems  |
|    | Troubleshooting Adjustment Test Problems (N5183A Only)1-7               |
|    | Automated Performance Test Problems                                     |
| 2. | Replaceable Parts   |
| ۲. | Ordering Information  |
|    | Order Parts Fast  |
|    | Shipping a Defective Assembly Back to Agilent Technologies              |
|    | Frequency and Hardware Options  |
|    |   |
|    | Assemblies and Hardware Options   |
|    | Front Panel Assemblies (N5181A/82A/83A only)                            |
|    | Assemblies from a Top View  |
|    | Assemblies from a Bottom View   |
|    | Cables  |
|    | Cables from a Top View  |
|    | Cables from a Bottom View   |
|    | Hardware  |
|    | Front Panel View  |
|    | Disassembled Rear Panel View  |
|    | Main Chassis with Inside Covers   |
|    |   |

|    | Outer Instrument Cover and Associated Parts             | . 2-26 |
|----|---|--------|
|    | Miscellaneous   | . 2-28 |
|    | Documentation   | . 2-28 |
|    | Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protective Supplies       | . 2-28 |
|    | Abbreviations Used in Part Descriptions                 | . 2-29 |
| 3. | Assembly Replacement                                    |        |
|    | Before You Replace an Assembly                          | 3- 1   |
|    | After Replacing or Repairing an Assembly                | 3- 1   |
|    | Assemblies You Can Replace                              |        |
|    | This page intentionally left blank                      |        |
|    | Outer Cover   | 3-4    |
|    | Tools Required  |        |
|    | Removal Procedure                                       | 3-4    |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   | 3-4    |
|    | Inner Top Cover   | 3-6    |
|    | Tools Required  | 3-6    |
|    | Removal Procedure                                       | 3-6    |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   | 3-6    |
|    | Inner Bottom Cover                                      | 3-8    |
|    | Tools Required  | 3-8    |
|    | Removal Procedure                                       | 3-8    |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   | 3-8    |
|    | Front-Panel   |        |
|    | Tools Required  |        |
|    | Removal Procedure                                       |        |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   |        |
|    | USB Board   |        |
|    | Tools Required  |        |
|    | Removal Procedure                                       |        |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   |        |
|    | LCD Display (N5181A/82A/83A only)                       |        |
|    | Tools Required  |        |
|    | Removal Procedure.                                      |        |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   |        |
|    | A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A only) |        |
|    | Tools Required  |        |
|    | Removal Procedure                                       |        |
|    |   |        |
|    | A9 Interface Board (N5161A/62A only)                    |        |
|    | Removal Procedure.                                      |        |
|    | Replacement Procedure                                   |        |
|    | Key Pad (N5181A/82A/83A only)                           |        |
|    | Tools Required  |        |
|    | Removal Procedure.                                      |        |
|    |   | 0      |

| Replacement Procedure   | 3-20         |
|---|--------------|
| Power Switch  | 3-21         |
| Tools Required  | 3-21         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-21         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-21         |
| Rear Panel (N5161A/81A)   | 3-22         |
| Tools Required  | 3-22         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-22         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-22         |
| Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)   | 3-24         |
| Tools Required  | 3-24         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-24         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-24         |
| Rear Panel (N5183A)   | 3-26         |
| Tools Required  | 3-26         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-26         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-26         |
| A1 Power Supply   | 3-28         |
| Tools Required  | 3-28         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-28         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-28         |
| A2 Vector Module (N5162A with Option 012 and N5182A Option 1EM with Option 012) | 3-30         |
| Tools Required  | 3-30         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-30         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-30         |
| A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A without Option 012)                                | 3-32         |
| Tools Required  | 3-32         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-32         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-32         |
| A3 RF Assembly (N5162A, with and without Option 012, N5182A with Option 012,    |              |
| and N5182A Option 1EM, with and without Option 012)                             | 3-34         |
| Tools Required  | 3-34         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-34         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-34         |
| A3 RF Assembly - Standard (N5181A/82A)  | 3-38         |
| Tools Required  | 3-38         |
| Removal Procedure   | 3-38         |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-38         |
| A3 RF Assembly - N5161A and N5181A Option 1EM                                   | 3-42         |
| Tools Required  | 3-42         |
| Removal Procedure   |              |
|   | 3-42         |
| Replacement Procedure   |              |
| Replacement Procedure   | 3-42         |
| -   | 3-42         |
| A3 RF Assembly (N5183A only)  | 3-42<br>3-46 |

| A3BT1 Battery                                       | ) |
|---|---|
| Tools Required                                      | ) |
| Removal Procedure                                   | ) |
| Replacement Procedure                               | ) |
| A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A only)           | 2 |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
| Replacement Procedure                               | 2 |
| A5 CPU  | L |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
| Replacement Procedure                               |   |
| A7 Micro-Deck (N5183A only - Standard)              |   |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
| Replacement Procedure                               |   |
| A7 Micro-Deck (N5183A only - Option 1EM)            |   |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
| Replacement Procedure                               |   |
| A8 Floating BNC Bypass (N5183A only)                |   |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
| Replacement Procedure                               |   |
|   |   |
| RF Connector (N5183A only - Standard)               |   |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
|   |   |
| B1 thru B4 Fans                                     |   |
| Tools Required                                      |   |
| Removal Procedure                                   |   |
| Replacement Procedure                               | ) |
| Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification |   |
|   |   |
| Post Repair Procedures                              |   |
| Assembly Installation and Removal Overview          |   |
| Service Procedure                                   |   |
| Post-Repair Overview                                |   |
| Manual Performance Tests                            |   |
| Adjustments (N5183A Only)                           |   |
| Automated Performance Verification Tests            |   |
| Performance Verification                            |   |
| I/Q Calibration (N5162A/82A only)                   | 3 |
| Running Self Test                                   | 3 |
| Self Test Failure                                   | ) |
|   |   |

|    | Relative Frequency Range and Accuracy Verification (N5161A/62A <sup>1</sup> /81A/82A Only) | 10  |
|----|--|-----|
|    | Frequency Counter Procedure (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)   | 10  |
|    | Spectrum Analyzer Procedure (N5161A/62A $^1$ /81A/82A)                                     | 11  |
|    | Leveled Output Power Verification (N5161A/62A <sup>1</sup> /81A/82A Only)                  | 13  |
|    | N5161A <sup>1</sup> /81A Output Power Test Procedure                                       | 13  |
|    | N5162A/82A Output Power Test Procedure   | 15  |
| 5. | Safety and Regulatory  |     |
|    | General Safety Considerations  | - 1 |
|    | Lithium Battery Disposal   | - 2 |
|    | Assistance   | - 2 |
|    | Certification  | - 2 |
| 6. | Instrument History   |     |
|    | How to Use this Chapter  | - 1 |
|    | April 2008 (N5182A/83A only)   | - 1 |
|    | December 2007  | - 1 |
|    | November 2007  | - 1 |
|    | October 2007 (N5181A/82A only)   | - 1 |
|    | May 2007 (N5181A/82A only)   | - 1 |
|    | December 2006 (N5181A/82A only)  | - 1 |
|    | September 2006 (N5181A/82A only)   | - 2 |

#### **Documentation Overview**

#### Installation Guide

- Safety Information
- · Receiving the Instrument
- Environmental & Electrical Requirements
- Basic Setup
- Accessories
- Operation Verification
- · Regulatory Information

#### User's Guide

- Signal Generator Overview
- Setting Preferences & Enabling Options
- Basic Operation
- Optimizing Performance
- Using Analog Modulation (Option UNT Only)
- Using Pulse Modulation (Option UNU Only)
- Basic Digital Operation No BBG Option Installed
- Basic Digital Operation (Option 651/652/654)
- Adding Real-Time Noise to a Signal (Option 403)
  Real-Time Phase Noise Impairments (Option 432)
- Custom Digital Modulation (Option 431)
- Multitone and Two-Tone Waveform Generator (Option 430)
- Working in a Secure Environment
- Troubleshooting

#### **Programming Guide**

- Getting Started with Remote Operation
- Using IO Interfaces
- Programming Examples
- Programming the Status Register System
- Creating and Downloading Files
- · Creating and Downloading User-Data Files

#### **SCPI Reference**

- SCPI Basics
- Basic Function Commands
- LXI System Commands
- System Commands
- Analog Modulation Commands
- · Arb Commands
- Real-Time Commands
- N5161A/62A/81A/82A SCPI Command Compatibility
- N5183A SCPI Command Compatibility

#### Service Guide

- Troubleshooting
- Replaceable Parts
- Assembly Replacement
- Post-Repair Procedures
- · Safety and Regulatory Information
- Instrument History

#### Key Help<sup>a</sup>

- Key function description
- Related SCPI commands

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Press the **Help** hardkey, and then the key for which you wish help.



## 1 Troubleshooting

#### **Before Troubleshooting**

#### WARNING

These troubleshooting instructions are for use by qualified personnel. To avoid electrical shock, do not perform any troubleshooting unless qualified.

The opening of covers or removal of parts is likely to expose dangerous voltages. Disconnect the instrument from all voltage sources before it is opened.

The following techniques related to ESD and static-safe workstations should not be used when working on circuitry with a voltage potential greater than 500 volts.

#### WARNING

Keep fingers and all other objects away from the fans when the signal generator is plugged in.

#### **CAUTION**

Powering up the MXG ATE while holding the LAN Preset hard key, causes the instrument to boot up in a diagnostic mode (indicated by the three flashing LEDs on the front panel).

You are entering the service (diagnostics) menu.

- · If you are not a qualified service technician, you should press Abort now.
- The service menu can be used to recover from severe instrument failure.
- If you choose to use the service (diagnostics) menu, do not select any menu items which you do not
  fully understand. If you are SURE you want to use the service menu, press Continue. Otherwise press
  Abort.

NOTE

When a procedure instructs you to preset the signal generator, press the Preset hardkey, not the User Preset hardkey.

#### **ESD Information**

#### Protection from Electrostatic Discharge

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage or destroy electronic components. All work on electronic assemblies should be performed at a static-safe workstation using two types of static-safe workstation protection:

- conductive table-mat and wrist-strap combination
- conductive floor-mat and heel-strap combination

Both types, when used together, provide a significant level of ESD protection. Of the two, only the table-mat and wrist-strap combination provides adequate ESD protection when used alone. To ensure user safety, the static-safe accessories must provide at least 1  $M\Omega$  of isolation from ground.

#### Handling of Electronic Components and ESD

#### **CAUTION**

Always handle printed circuit board assemblies by the edges. This will reduce the possibility of ESD damage to components and prevent contamination of exposed plating.

The possibility of unseen damage caused by ESD is present whenever components are transported, stored, or used. The risk of ESD damage can be greatly reduced by close attention to how all components are handled.

- · Keep static-generating materials at least one meter away from all components.
- · Store or transport components in static-shielding containers.



#### **Contacting Agilent Technologies**

Before contacting Agilent, read the warranty information that is shipped with your signal generator. If your signal generator is covered under a maintenance agreement, be familiar with its terms.

Assistance with test and measurements needs, and information on finding a local Agilent office is available on the Web at: http://www.agilent.com/find/assist.

If you do not have access to the internet, contact your local field engineer.

**NOTE** In any correspondence or telephone conversation, refer to the signal generator by its model number and full serial number. With this information the Agilent representative can determine whether your signal generator is still within its warranty period.

Be prepared to provide the following information:

- · a complete description of the failure
- · if the signal generator was dead on arrival (DOA) or if it functioned prior to failure
- · the model number, all options, and the serial number of the signal generator
- · the firmware revision date
- · if the self tests have been run

#### **Returning a Signal Generator for Service**

Use the information in this section if you need to return the signal generator to Agilent Technologies.

#### **Packaging the Signal Generator**

1. Use the original packaging materials or a strong shipping container that is made of double-walled, corrugated cardboard with 159 kg (350 lb.) bursting strength. The carton must be both large enough and strong enough to accommodate the signal generator and allow at least 3 to 4 inches on all sides of the signal generator for packing material.

#### **CAUTION**

Signal generator damage can result from using packaging materials other than those specified. Never use styrene pellets, of any shape, as packaging material. They do not adequately cushion the signal generator or prevent it from shifting in the carton. Styrene pellets can cause equipment damage by generating static electricity and lodging in the signal generator fan.

- 2. Surround the signal generator with at least 3 to 4 inches of packing material, or enough to prevent the instrument from moving in the carton. If packing foam is not available, the best alternative is SD-240 Air Cap™ from Sealed Air Corporation (Hayward, CA 94545). Air Cap looks like a pink plastic sheet covered with 1-1/4 inch air-filled bubbles. Use the Air Cap to reduce static electricity. Wrap the signal generator several times in the material to protect the signal generator and to prevent it from moving in the carton.
- 3. Seal the shipping container securely with strong, nylon adhesive tape.
- 4. Mark the shipping container "FRAGILE, HANDLE WITH CARE" to ensure careful handling.
- 5. Retain copies of all shipping papers.



#### **Overall Block Description**

The objective of the overall block diagram is to provide a functional overview of the Agilent N5161A/62A//81A/82A/83A MXG Signal Generator. The major assemblies shown in the block diagram are described in this section. Familiarize yourself with this information before you start troubleshooting.

The overall block diagrams for the N5161A/81A and N5162A/82A are identical, except for the A2 Vector Module. The A2 Vector Module controls digital arbitrary circuitry operations in the N5162A/82A.

The N5183A includes an A7 Micro Deck and uses a different A3 RF assembly than that used in the N5161A/62A/81A/82A.

The following components are not shown in the overall block diagram, but are described in this section.

- A1 power Supply
- A5 CPU
- · A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board
- A8 Floating BNC Bypass (N5183A)
- A9 Interface Board (N5161A/62A)
- Front Panel

#### **A1 Power Supply**

The main power supply is a switching supply designed with an automatic line-voltage and frequency selection. It converts line voltage (120 Vac or 240 Vac) to regulated dc voltages. The internal power line fuse is not replaceable. If the fuse opens, the power supply must be replaced. All A1 Power Supply outputs, except for the 5.1V standby supply, are over current protected and will not be damaged if a continuous short circuit occurs.

#### A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A Only)

The A2 Vector Module, a self contained, fully enclosed, Baseband Generator assembly, supports digital modulation in the N5162A/82A. It receives a 500 MHz clock signal and the main RF signals from the A3 RF assembly when digital modulation is turned on. The RF signals are I/Q modulated, band-pass filtered, amplified, and returned to the amplification output stages of the A3 RF assembly.

#### A3 RF Assembly (N5161A/62A/81A/82A Only)

**NOTE** The N5161A/62A/81A/82A A3 RF assembly is not interchangeable with the N5183A A3 RF assembly.

The A3 RF assembly combines circuitry traditionally found on individual, interconnected assemblies such as the reference, synthesizer, and output assemblies.

#### **Reference Circuitry**

The reference circuitry uses a 10 MHz VCTCXO oscillator. The circuitry is designed to lock to an external reference frequency between 1 MHz and 50 MHz, with a resolution less than 0.1 Hz. Without the flexible reference option (Option 1ER) the reference will only lock to an external reference of 10 MHz.

The reference output signals are multiplied to provide the following signals:

- A 50 MHz reference signal to the synthesizer Frac-N and FM circuitry.
- A 500 MHz clock signal to the A2 Vector Module.
- A 1 GHz LO signal to the heterodyne (HET) band mixer.



#### **Synthesizer Circuitry**

The frequency synthesis circuitry is based on a phase-locked loop (PLL). It uses a Frac-N synthesis FPGA to control the multiplier and divider module. Frequency multipliers and dividers are used to extend the basic synthesis loop frequency range to cover 250 MHz to 6 GHz. Frequency and phase modulation are built into the synthesizer circuitry using the Frac-N FPGA.

- The VCO tunes over a range of 750 MHz to 1.5 GHz.
  - From 250 MHz to 375 MHz, the VCO is divided by 4.
  - From 375 MHz to 750 MHz, the VCO is divided by 2.
- The PLL operates over a range of 1.5 to 3 GHz.
- The heterodyne band provides frequencies from 100 kHz to 250 MHz and operates over a VCO range of 1.0001-1.25 GHz. The 100 kHz to 250 MHz signal is obtained by mixing the heterodyne band with the 1 GHz LO signal provided by the reference circuitry. The resultant IF signal is then amplified to provide the 100 kHz to 250 MHz RF signals.

#### **Output Power Leveling Circuitry (Automatic Leveling Control Circuitry)**

The Automatic Leveling Control (ALC) loop on the A3 RF assembly provides leveled output power. The ALC loop is a feedback control system that monitors RF power and maintains power at a user-selected level. The RF path must provide a minimum power level to the ALC loop for the ALC loop to work correctly. The minimum required power is slightly higher than the maximum-leveled power.

- In closed loop mode, ALC on, a leveled output power is obtained by comparing a detected voltage with a reference voltage. The detected voltage is generated by coupling off a portion of the RF output signal and converting it to a dc voltage using detector diodes. The reference voltage is generated using calibrated DACs. When the reference and detected levels are not the same, the ALC integrator output ramps up or down to increase or decrease the detected level. If the integrator cannot achieve a match between the detected and reference voltages, an unleveled annunciator is displayed.
- In open loop mode, ALC off, a leveled output power is obtained with a reference voltage. The reference voltage is used to control the modulation drive current. The reference voltage is determined by setting the desired power. It includes the stored calibration data used to compensate for any losses that occur after the detector.

All analog Amplitude Modulation (AM) is performed using a dedicated diode modulator in the ALC subsystem. For Pulse Modulation, ALC is only on for a short period within the pulse duration. Outside this short period of time, ALC is in a holding state waiting for the next pulse.

#### A3 RF Assembly (N5183A Only)

**NOTE** The N5183A A3 RF assembly is not interchangeable with the N5161A/62A/81A/82A A3 RF assembly.

The N5183A A3 RF assembly provides the circuitry to generate the frequency range of 100 kHz to 5 GHz and provides:

- Frequency modulation
- Amplitude modulation
- · Pulse modulation
- Frequency accuracy
- 1 GHz LO signal to the heterodyne (HET) band mixer
- · Switching speed
- · Phase noise impairment

The A3 RF assembly also includes an ALC modulator and a pulse modulator for frequencies from  $100~\mathrm{kHz}$  to  $< 3.2~\mathrm{GHz}$ .

#### Generating Frequencies $\leq$ 3.2 GHz

The A3 RF assembly generates and modulates signals at frequencies from 100 kHz to  $\leq$  3.2 GHz. The Mod Filter on the A7 Micro Deck switches the RF signals to the main signal path. (The attenuator on the A7 Micro Deck impacts signal performance from 100 kHz to  $\leq$  3.2 GHz. The high band coupler on the A7 Micro Deck impacts performance from < 2 GHz to  $\leq$  3.2 GHz.)



#### **Reference Circuitry**

The reference circuitry uses a 10 MHz VCTCXO oscillator. The circuitry is designed to lock to an external reference frequency from 1 MHz to 50 MHz, with a resolution of less than 0.1 Hz. Without the flexible reference option (Option 1ER), the reference will only lock to an external reference of 10 MHz.

The reference output signals are multiplied to provide the following signals:

- 50 MHz reference signal to the synthesizer Frac-N and FM circuitry
- 1 GHz LO signal to the heterodyne (HET) band mixer

#### **Synthesizer Circuitry**

The frequency synthesis circuitry is based on a phase-locked loop (PLL). It uses a Frac-N synthesis FPGA to control the multiplier and divider module. Frequency multipliers and dividers are used to extend the basic synthesis loop frequency range to cover 250 MHz to 6 GHz. Frequency and phase modulation are built into the synthesizer circuitry using the Frac-N FPGA.

- The VCO tunes over a range of 750 MHz to 1.5 GHz.
  - From 250 MHz to 375 MHz, the VCO is divided by 4.
  - From 375 MHz to 750 MHz, the VCO is divided by 2.
- The PLL operates over a range of 1.5 GHz to 3 GHz.
- The heterodyne band provides frequencies from 100 kHz to 250 MHz and operates over a VCO range of 1.0001-1.25 GHz. The 100 kHz to 250 MHz signal is obtained by mixing the heterodyne band with the 1 GHz LO signal provided by the reference circuitry. The resultant IF signal is then amplified to provide the 100 kHz to 250 MHz RF signals.

#### Output Power Leveling Circuitry (Automatic Leveling Control Circuitry) < 3.2 GHz

The A3 RF assembly contains the ALC modulator diode for frequencies < 3.2 GHz. ALC operation is similar to that in the N5161A/62A/81A/82A except that the ALC control circuitry and coupler detector are located on the A7 Micro Deck.

The circuitry that creates pulse waveforms is located on the A3 RF assembly as is the pulse modulator for frequencies < 3.2 GHz. The pulse modulator for frequencies > 3.2 GHz is located on the A7 Micro Deck.

#### **Pulse Modulation**

Pulse modulation drive for all frequencies is developed on the A3 RF assembly. For frequencies  $\leq$  3.2 GHz, the pulse modulator diode is located on the A3 RF assembly.

#### **Amplitude Modulation**

The AM drive signal is generated on the A3 RF assembly, routed to the ALC assembly on the A7 Micro Deck, and then applied to the ALC modulation diode on the A3 RF assembly.

#### Frequency Modulation, Phase Modulation, Phase Noise, and Switching Speed

The A3 RF assembly determines the signal generator's FM,  $\Phi$ M, Phase Noise (single sideband and residual phase noise), and switching speed performance.

## A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A Only)<sup>1</sup>

The A4 Internal Memory Card supplies additional non-volatile memory. It is a USB 2.0 compliant flash card with 800 MSa; equivalent to 4 GB.

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For instruments with serial prefixes <US/MY/SG4818, the persistent memory value is 512 MB (102 MSamples).



#### A5 CPU

The A5 CPU, a Processor PCI Mezzanine Card (PPMC) CPU board, complies with the VITA32 standard for PPMCs and provides common instrument I/O interfaces. The A5 CPU controls all activities in the signal generator. It translates information entered from the front panel keys, LAN, GPIB, USB 2.0, or Auxiliary Interface (25 Pin SCSI II) into machine level instructions and communicates these instructions on the internal buses. The A5 CPU also monitors critical circuits for unleveled and unlocked conditions, and reports these problems on the LCD Display.

#### **A6 Inverter Interface Board**

The A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board controls the Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube (CCFT) backlight on the LCD Display module and converts a dc voltage to an ac voltage. Varying the dc voltage on the inverter alters the backlight brightness.

#### A7 Micro Deck (N5183A Only)

The A7 Micro Deck provides the circuitry necessary to generate frequencies  $\geq 3.2$  GHz and to control the automatic level control (ALC) at all frequencies.

The N5183A A7 Micro Deck contains the following circuits:

- a 20 GHz doubler that generates frequencies ≥ 3.2 GHz to 20 GHz
- a 40 GHz doubler that generates frequencies > 20 GHz to 40 GHz (Option 532/540)
- a Mod Filter that provides ALC and pulse modulators for frequencies ≥ 3.2 GHz
- an ALC assembly that provides power level control for all frequencies
- a 100 kHz to 2 GHz low band coupler/detector
- a > 2 GHz to 20 GHz coupler/detector (Option 520) or a > 2 GHz to 44 GHz coupler/detector (Option 532/540)
- · an attenuator

#### **Basic A7 Micro Deck Operation**

The A7 Micro Deck provides output power level and ALC control using the following circuitry.

- · ALC board
- Low-band detector
- · High-band detector
- Low-band modulator
- · High-band modulator attenuator

#### **ALC On Operation**

In ALC On mode (closed loop operation), the RF output level is monitored and compared to a reference voltage. A difference between the reference and detected voltages results in a change to the ALC modulator drive, which causes a change in the output power. When the reference and detected voltages agree, the ALC modulator drive level is maintained, resulting in a constant RF output power level.

To achieve leveled output power, the CPU sets the ALC reference voltage (calibrated) based on the set power level and applies this voltage as one input to the ALC integrator. The detector voltage (low and high band detectors) is the second input to the integrator and provides the feedback necessary for the ALC assembly to maintain leveled output power. The ALC integrator circuit provides the drive to the ALC modulator circuit, which controls (increases or decreases) the amplitude of the RF signal passing through ALC modulator.

When both of the input voltages (reference and detector) are at the same DC voltage level, the integrator output is constant. When the voltages to the integrator's inputs are not the same, the integrator output increases or decreases the modulator drive, resulting in a change in the output power.

The A7 Micro Deck contains a low band coupler/detector and a high band coupler/detector. The low band coupler/detector operates from 0 to 2 GHz. The high band coupler/detector operates from > 2 GHz to 20 GHz (Option 520) or from > 2 GHz to 44 GHz (Option 532/540).



#### **ALC Off Operation**

In ALC off mode (open loop operation), only the reference voltage is used to set the modulator drive level. Since there is no detector voltage (feedback) indicating the RF output level, the power level may drift over time and with temperature changes.

#### **Power Search Mode Operation**

Power search mode used with modulation is similar to ALC Off mode. Using pulse modulation as an example, the difference between ALC Off mode and power search mode is that when power search is first executed, pulse modulation is turned off, and the ALC loop is closed and leveled. The ALC loop is then opened, pulse modulation turned on, and the integrator output is maintained at the closed loop level. Since there is no feedback in open loop operation, power can drift over time and with temperature changes.

In power search auto mode, when changes are made in frequency or power, a new search is executed.

If ALC is on during pulse operation, pulse amplitude is maintained by the ALC loop. (See the N5183A Data Sheet for pulse width restrictions.)

#### **Attenuator Option 1E1**

The ALC circuit controls power across a finite power range. The Option 1E1 attenuator, added to the RF path after the coupler/detector, enables the ALC to maintain leveled power over an extend power range. The signal generator performs a separate calibration to remove losses associated with the attenuator, RF connector, and cables.

#### Generating Frequencies > 3.2 GHz

The A3 RF assembly provides a signal to the A7 Micro Deck's 20 GHz doubler at a frequency range of 2.5 GHz to 5 GHz. Depending on the desired output frequencies, the 20 GHz doubler will either pass through the > 3.2 GHz to 5 GHz frequency, double the 2.5 GHz to 5 GHz frequency (for frequencies from 5 GHz to 10 GHz), or double the 5 GHz to 10 GHz frequency (for frequencies from 10 GHz to 20 GHz). Instruments with Option 532 or 540 have a 40 GHz doubler that doubles the 10 GHz to 20 GHz signals.

#### **Pulse Modulation**

Pulse modulation drive for all frequencies is developed on the A3~RF assembly. For frequencies > 3.2~GHz, the pulse modulator diode is in the Mod Filter on the A7~Micro~Deck.

#### **Amplitude Modulation**

The AM drive signal is generated on the A3 RF assembly, routed to the ALC assembly on the A7 Micro Deck, and then applied to the ALC modulation diode in the Mod Filter on the A7 Micro Deck.

#### A8 Floating BNC Bypass (N5183A)

The A8 Floating BNC Bypass isolation circuit is a filter that minimizes interference caused when external equipment is connected to the external ALC Input BNC. The circuit isolates DC voltage and high frequency signal components that might be present between different grounding paths.

#### A9 Interface Board (N5161A/62A)

The A9 Interface board provides voltages for the front panel LEDs and the LAN Reset hardkey. N5161A/62A front panel operation is limited to turning the signal generator on, off and/or resetting the remote communication path.

#### Common Circuitry for the N5181A/82A/83A

#### Front Panel Hardkeys and Softkeys

Some front panel keys are referred to as hardkeys and are dedicated to specific functions. Hardkeys are used to select the most commonly used features and to control the display's contrast and intensity.

The front panel keys along the LCD display are referred to as softkeys and are used to select functions; these functions are displayed to the left of each softkey. When you press a softkey, its displayed functionality is executed. Some softkeys have lower-level menus that are displayed when you press the softkey.

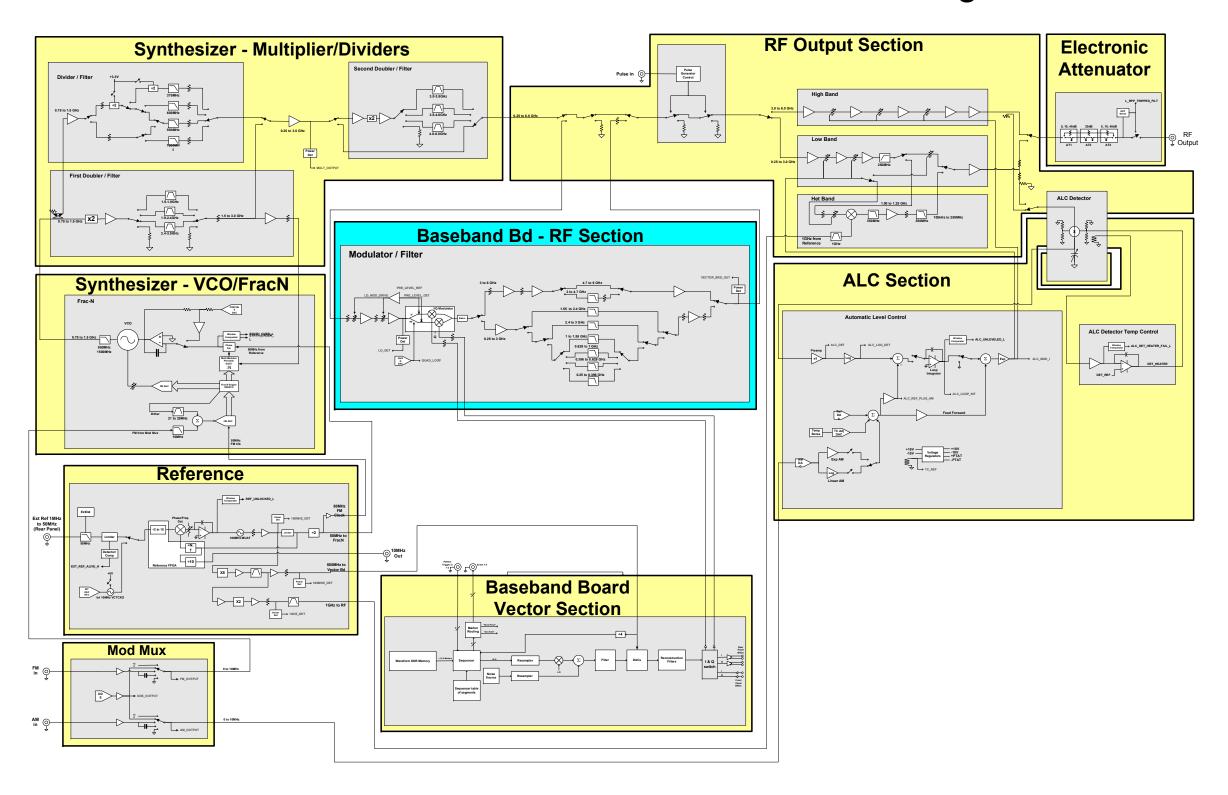
The front panel hardkeys and softkeys use a row and column configuration. Pressing a key makes a connection between a row and a column; the A5 CPU interprets the data and performs the appropriate action.



#### **LCD Display**

An LCD Display provides information about the signal generator's settings and condition. The LCD Display requires a power supply, lighting, and data. The lighting, supplied from a backlight located in the display, is powered by the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board. The LCD Display assembly uses an integrated LCD controller, located on the A3 RF assembly. The LCD controller is connected to the Peripheral Universal Bus (PUB). The output of the display controller is connected to a low-filtered differential signaling (LVDS) transceiver chip. The LVDS chip converts the single ended 28-bit bus into four LVDS pairs and an LVDS Clock. The LVDS Clock is routed to the front panel through the W1 ribbon cable. W1 also routes the power supplies for the front panel, power switch, and the universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter (UART) data lines. The UART data lines are used to communicate with the Peripheral Interface Controller (PIC) microcontroller on the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board.

## N5161A/62A/81A/82A MXG Block Diagram



# N5183A MXG Block Diagram A3 RF Assembly Synthesizer - Multiplier/Dividers 40 GHz Doubler Microcircuit **A7 Micro Deck** 20 GHz Frequency Multiplier Synthesizer - VCO/FracN ALC Reference **Front Panel** ALC **RF Output Section** CPU Power Supply



## **Getting Started with Troubleshooting**

#### WARNING

Immediately unplug the signal generator from the ac power line if the signal generator shows any of the following symptoms:

- · smoke, arcing, or unusual noise from inside the signal generator
- · a circuit breaker or fuse on the main ac power line opens

If this rare symptom occurs it's a potentially hazardous condition. Do not try to repair, instead, return the signal generator to Agilent Technologies.

This section describes the basic procedural flow of troubleshooting when servicing the N5161A, N5162A, N5181A, N5182A, or N5183A. The following table provides a troubleshooting path from a failure symptom to the isolation of the possible fault. Perform troubleshooting in the order presented in this table.

| If able to run self test  | Go to this section |  |  |
|---|--------------------|--|--|
| Run Self Test   | page 1-16          |  |  |
| If unable to run self test or all self tests pass but the problem still exists, check | Go to this page    |  |  |
| Boot Time Diagnostic Mode (MXG ATE N5161A/62A)  | page 1-60          |  |  |
| Exceptions - Auto-reboot, ERROR LED Blinking (MXG ATE N5161A/62A)                     | page 1-61          |  |  |
| Boot-Up Routine   | page 1-19          |  |  |
| LCD Display Appears to be Inoperative (Dark) (N518xA only)                            | page 1-50          |  |  |
| Front Panel Appears to be Inoperative (N516xA only)                                   | page 1-36          |  |  |
| If other conditions occur   | Go to this page    |  |  |
| No Output Power or Output Power is Unleveled (N5183A)                                 | page 1-38          |  |  |
| ALC Operation (N5183A)  | page 1-46          |  |  |
| Amplitude Modulation Problems   | page 1-48          |  |  |
| Pulse Modulation Problems   | page 1-49          |  |  |
| The Instrument Does Not Power-On  | page 1-50          |  |  |
| Front Panel LEDs are not Functioning  | page 1-54          |  |  |
| The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Stand-by LED is not Working          | page 1-55          |  |  |
| Front Panel Hardkey and Softkeys are not Functioning                                  | page 1-58          |  |  |
| The RPG Knob is Not Functioning   | page 1-58          |  |  |
| Blank or Missing Pixels   | page 1-60          |  |  |
| The Screen Saver is Not Functioning   | page 1-60          |  |  |
| Fans Do Not Turn On   | page 1-62          |  |  |
| No Lan Activity   | page 1-62          |  |  |
| No Front Panel USB Activity   | page 1-62          |  |  |
| No Rear Panel USB Activity  | page 1-62          |  |  |
| No GPIB Activity  | page 1-63          |  |  |



| Unlocked Conditions                                    | page 1-63 |
|--|-----------|
| Unleveled Conditions                                   | page 1-64 |
| Troubleshooting the RF Path                            | page 1-66 |
| Troubleshooting the 6 GHz Electronic Attenuator        | page 1-66 |
| Troubleshooting Harmonic Spurious                      | page 1-67 |
| Troubleshooting Non-Harmonic Spurious                  | page 1-69 |
| Troubleshooting Performance Test Problems              | page 1-70 |
| Manual Performance Test Problems                       | page 1-70 |
| Automated Performance Test Problems                    | page 1-71 |
| Troubleshooting Adjustment Test Problems (N5183A Only) | page 1-71 |



#### **Self Test Overview**

The philosophy behind the self test is, "It is better to pass a defective signal generator than to fail a good signal generator." The self test is designed as a diagnostic tool used to check instrument hardware. The self test does not require the signal generator to be adjusted before self-tests will pass. This philosophy implies that some failures will not be detected and reported as faulty, but will pass. If the signal generator powers up, troubleshooting should always start with running the self test and resolving reported problems.

Embedded in the signal generator's firmware is a group of self tests that should be used to evaluate the condition of the circuitry on the assemblies. Self tests check hardware performance under controlled conditions and compare test results to predetermined limits. If the results fall within the limits, the signal generator passes. If one or more test results fall outside the limits, the self test routine evaluates the failure(s) and reports the most independent failure.

- 1. When the signal generator is tested at the factory, the self test limits are loaded into the A5 CPU memory.
- 2. When the self test runs, latches and DACs are set to known states.
- 3. Multiplexers and ADCs route the dc signals from the selected test nodes to the A5 CPU assembly.
- 4. The A5 CPU compares the detected dc level to the test limit. If the detected value is within limits, the A5 CPU reports a pass.
- 5. If one or more detected values fall outside the limits, the most independent failure is determined and reported.

Independent failures can best be understood by using an example where there are three assemblies in a series: A1 is the first assembly, A2 the second assembly, and A3 the third assembly. A1 output is the input for A2, and A2 output is the input for A3. If A1 output is defective, A2 and A3 outputs are also defective. If A2 output is defective, A3 output is defective.

A file in the instrument contains this dependency knowledge for the signal generator to use when identifying the most independent failure. Therefore, if A1, A2, and A3 self tests all fail, the signal generator reports A1 as the most independent failure. If A1 passes, but A2 and A3 fail, self-test reports A2 as the most independent failure. If A2 passes and A3 fails, self-test reports A3 as the most independent failure. If two independent failures occur, self-test reports only one failure at a time and reports the second failure after the first reported failure is repaired. The troubleshooting procedure is based on the most independent failure and no lower level information is needed. Although not needed for troubleshooting the signal generator, the self-test overhead provides features that enable you to view lower level detailed information about the subroutines and to select specific routines to run.

#### These features include:

- · Select/Deselect Test
- · Select/Deselect All
- · Run Highlighted Tests
- Run Selected Tests
- Loop Selected
- View Details When View Details is selected, the measured value, lower, and upper limits are displayed for the highlighted test.



#### **Running Self Test**

The self test is a series of internal tests of signal generator functions. Run a complete self test when initially setting up the signal generator, after an assembly has been replaced, to verify signal generator performance, and prior to performing manual or automated performance verification tests. The self test will confirm that the signal generator is operating properly or isolate problems to a specific faulty assembly.

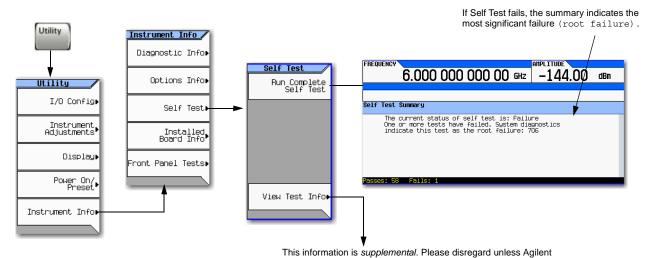
Run self test on an N5181A/82A/83A signal generator using one of the following ways:

- front panel, see "Run Self Test Using the Front Panel (N518xA only)" on page 1-16
- Web Enabled page, see "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18
- enter SCPI command: \*TST?

Run self test on an N5161A/62A signal generator using one of the following ways:

- Web Enabled page, see "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18
- enter SCPI command: \*TST?

#### Run Self Test Using the Front Panel (N518xA only)



1. Disconnect all unnecessary external cables, including GPIB, LAN, and USB cables.

NOTE On the N5161A and N5162A, leave the communications link connected (e.g. LAN or USB).

- 2. Preset the signal generator: Press Preset
- 3. Press Utility > Instrument Info > Self Test > Run Complete Self Test.

An activity bar displays on the screen indicating the test progress.

When self test completes, one of the following messages displays:

- · The current status of the self-test is: Success. All self tests have passed
- The current status of the self-test is: Failure. One or more tests have failed. System diagnostics indicate this test as the root failure: xxx

If the signal generator fails only one test, the title of the failed test displays. If the signal generator fails more than one test, the test number of the most significant failure displays.

specifically requests this information.

**NOTE** If self tests take longer then 10 minutes to complete, go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24 to troubleshoot a possible power supply failure.



- 4. Locate the number and name of the failed test for your signal generator model in Table 1-1. The **Resolution** column in the table lists the assembly in which the failure is likely to have occurred or other troubleshooting information for that test.
- 5. Prior to permanently replacing any of the following assemblies:
  - A2 Vector Module Assembly (N5162A/82A only)
  - A3 RF Assembly
  - A5 CPU Assembly
  - A7 Micro-Deck Assembly (N5183A only)

#### **CAUTION**

The following process should only be completed if the suspect assembly has been confirmed to be bad/faulty. Completing the assembly replacement process accidently on a good/working CPU board could cause problems with the subsequent replacement of the A3 RF Assembly that turns out to be the actual bad/faulty board in the instrument.

Refer to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.

Table 1-1 Self Tests

| Self Test Failure Number   | Resolution   |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| 100 Digital Self Tests     |  |  |  |
| 101 & 102                  | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 103                        | Go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24                                       |  |  |
| 104                        | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 200 Reference Self Tests   |  |  |  |
| 201                        | Go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24                                       |  |  |
| 202 - 208                  | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 300 Synthesizer Self Tests |  |  |  |
| 301                        | Go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24                                       |  |  |
| 302 - 308                  | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 400 Output Self Tests      |  |  |  |
| 401 - 404                  | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 405                        | For N5161A/62A/81A/82A: Replace the A3 RF Assembly                         |  |  |
|                            | For N5183A: Go to "Checking ALC Operation < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-46 |  |  |
| 406 - 412                  | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 500 Modulation Self Tests  |  |  |  |
| 501                        | Go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24                                       |  |  |
| 502 - 506                  | Replace the A3 RF Assembly   |  |  |
| 507                        | For N5161A/62A/81A/82A: Replace the A3 RF Assembly                         |  |  |
|                            | For N5183A: Go to "Amplitude Modulation Problems (N5183A)" on page 1-48    |  |  |



Table 1-1 Self Tests (Continued)

| Self Test Failure Number          | Resolution  |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 508 Pulse Mod                     | For N5161A/62A/81A/82A: Replace the A3 RF Assembly                  |
|                                   | For N5183A: Go to "Pulse Modulation Problems (N5183A)" on page 1-49 |
| 600 Attenuator Self Tests         |   |
| 601 - 603                         | Replace the A3 RF Assembly  |
| 700 BB Digital Self Tests         |   |
| 701 to 708                        | Replace the A2 Vector Module  |
| 800 BB Analog Baseband Self Tests |   |
| 801 to 804                        | Replace the A2 Vector Module  |
| 900 BB RF Self Tests              |   |
| 901 to 905                        | Replace the A2 Vector Module  |
| 1100 MW ALC Self Tests            |   |
| 1101 -1113                        | Replace the A7 Micro Deck.  |
| 1200 MW Multiplier Self Tests     |   |
| 1201 - 1205                       | Replace the A7 Micro Deck.  |
| 1300 MW Mod Filter Self Tests     |   |
| 1301 - 1304                       | Replace the A7 Micro Deck.  |
| 1400 MW Doubler Self Tests        |   |
| 1401 & 1402                       | Replace the A7 Micro Deck.  |

6. After *permanently* replacing one of the above listed assemblies ensure the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3 has been completed.

#### **CAUTION**

After replacing one of the above assemblies, if the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3 is not performed, the instrument hardware may not function properly (e.g. instrument errors and possibly self-test failures). Refer to the "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2.

#### Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page

#### NOTE LXI Class B Compliance Disclaimer

As of this product's firmware release in June 2008, LXI Class B Compliance Tests, using the new IEEE 1588-2008 Precision Time Protocol (PTP), were not available. This product provides the features of an LXI Class B instrument by adding LAN Triggering and Time Synchronization to its LXI Class C compliance. References to LXI Class B in the document and in the instrument menus and web pages do not insure LXI Class B compliance. This product will apply for LXI Class B Compliance when the LXI Consortium has approved its specification changes and can provide certified testing. For more information on the LXI standards, refer to <a href="http://www.lxistandard.org/home">http://www.lxistandard.org/home</a>.

LXI-B is only available on insturments with serial prefixes ≥US/MY/SG4818.

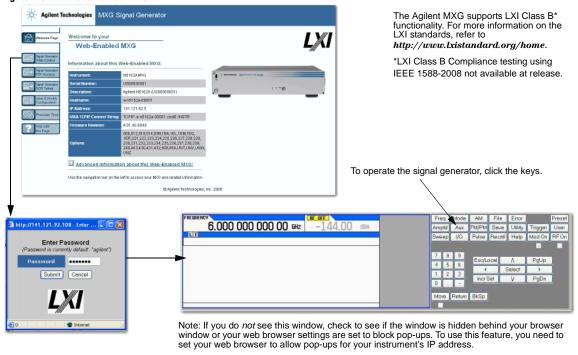
- 1. Open an internet browser.
- 2. Enter the MXG's hostname or IP address.



**NOTE** If you have an MXG ATE instrument and you do not know the hostname, you can reset the hostname to the default hostname shipped with the instrument by pressing the LAN Reset hardkey, on the front panel, after the instrument has completed its power up routine.

- 3. Click Signal Generator Web Control from the menu on the left side of the web page to access the front panel Web-Enabled MXG.
- 4. Run a complete self test, go to "Running Self Test" on page 1-16.

Figure 1-3 Web-Enabled MXG



#### **Self Tests Do Not Run or Self Tests Run Slowly**

If self tests will not run or run slowly, the most likely cause is a faulty A1 Power Supply or A5 CPU assembly. The A5 CPU assembly relies on correct power supply voltages. If the A1 Power Supply is faulty, it could cause a false A5 CPU assembly error.

- 1. Troubleshoot the A1 Power Supply. Refer to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24.
- 2. If troubleshooting the A1 Power Supply does not correct the problem, troubleshoot the A5 CPU assembly. Refer to "A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting" on page 1-31.
- 3. If self tests still will not run or run slowly, the fault can be identified within the boot-up routine. Use the following "Boot-up Routine" procedure to identify and isolate the problem.

#### **Boot-up Routine**

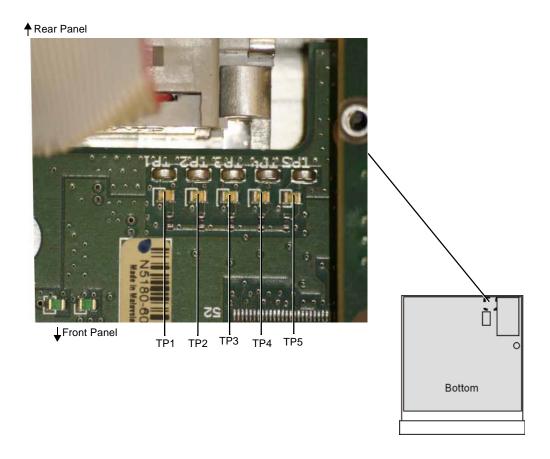
If you are unable to run a complete self test, monitor this boot-up routine to isolate a faulty assembly. The entire procedure must be completed prior to troubleshooting an identified faulty assembly. Complete each step, taking note of any item that does not respond as expected, then troubleshoot as described in step 18.

- 1. Check the yellow standby LED.
  - a. Connect the signal generator to a power source.
  - b. Turn the signal generator off.
  - c. Confirm that the yellow standby LED adjacent to the power button is lit.



- 2. Check the green LED.
  - a. Turn the signal generator on.
  - b. Confirm that the yellow standby LED is off.
  - c. Confirm that the green LED adjacent to the power button is lit.
- 3. Verify that the front panel LCD display turns on. (N5181A/82A/83A only)
- 4. Turn the signal generator off.
- 5. Remove the outer and inner instrument covers. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 6. Turn the signal generator on.
- 7. Visually inspect the fans to verify that the fans are turning.
- 8. Turn power off.
- 9. Position the signal generator with the bottom facing up.
- 10. Use Figure 1-4 to locate the yellow debug LEDs (TP1 through TP5).

Figure 1-4 TP1 through TP5 LEDs



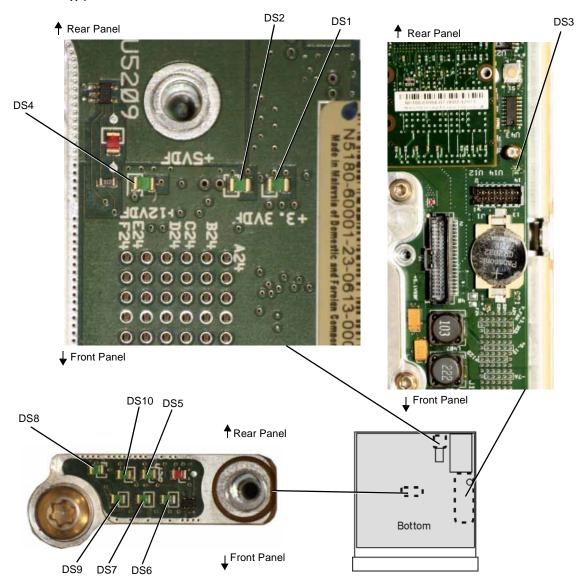
11. Turn the signal generator on.



- 12. Verify that the yellow debug LEDs complete the following start up routine.
  - 1. All five LEDs are lit.
  - 2. LED TP1, TP3, and TP4 are lit.
  - 3. All five LEDs flicker.
  - 4. All five LEDs turn off (boot-up complete).
- 13. Check the front panel display for start up errors.
- 14. Using Figure 1-5, verify that the following power supply voltage LEDs are on.
  - +3.3VDF, DS1
  - +5VDF, DS2
  - +5.1VSBF, DS3
  - +12VDF, DS4
  - +32VAF, DS5
  - +5VAF, DS6
  - +9VAF, DS7
  - +15VAF, DS8
  - -7VAF, DS9
  - -15VAF, DS10



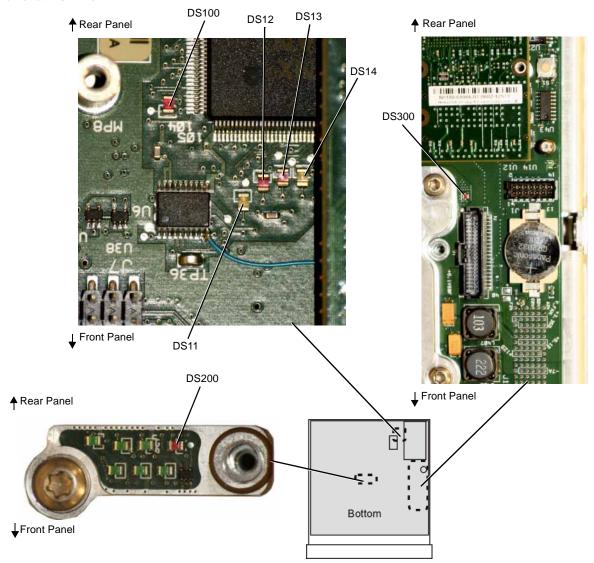
Figure 1-5 Power Supply LEDs





- 15. Using Figure 1-6, verify that the following red FPGA LEDs are off.
  - Bridge FPGA and Programming PROM, DS100
  - Analog Interface FPGA, DS200
  - Synthesizer/Frac-N Controller FPGA, DS300

Figure 1-6 Red FPGA LEDs



- 16. Using Figure 1-6, verify that the following Unlock LEDs are off.
  - Red USB Unlock, DS12
  - Red ILB Unlock, DS13
  - Yellow Reset, DS14
- 17. Using Figure 1-6, verify that the yellow DS11 LED is "blinking". This LED indicates ongoing communication between the A5 CPU assembly and the A3 RF assembly.



- 18. Troubleshoot all items that did not function as expected.
  - May require firmware to be downloaded into instrument so FPGA code is correct.

**CAUTION** Not upgrading the firmware to the current version could cause errors during instrument boot-up.

- Only perform option Backup if CPU has been verified as the fault, else ignore error 617 Config error at this time
- If the front panel yellow standby LED is not functioning, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55 to troubleshoot the error.
- If the front panel green power switch LED is not functioning, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55 to troubleshoot the error.
- If the front panel LCD display does not turn on, go to "LCD Display Appears to be Inoperative (Dark)" on page 1-50 to troubleshoot the error.
- If the fans do not turn on, go to "The Fans are Not Working" on page 1-62 to troubleshoot the error.
- · If any of the yellow debug LEDs, TP1 through TP5, remain on, replace the A5 CPU assembly.
- If any of the power supply voltage LEDs are off, go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24 to troubleshoot the error.
- If any of the FPGA LEDs are on, the signal generator has malfunctioned. Due to the design of the A3 RF and A5 CPU assemblies, the failure of one can interfere with the functionality of the other. Replace the A5 CPU assembly.
  - If all FPGA LEDs turn off, then the A5 CPU was the faulty assembly.
  - If the any of the FPGA LEDs remain on, the A3 RF assembly is at fault and needs to be replaced.
- · If any of the Unlock LEDs are on, replace the A3 RF assembly.
- If the yellow DS11 LED is not "blinking", the most likely assembly at fault is the A3 RF assembly. Go to "A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting" on page 1-31 to confirm that the A3 RF assembly is at fault.
- 19. After all boot-up routine errors have been successfully fixed, run a complete self test again.

Press: Utility > Instrument Info > Self Test > Run Complete Self Test.

## **Troubleshooting Assembly Level Problems**

WARNING To allow the power supplies to discharge, wait 30 seconds after unplugging the instrument before removing or installing any assemblies.

#### **A1 Power Supply**

The A1 Power Supply is a switching supply with a switching frequency of 120 kHz. It operates from 88 RMS Vac to 269 Vac, at line frequencies of 45 Hz to approximately 400 Hz. The A1 Power Supply is designed with an automatic line-voltage and frequency selection. Except for the 5.1V standby, all power supply outputs are over-current protected and will not be damaged by a continuous short circuit.

- 1. Remove the outer and inner instrument covers. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Reconnect the power cord.
- 3. Position the signal generator so the A3 RF assembly faces up.
- 4. Measure the voltage levels at A3J10.

Refer to Table 1-2 to determine the correct supply voltages for the signal generator's power supplies. Because the power supply voltages are filtered or regulated on the A3 RF assembly, the faulty assembly could be either the A1 Power Supply or the A3 RF assembly.

5. If any voltage is incorrect, replace the A1 Power Supply.



**NOTE** If all A3J10 voltages are 0, the most likely cause is the internal power line fuse in the A1 Power Supply. The internal power line fuse is NOT replaceable on its own. The whole A1 Power Supply must be replaced.

- 6. Re-measure the voltage levels at A3J10.
- 7. If the voltages are still incorrect, the faulty assembly is the A3 RF assembly and not the A1 Power Supply. Replace the A3 RF assembly. If you replaced the A1 Power Supply, but the A3 RF assembly was the faulty assembly, you can return the new A1 Power Supply to Agilent.

Figure 1-7 A3J10

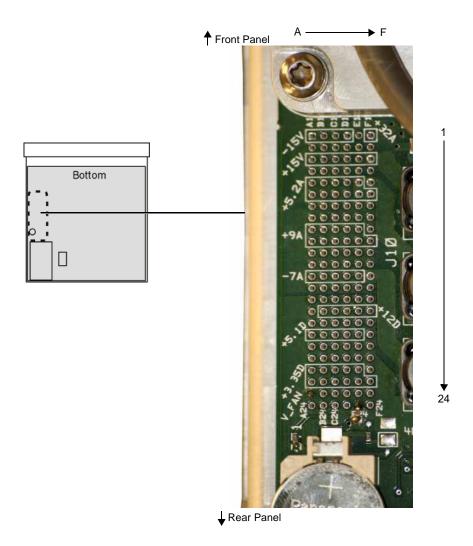




Table 1-2 A3J10 Output Connector Pin Assignment

|    | A                       | В          | C          | D          | Е          | F          |
|----|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1  | - 15V (A <sup>a</sup> ) | -15V (A)   | -15V (A)   | -15V (A)   | ACOM       | +32V (A)   |
| 2  | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 3  | +15V (A)                | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   |
| 4  | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 5  | +5.2V (A)               | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  |
| 6  | +5.2V (A)               | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  |
| 7  | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 8  | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 9  | +9V (A)                 | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    |
| 10 | +9V (A)                 | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    |
| 11 | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 12 | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 13 | -7V (A)                 | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    |
| 14 | ACOM                    | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 15 | $\mathrm{D^bCOM}$       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 16 | N.C                     | +12V (D)   |
| 17 | DCOM                    | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 18 | +5.1V (D)               | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  |
| 19 | DCOM                    | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 20 | DCOM                    | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 21 | +3.35V (D)              | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) |
| 22 | +3.35V (D)              | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) |
| 23 | FAN_P                   | FAN_P      | FAN_N      | FAN_N      | PS_TEMP    | +5.1       |
| 24 | N.C                     | OFFn       | TEMP_SENSE | PS_FAULTn  | PWR_OK     | PS_ONn     |

 $<sup>^</sup>a\mbox{A=}\mbox{ voltages}$  or common ground to analog circuitry.  $^b\mbox{D=}\mbox{ voltages}$  or common ground to digital circuitry,



#### A2 Vector Module Troubleshooting (N5162A/82A Only)

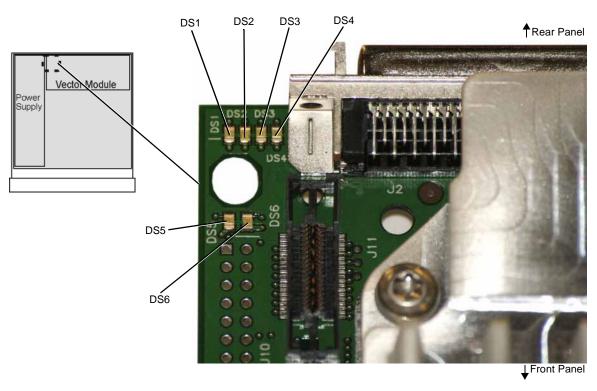
The A2 Vector Module supports digital modulation in the N5162A/82A. The A2 Vector Module is a self contained, fully enclosed baseband generator assembly. There are no external test points or adjustments available. Troubleshooting the A2 Vector Module relies on the ability of the signal generator to complete the associated self tests.

- 1. Remove the outer and inner instrument covers. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Reconnect the power cord.
- 3. Turn the signal generator on.
- 4. Using Figure 1-8, verify DS1 through DS6 on the A2 Vector Module run through the following initializing boot-up routine:
  - DS1, DS2, DS3 and DS4 should blink briefly and then turn off.
  - DS2 should blink continuously.
  - · DS5 should turn on and stay on until boot-up has completed, then it should blink continuously.
  - DS6 LED should initially be off, then turn on and stay on as the assembly initialization is completed; DS5 begins blinking.
    - If any LED does not act as expected, either the A2 Vector Module or the A5 CPU assembly is faulty. Use
      the following table to determine which assembly you need to troubleshoot or replace.

| LED | Meaning  | Troubleshooting Indication   |  |
|-----|--|--|--|
| DS2 | Heartbeat LED - driven by Interface FPGA from A5 CPU PCI Clock.                | If the LED is not flashing the Interface FPGA is mis-configured. The A2 Vector Module may be faulty. Go to "A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting" on page 1-31 to confirm the A2 Vector Module is faulty. |  |
| DS3 | Reset LED - driven by the Interface FPGA from power on reset circuit.          | On = Failure. The A2 Vector Module may be faulty. Go to "A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting" on page 1-31 to confirm the A2 Vector Module is faulty.  |  |
| DS4 | Interface/Debug LED - driven by the Interface FPGA.                            | On = Failure. The A2 Vector Module may be faulty. Go to "A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting" on page 1-31 to confirm the A2 Vector Module is faulty.  |  |
| DS5 | 125 MHz Clock LED - driven by ARB FPGA from the 125 MHz DAC clock.             | If the LED is not flashing or flashing at the wrong rate (2 Hz), replace the A2 Vector Module.   |  |
| DS6 | Firmware LED - driven by ARB FPGA/Firmware.<br>Turns on at the end of boot-up. | If the LED does not turn on but the signal generator completed the boot-up routine, replace the A2 Vector Module.  |  |



Figure 1-8 LED DS1 through DS6



5. Run a complete self test.

 $Press: \ \textbf{Utility} \ \textbf{>} \ \textbf{Instrument Info} \ \textbf{>} \ \textbf{Self Test} \ \textbf{>} \ \textbf{Run Complete Self Test}$ 

• If any self test fails, refer to step 4 of "Running Self Test".



## A3 RF Assembly Troubleshooting

The self test routine is specifically designed to troubleshoot the A3 RF assembly. Troubleshooting the A3 RF assembly relies on the ability of the signal generator to complete the associated self test.

1. Run a complete self test or A3 RF assembly specific self tests.

 $Press: \ \textbf{Utility} \ \textbf{>} \ \textbf{Instrument Info} \ \textbf{>} \ \textbf{Self Test} \ \textbf{>} \ \textbf{Run Complete Self Test}$ 

- If any self test fails, refer to step 4 of "Running Self Test".
- 2. If a complete self test cannot be run, monitor and troubleshoot the "Boot-up Routine" on page 1-19.



## A4 Internal Memory Card Troubleshooting (N5162A/82A Only)

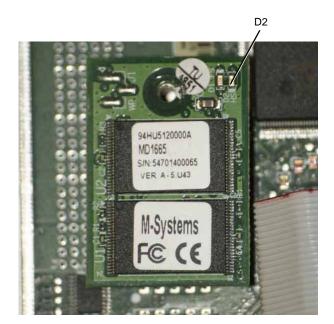
**NOTE** Except in the signal generator's ability to store and recall large quantities/sizes of files, the A4 Internal Memory Card alone will not affect the functionality of the signal generator.

The A4 Internal Memory Card contains a minimum of 800 MSamples (4 GB)<sup>1</sup> of non-volatile user memory. User waveform lists and settings are maintained in the A4 Internal Memory Card.

When the signal generator is turned on, the A4 Internal Memory Card will run a mini-system check routine. During the mini-system check, LED D2 will blink, followed by three 2 Hz bursts. At the completion of the mini system check LED D2 will continue to blink slowly while in an idle state and will blink fast when the A4 Internal Memory Card is accessed, in response to the data transfer.

- If during the mini-system check, the signal generator reports system memory error "-310 System error: Expected memory media not found. Internal User storage":
  - 1. Verify the front panel USB port operates properly. Refer to "No Front Panel USB Activity" on page 1-62.
    - If the front panel USB functions properly, replace the A4 Internal Memory Card.
    - If the front panel USB does not function properly, replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - 2. Attempt to access the A4 Internal Memory Card to recall or save a user file.
    - If you cannot access the A4 Internal Memory Card, replace it.
  - 3. Refer to Figure 1-9. Verify LED D2 is blinking when data is being transferred.
    - If LED D2 is not blinking when data is being transferred, replace the A4 Internal Memory Card.

Figure 1-9 LED D2



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>For serial numbers <MY4818xxxx, US4818xxxx, and SG4818xxxx, the persistent memory value = 512 MB (102 MSamples).



### **A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting**

At power-on, the A5 CPU and the installed firmware run a series of initializing boot-up procedures and instrument operational checks. The operational checks are completed if all power supply voltages are present, the A5 CPU is working correctly and the main FPGA's initialization has finished. If any part of the boot-up procedure fails, an error message will be displayed.

An A5 CPU failure symptom will change according to the type of failure that has occurred. A complete A5 CPU failure may still allow the signal generator to power up and all power supplies to be verified. Complete the following procedure to isolate the faulty assembly.

- 1. Monitor the "Boot-up Routine" on page 1-19.
  - · If any failures occur troubleshoot them.
- 2. If all power supplies are functional, attempt to communicate with the signal generator by:
  - · front panel
  - LAN or USB. Refer to the Agilent Signal Generators Programming Guide, part number N5180-90005, for instructions on connecting through LAN and USB.
- 3. If minimal or no communication/functionality occurs, replace the A5 CPU.
- 4. If you can communicate, re-install the signal generator's firmware. Go to www.agilent.com/find/upgradeassistant for information on re-installing the firmware.

**NOTE** Agilent recommends always loading the most recent version of firmware before replacing any assembly.

- 5. If any of the following occurs:
  - No command response is received.
  - "Request Timed Out" response is received.
  - Firmware cannot be re-loaded and/or does not correct the symptom.

#### On the N5161A/62A:

### CAUTION I

Read all of the following steps before beginning the procedure. Not following the procedure, can result in instrument errors and misdiagnosis of the faulty/bad part.

a. Put the instrument into diagnostics mode:

Power up the instrument while holding the LAN Reset hardkey.

The three front panel LEDs begin flashing simultaneously.

b. Press the LAN Reset hardkey once.

The ERROR LED should be flashing, but the LAN and 1588 LEDs should be dark/off.

The instrument is now in the "Recover from failed firmware update" mode. Refer to Table 1-9, "Diagnostics Mode (N5161A/62A)," on page 61.

If the ERROR LED is *not* flashing, and the LAN and 1588 LEDs are *not* dark/off then continue to press the LAN Reset hardkey until the correct pattern is being displayed.

### CAUTION

Cycling power on the instrument prior to selecting the correct pattern of LEDs could leave the instrument in an undesired diagnostic service mode.

If the power is accidently cycled on the instrument prior to having the correct LED pattern displayed (i.e. as described in this step) then repeat steps a and b.

- c. Verify the instrument is connected to the LAN.
- d. Load the most recent version of firmware.

If the instrument boots up without errors, proceed to step 7.

If the firmware still cannot be loaded, proceed to step 6.



#### On the N5181A/82A/83A:

a. Put the instrument into diagnostics mode:

Power up the instrument while holding the Preset hardkey.

The diagnostic service menu is displayed.

b. Press Continue > Next Page > Next Page > Bootup in no hardware mode [] (Verify an "x" is displayed in the "[]" (example: [x]))

The instrument is now in the "Bootup in no hardware mode".

- c. Verify the instrument is connected to the LAN.
- d. Re-load the most recent version of firmware.

If the instrument boots up without errors, proceed to step 7.

If the firmware still cannot be loaded, proceed to step 6.

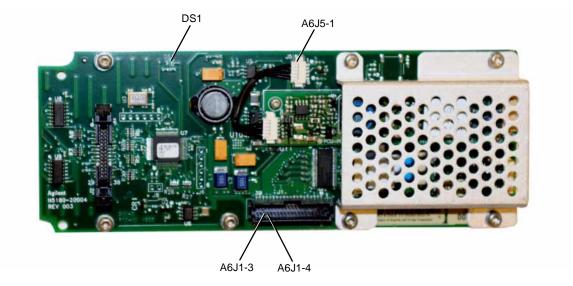
- 6. If reloading the firmware does not correct the symptom, replace the A3 RF assembly.
- 7. After replacing the A3 RF assembly in a model N5183A instrument, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

### A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A)

The A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board controls the Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube (CCFT) backlight on the LCD Display module and converts a dc voltage to an ac voltage. Varying the dc voltage on the inverter will alter the backlight brightness. To determine if the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board is the faulty assembly, complete the following procedure.

- 1. Turn the signal generator off.
- 2. Remove the front panel. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement".
- 3. Position the signal generator with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 4. Re-connect the W1 ribbon cable to the A3 RF assembly.
- 5. Use Figure 1-24 on page 55 to locate line switch S1. Press line switch S1 to turn the signal generator on.
- 6. Verify that the PIC processor is on:
  - LED DS1, refer to Figure 1-10, should blink at a rate of 2 Hz. When DS1 is blinking the PIC processor has initialized and is operational.

Figure 1-10 LED DS1 and A6J5-1





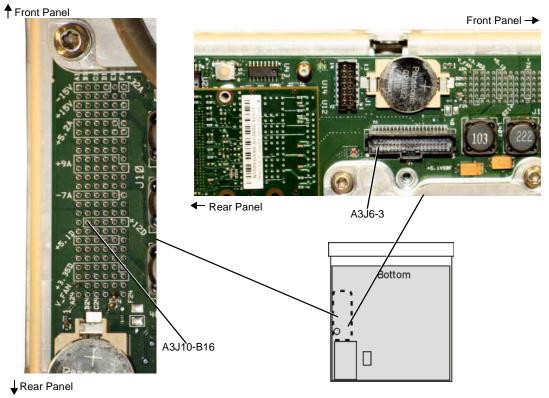
- 7. Refer to Figure 1-10. Use a voltmeter with a small probe to measure A6J5-1; it should be ~12V.
  - If A6J5-1 is ~12V:
    - Measure the connections in Table 1-4.

#### Table 1-4

| Connector         | Voltage |
|-------------------|---------|
| J5-3              | +11V    |
| J5-4<br>(pwm_pic) | >+1.3V  |

- If the voltages are not present, replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board.
- If the voltages are present, replace the LCD Display assembly.
- If A6J5-1 is not ~12V, measure A6J1-3 or A6J1-4.
  - $-\,$  If J1-3 or J1-4 is  $\sim\!12\mathrm{V},$  replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface and LCD assemblies.
  - If J1-3 or J1-4 is not ~12V, go to step 8.
- 8. Refer to Figure 1-11. Using the voltmeter measure A3J6-3.
  - If A3J6-3 is ~12V replace the W1 ribbon cable.
  - If A3J6-3 is not ~12V go to step 9.

Figure 1-11 A3J6-3 and A3J10-B16





- 9. Refer to Figure 1-11. Using the voltmeter, measure A3J10-B16.
  - If A3J10-B16 is ~12V, perform the following steps:
    - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If A3J10-B16 is not ~12V, replace the A1 Power Supply.

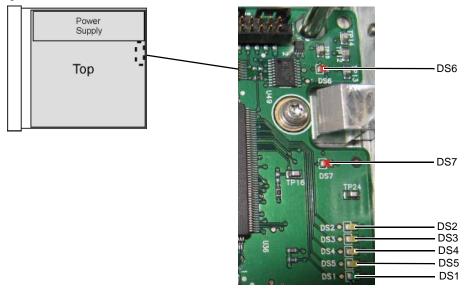
### A7 Micro Deck (N5183A)

- LEDs on page 1-34
- Power Supplies on page 1-35

#### **LEDs**

This procedure uses the LEDs on the A7 Micro Deck (Figure 1-12) for troubleshooting.

Figure 1-12 Micro Deck LEDs



- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Turn the signal generator on.
- 3. Observe the LEDs shown in Figure 1-12.
  - DS1 (green) LED normal operation: blinks twice, then pauses and repeats.
    - a. If normal operation is not present, check LED DS7.
    - b. If DS7 is on, check DS7 as described below.
  - DS2 to DS5 (amber) LEDs have no significance in troubleshooting the instrument.
  - DS6 (red) LED is normally off. If DS6 is on, it indicates FPGA code is missing.
    - Reload the firmware.
  - · DS7 (red) LED is normally off. When DS7 is on, it indicates a missing PCI clock.
    - a. Check J1-F24 (see Figure 1-13 on page 35 for test point locations) for a sine wave (>3 Vp-p at  $\sim$ 32 MHz, period  $\sim$ 31 ns).
    - b. If the signal is < 3 Vp-p:
      - 1. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
      - 2. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".



- c. If the signal is > 3 Vp-p:
  - 1. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
  - 2. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

### **Power Supplies**

The A3 RF assembly provides the voltages shown in Table 1-5 to the corresponding pins on the ALC J1 connector on the A7 Micro Deck.

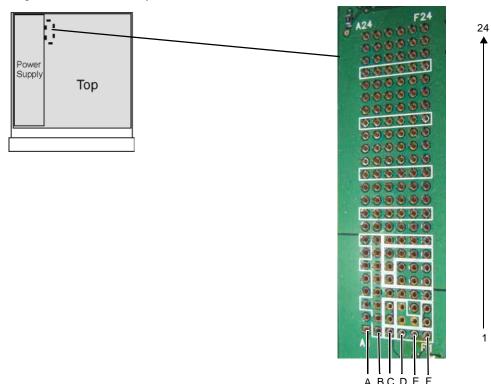
Table 1-5 A7 Micro Deck Voltages

| Voltage                  | ALC Connector/Pin    |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| -15V ± 5% (analog bus)   | J1-C1                |
| -7V ± 5% (analog bus)    | J1-C1/D1/E1/F1       |
| +15V ± 5% (analog bus)   | J1-C2/C3             |
| +5V ± 5% (analog bus)    | J1-D2/E2/D3          |
| +9.5V ± 5% (analog bus)  | J1-F2/F3             |
| +5V ± 5% (digital bus)   | J1-C5                |
| +3.3V ± 5% (digital bus) | J1-D5/E5/F5/D6/E6/F6 |
| +12V ± 5% (digital bus)  | J1-C6/C7/D7/E7/F7    |

1. Measure the voltages on the A7 Micro Deck ALC J1 connector pins shown in Table 1-5.

NOTE There is no "J1" label on this side of the circuit board.

Figure 1-13 ALC J1 connector pins





- 2. If the voltages are present on all of the ALC J1 pins as shown in Table 1-5 on page 35:
  - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
  - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
- 3. If any of the A7 Micro Deck power supply voltages are missing, remove the A7 Micro Deck and measure the corresponding voltages on the A3 RF assembly connector.
  - If voltages are not present on the A3 RF assembly connector:
    - a. measure the power supply voltages using Table 1-8 on page 53.
    - b. Go to step 8 of The Signal Generator Does Not Power On on page 1-52.
  - If the voltages are present:
    - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

### A8 Floating BNC Bypass Troubleshooting (N5183A)

The intent of the A8 Floating BNC Bypass assembly is to isolate ALC circuitry ground, chassis ground, and external equipment ground from each other. Diodes are used to shunt DC current and capacitors to remove interference components to ground.

- 1. If the external ALC appears unstable or noisy, use a digital multimeter to verify the bypass board is functioning properly. Using the ohm setting on your digital multimeter, test the bypass board. There should be a minimum resistance, typically ~100 ohms, between the outside barrel of the BNC and the chassis ground.
  - If the resistance is ~100 ohms the A8 assembly is good.
  - If the resistance is not ~100 ohms, replace the A8 assembly.

### A9 Interface Board Troubleshooting (N5161A/62A)

The A9 provides voltages for the front panel LEDs and the LAN Reset hardkey. To determine if the A9 Interface Board is the faulty assembly, complete the following procedure.

- 1. With the signal generator turned off, verify the yellow front panel standby LED is on.
  - If the yellow standby LED is not on, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55, to troubleshoot it.
- 2. With the signal generator turned on, verify the green front panel LED is on
  - If the green LED is not on, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55, to troubleshoot it.
- 3. Turn the signal generator off.
- 4. Remove the front panel. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement".
- 5. Position the signal generator with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 6. Re-connect the W1 ribbon cable to the A3 RF assembly.
- 7. Use Figure 1-24 on page 55 to locate line switch S1. Press line switch S1 to turn the signal generator on.
- 8. Refer to Figure 1-14. Use a voltmeter with a small probe to measure A9J2-4; it should be ~12V.
  - If A9J2-4 is ~12V:
    - Measure the connections in Table 1-6.

#### Table 1-6

| Connector | Voltage |
|-----------|---------|
| J2-8      | +3.3V   |
| J2-12     | +3.3V   |
| J2-34     | +5.0V   |



- If the voltages are not present, replace the A9 Interface Board.
- If the voltages are present, proceed to step 9.
- If A9J2-4 is not  $\sim$ 12V, measure A9J2-3.
  - $-\,$  If J2-3 is ~12V, replace the A9 Interface Board.
  - If J2-3 is not  $\sim$ 12V, go to step 9.

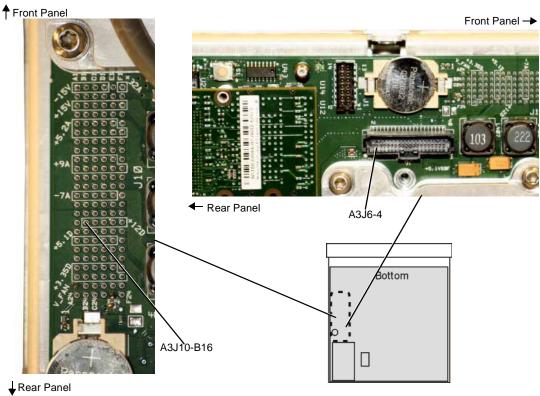
Figure 1-14 A9 Interface Board (A9J2-3 and A9J2-4 Test Points)



- 9. Refer to Figure 1-15. Using the voltmeter measure A3J6-4.
  - If A3J6-4 is ~12V replace the W1 ribbon cable.
  - If A3J6-4 is not  $\sim$ 12V go to step 10.



Figure 1-15 A3J6-3 and A3J10-B16



- 10. Refer to Figure 1-15. Using the voltmeter, measure A3J10-B16.
  - If A3J10-B16 is  $\sim$ 12V, perform the following steps:
    - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If A3J10-B16 is not ~12V, replace the A1 Power Supply.

## No Output Power or Output Power is Unleveled (N5183A)

- 1. Connect the signal generator's RF output through a 10 dB attenuator to a spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set up the spectrum analyzer:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Set the reference level to +25 dBm.
  - c. Set the start frequency to 50 kHz.
  - d. Set the stop frequency to the signal generator's maximum frequency.
  - e. Set trace to Max Hold.
- 3. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press SWEEP > Sweep Type List Step to Step.
  - c. Press Configure Step Sweep.
    - Press Freq Start > 100 > kHz.
    - Press Freq Stop > <maximum\_signal\_generator\_frequency> > GHz.
    - Press # Points > 501 > Enter.
    - Press More > Step Dwell > 2 > msec.



- Press Return > Return > Sweep > Freq Off On to On.
- d. Press RF On/Off to On.
- e. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.
- 4. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.
- 5. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for sweep points between 100 kHz and the maximum signal generator frequency, and record the lowest power reading.
- 6. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to On
- 7. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.
- 8. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for sweep points between 100 kHz and the maximum signal generator frequency, and record the lowest power reading.
- 9. Compare the measured values from step 5 and step 8 with the values listed for maximum output power in the N5183A Data Sheet.
  - If the measured power with the ALC off is less than the specified power shown in the N5183A Data Sheet, go to "Low Output Power or No Output Power < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-39 or "Low Output Power or No Output Power >= 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-44.
  - If the measured power with the ALC off is greater than or equal to the specified power shown in the *N5183A Data Sheet*, but is less than the specified power shown in the *N5183A Data Sheet* when the ALC is on, perform the following steps:
    - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

#### Low Output Power or No Output Power < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)

- 1. Connect the signal generator's RF output through a  $10~\mathrm{dB}$  attenuator to a spectrum analyzer.
- 2. Set up the spectrum analyzer:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Set the reference level to +25 dBm.
  - c. Set the start frequency to 50 kHz.
  - d. Set the stop frequency to 3.2 GHz.
  - e. Set Trace to Max Hold.
- 3. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press SWEEP > Sweep Type List Step to Step.
  - c. Press Configure Step Sweep.
    - Press Freq Start > 100 > kHz.
    - Press Freq Stop > 3.1999 > GHz.
    - Press # Points > 501 > Enter.
    - Press More > Step Dwell > 2 > msec.
    - Press Return > Return > Sweep > Freq Off On to On.
  - d. Press RF On/Off to On.
  - e. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.
  - f. Press AMPTD > <maximum settable power> > dBm.
- 4. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.



- 5. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for sweep points between 100 kHz and 3.1999 GHz, and record the lowest power reading.
- 6. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to On.
- 7. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.
- 8. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for the sweep points between 100 kHz and 3.1999 GHz, and record the lowest power reading.
- 9. Compare the measured values from step 5 and step 8 with the values listed for maximum output power in the N5183A Data Sheet.
  - If the measured power with ALC Off is less than the specified power shown in the N5183A Data Sheet go to "Checking A3 RF Assembly Output Signals < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-40.
  - If the measured power with ALC Off is greater than or equal to the specified power shown in the N5183A Data Sheet, but less than the specified power shown in the N5183A Data Sheet when the ALC is on, go to "Checking ALC Operation < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-46.

#### Checking A3 RF Assembly Output Signals < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Using Figure 1-16, remove the W12 semirigid cable that is connected between the A3 RF assembly output and the low band coupler input on the A7 Micro Deck.

Figure 1-16 W12 Semirigid Cable

A3 RF assembly output

W12 semirigid cable

3. Connect the A3 RF assembly output (see Figure 1-16) through a 10 dB attenuator to a spectrum analyzer.



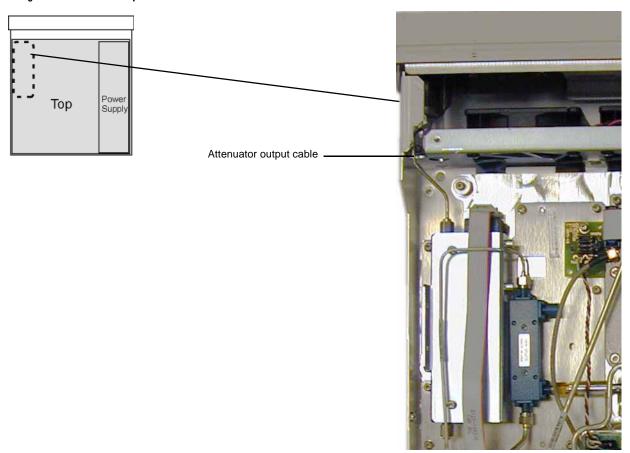
- 4. Set up the spectrum analyzer:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Set the reference level to +25 dBm (or maximum available power).
  - c. Set the start frequency to 50 kHz.
  - d. Set the stop frequency to 3.2 GHz.
  - e. Set Trace to Max Hold.
- 5. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press SWEEP > Sweep Type List Step to Step.
  - c. Press Configure Step Sweep.
    - Press Freq Start > 100 > kHz.
    - Press Freq Stop > 3.1999 > GHz.
    - Press # Points > 501 > Enter.
    - Press More > Step Dwell > 2 > msec.
    - Press Return > Return > Sweep > Freq Off On to On.
  - d. Press RF On/Off to On.
  - e. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.
  - f. Press AMPTD > <maximum settable power> > dBm.
- 6. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of the power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.
- 7. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for sweep points between 100 kHz and 3.1999 GHz, and record the lowest power reading.
  - If the measured power is < 23 dBm:
    - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If the measured power is ≥ 23 dBm and Option 1EM (RF output on the rear panel) is installed:
    - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If the measured power is ≥ 23 dBm and the signal generator has the standard RF output (front panel output), continue to "Checking Attenuator Output Signals < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-42.



#### Checking Attenuator Output Signals < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Using Figure 1-16, remove the attenuator output cable, and connect the attenuator output to the spectrum analyzer. (The attenuator output connector is a 2.4 mm female connector and requires a cable with a 2.4 mm male connector.)

Figure 1-17 Attenuator output cable



- 3. Set up the spectrum analyzer:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Set the reference level to +25 dBm (or maximum available power).
  - c. Set the start frequency to 50 kHz.
  - d. Set the stop frequency to 3.2 GHz.
  - e. Set Trace to Max Hold.
- 4. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press SWEEP > Sweep Type List Step to Step.
  - c. Press Configure Step Sweep.
    - Press Freq Start > 100 > kHz.
    - Press Freq Stop > 3.1999 > GHz.



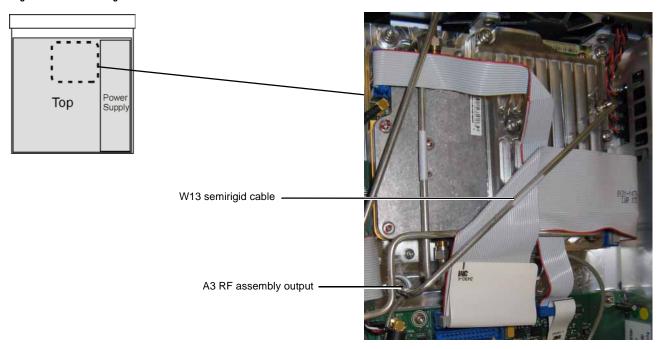
- Press # Points > 501 > Enter.
- Press More > Step Dwell > 2 > msec.
- Press Return > Return > Sweep > Freq Off On to On.
- d. Press RF On/Off to On.
- e. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.
- f. Press AMPTD > <maximum settable power> > dBm.
- 5. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of the power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.
- 6. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for sweep points between 100 kHz and 3.1999 GHz, and record the lowest power reading.
- 7. Using the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level at the attenuator output.
  - If the lowest power level is less than the specified power shown in the maximum output power section of the N5183A Data Sheet:
    - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If the lowest power level is greater than the specified power level shown in the maximum output power section of the N5183A Data Sheet:
    - a. Reconnect the cable to the attenuator.
    - b. Disconnect the cable from the RF output connector.
    - c. Check the loss through the cable.
    - d. If the cable is bad, replace the cable.
    - e. If the cable is good, reconnect the cable to the RF output connector.
    - f. Measure the loss through the RF output connector.
    - g. If the RF connector is bad, replace the connector.
    - h. If any parts are replaced, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".



## Low Output Power or No Output Power >= 3.2 GHz (N5183A)

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Using Figure 1-18, remove the W13 semirigid cable between the A3 RF output assembly and the 20 GHz doubler input located on the A7 Micro Deck.

Figure 1-18 W13 Semirigid Cable



- 3. Connect the A3 RF assembly output (see Figure 1-18) through a 10 dB attenuator to a spectrum analyzer.
- 4. Set up the spectrum analyzer:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Set the reference level to +10 dBm.
  - c. Set the start frequency to 2.3 GHz.
  - d. Set the stop frequency to 5.3 GHz.
  - e. Set Trace to Max Hold.
- 5. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press SWEEP > Sweep Type List Step to Step.
  - c. Press Configure Step Sweep.
    - Press Freq Start > 2.8 > GHz.
    - Press Freq Stop > 10.4 > GHz.
    - Press # Points > 501 > Enter.
    - Press More > Step Dwell > 2 > msec.
    - Press Return > Return > Sweep > Freq Off On to On.
  - d. Press RF On/Off to On.
  - e. Press AMPTD > <maximum settable power> > dBm.
  - f. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.



- 6. Let the signal generator sweep until the spectrum analyzer displays a sufficient number of points to provide a good representation of the power performance across the range of frequencies in the sweep.
- 7. Using the marker feature on the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level displayed for sweep points between 2.5 GHz and 5 GHz.
  - If the measured power is < -5 dBm (for example, -6 dBm):
    - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If the measured power is ≥ -5 dBm (for example, -4 dBm), and the signal generator has Option 1EM (RF output on rear panel):
    - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If the measured power is ≥ -5 dBm (for example, -4 dBm), and the signal generator has standard RF output (front output):
    - a. Turn off the signal generator and reinstall the W13 cable between the A3 RF assembly output and the 20 GHz doubler input.
    - b. Continue to Checking Attenuator Output Signals >= 3.2 GHz (N5183A).

#### Checking Attenuator Output Signals >= 3.2 GHz (N5183A)

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Using Figure 1-17 on page 42, remove the attenuator output cable and connect the attenuator output to the spectrum analyzer. (The attenuator output connector is a 2.4 mm female connector and requires a cable with a 2.4 mm male connector.)
- 3. Set up the spectrum analyzer:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Set the reference level to +10 dBm.
  - c. Set the start frequency to 3.1GHz.
  - d. Set the stop frequency to the maximum source frequency.
  - e. Set Trace to Max Hold.
- 4. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press SWEEP > Sweep Type List Step to Step.
  - c. Press Configure Step Sweep.
    - Press Freq Start > 3.1 > GHz.
    - Press Freq Stop > <maximum source frequency> > GHz.
    - Press # Points > 501 > Enter.
    - Press More > Step Dwell > 2 > msec.
    - Press Return > Return > Sweep > Freq Off On to On.
  - d. Press RF On/Off to On.
- 5. Turn on the signal generator and set it as follows:
  - a. Press AMPTD > < maximum settable power> > dBm.
  - b. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.



- 6. Using the spectrum analyzer, measure the lowest power level at the attenuator output.
  - If the lowest power level is less than the specified power shown in the maximum output power section of the N5183A Data Sheet:
    - a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
    - b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If the lowest power level is greater than the specified power level shown in the maximum output power section of the N5183A Data Sheet:
    - a. Reconnect the cable to the attenuator.
    - b. Disconnect the cable from the RF output connector.
    - c. Check the loss through the cable.
    - d. If the cable loss is >1dB, replace the cable.
    - e. If the cable is good, reconnect the cable to the RF output connector.
    - f. Measure the loss through the RF output connector.
    - g. If the RF connector loss is >2dB, replace the connector.
- 7. If any of the parts are replaced, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

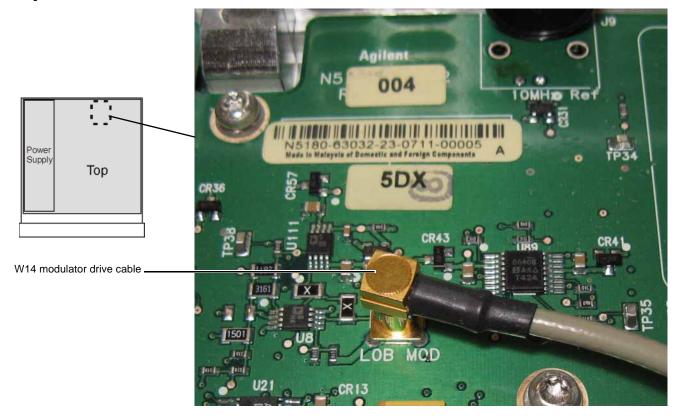
# Checking ALC Operation < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)

In this procedure you are looking for a pattern in the voltage change when you change the amplitude. For each change in amplitude, you should measure a change of approximately one volt, relative to the previous and subsequent voltage values. The Example Voltages column in Table 1-7 on page 1-47 demonstrates this change while also showing that it is not always exactly one volt.

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press FREQ > 2 > GHz.
  - c. Press RF On/Off to On.
  - d. Press AMPTD > ALC Off On to Off.
  - e. Press Atten/ALC Control > Atten Hold Off On to On.
  - f. Press Set Atten > 0 > dB.
  - g. Press AMPTD > 10 > dBm.
- 3. Using Figure 1-19, remove the W14 modulator drive cable from ALC LOB MOD (J15).
- 4. Measure the center pin voltage on the J15 connector using an oscilloscope.



Figure 1-19 ALC LOB MOD Connector and Cable



- 5. Record the voltage in Table 1-7.
- 6. Measure the J15 connector center pin voltage at the remaining signal generator amplitude settings shown in Table 1-7.
- 7. Record the voltages in Table 1-7.
- 8. Turn off the RF (press RF On/Off to Off).
- 9. Measure the J15 connector center pin voltage.
- 10. Record the measured voltage in Table 1-7.

Table 1-7 Measured Voltage Comparison

| Power Level | Example<br>Voltages                         | Measured<br>Voltage |
|-------------|---|---------------------|
| +10 dBm     | +2V   |                     |
| 0 dBm       | +1V   |                     |
| -10 dBm     | -0.130V                                     |                     |
| -20 dBm     | -1.30V                                      |                     |
| RF Off      | Decreases<br>output voltage<br>more than 8V |                     |

- 11. Compare the measured voltages to the voltages listed in the Example Voltages column in Table 1-7.
  - If the measured voltages do not decrease by approximately 1V for each 10 dBm reduction in power level, as shown in the Example Voltages column in the table, or if there is no change in the voltage when changing power levels:

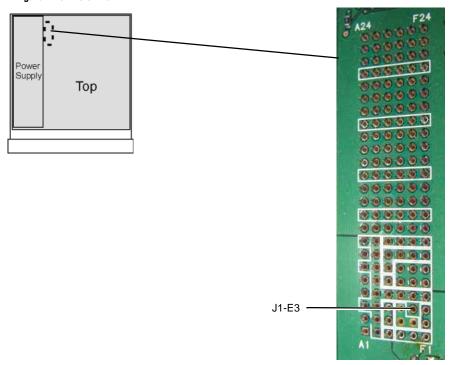


- a. Replace the A7 Micro Deck.
- b. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
- If the measured voltages decrease by approximately 1V for each 10 dBm reduction in power level, as shown in the Example Voltages column in the table, verify the continuity of the W14 modulator drive cable (see Figure 1-19 on page 47) to the A3 RF assembly.
  - If the cable is bad, replace the cable.
  - If the cable is good, replace the RF assembly.
- 12. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

# **Amplitude Modulation Problems (N5183A)**

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press FREQ > 5 > GHz.
  - c. Press RF On/Off to On.
  - d. Press AMPTD > 0 > dBm.
  - e. Press AM > AM Off On to On.
  - f. Press AM Type LIN EXP to EXP.
  - g. Press AM Depth > 40 > dB.
  - h. Press AM Rate > 400 > Hz.

Figure 1-20 ALC J1-E3



3. Using an oscilloscope, measure ALC J1-E3 (Figure 1-20).

**NOTE** There is no "J1" label on this side of the circuit board.



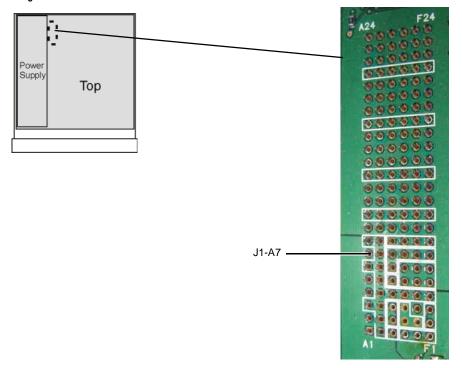
You should see a sine wave with an amplitude > 2.5 Vp-p and a period of 2.5 ms.

- If the measured voltage is not > 2.5 Vp-p on ALC J1-E3, replace the A3 RF assembly.
- If the measured voltage is > 2.5 Vp-p on ALC J1-E3, replace the A7 Micro Deck.
- 4. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

## **Pulse Modulation Problems (N5183A)**

- 1. Remove the external cover and the top inside cover. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Set up the signal generator:
  - a. Press Preset.
  - b. Press FREQ > 5 > GHz.
  - c. Press RF On/Off to On.
  - d. Press AMPTD > 0 > dBm.
  - e. Press Pulse > Pulse Off On to On.
  - f. Press Pulse Period > 4 > usec.
  - g. Press Pulse Width > 2 > usec.
- 3. Using a spectrum analyzer, verify that pulse modulation is present on the RF output.
- 4. Press FREQ > 2 > GHz.
- 5. Using a spectrum analyzer, verify that pulse modulation is present on the RF output.
- 6. If no pulse modulation is present at either frequency, replace the A3 RF Assembly and go to step 11.
- 7. If pulse modulation is present at 5 GHz, but is not present at 2 GHz, replace the A3 RF Assembly and go to step 11.

Figure 1-21 ALC J1-A7





8. If no pulse modulation is present at 5 GHz, but pulse modulation is present at 2 GHz, use an oscilloscope to measure ALC J1-A7. (Refer to Figure 1-21.)

**NOTE** There is no "J1" label on this side of the circuit board.

With Pulse on, a square wave should be present at J1-A7 with an amplitude > 3.2 Vp-p and a period of 4 µs.

- 9. If no pulse modulation is present on ALC J1-A7, replace the A7 Micro Deck.
- 10. If pulse modulation is present on ALC J1-A7 and occurs at < 3.2 GHz, but not at > 3.2 GHz, replace the A7 Micro Deck.
- 11. If any of the assemblies are replaced, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

# LCD Display Appears to be Inoperative (Dark)

- 1. Verify that the display brightness and contrast are set properly.
  - The display brightness can be adjusted from 0 (low brightness) to 100 (high brightness), using the RPG knob, arrow keys, or the numeric keypad.
  - The display contrast can be adjusted from 35 (low contrast) to 55 (high contrast), using the RPG knob, arrow keys or the numeric keypad.

When both the display brightness and contrast are set to their minimums, the display may be too dark to see the softkeys. Try to adjust the brightness and contrast values. Press the following keys: Utility > the third softkey > the first softkey, and then turn the RPG knob to the right to increase the brightness. Then press: Utility > the third softkey > the second softkey and turn the RPG knob to the right to increase the contrast.

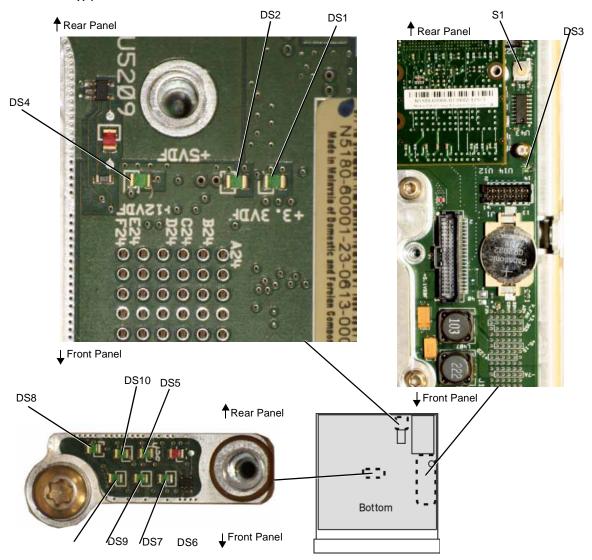
- 2. With the signal generator turned off, verify the yellow front panel standby LED is on.
  - If the yellow standby LED is not on, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55, to troubleshoot it.
- 3. With the signal generator turned on, verify the green front panel LED is on
  - If the green LED is not on, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55, to troubleshoot it.
- 4. Verify that the screen saver is not on.
  - · Press any front panel key to turn the screen saver off.
- 5. Verify, by listening, that the fans are on.
  - If the fans are not on, go to "The Fans are Not Working" on page 1-62, to troubleshoot them.
- 6. Verify that the LEDs for the Mod On/Off and RF On/Off keys turn on and off when pressed.
- 7. If steps 1 through 6 do not fix the LCD Display issue, the most likely cause is a faulty A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board. Refer to "A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A)" on page 1-32 to troubleshoot it.

## The Signal Generator Does Not Power On

- 1. Verify that the power cord and line voltages are correct. Refer to the N5161A, N5162A, N5181A, N5182A or N5183A Data Sheet.
- 2. With the signal generator turned off, verify that the yellow front panel standby LED is on.
  - If the yellow standby LED is not on, go to "The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working" on page 1-55, to troubleshoot it.
- 3. Remove the outer and inner instrument covers. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 4. Position the signal generator with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 5. Re-connect the power cord.



Figure 1-22 Power Supply LEDs



- 6. Refer to Figure 1-22. Press line switch S1 on the A3 RF assembly.
- 7. Using Figure 1-22, verify the following A1 Power Supply voltage LEDs are on.
  - +3.3VDF, DS1
  - +5VDF, DS2
  - +5.1VSBF, DS3
  - +12VDF, DS4
  - +32VAF, DS5
  - +5VAF, DS6
  - +9VAF, DS7
  - +15VAF, DS8
  - -7VAF, DS9
  - 15VAF, DS10



- 8. Using Table 1-8, if one or more power supply LEDs are not on or if the signal generator does not appear to have powered up correctly, use a voltmeter with a small probe to measure the power supply voltages on connector A3J10 (Figure 1-23).
  - If any voltages are outside the listed values, the fault is likely with the A1 Power Supply. Replace the A1 Power Supply.

Figure 1-23 A3J10

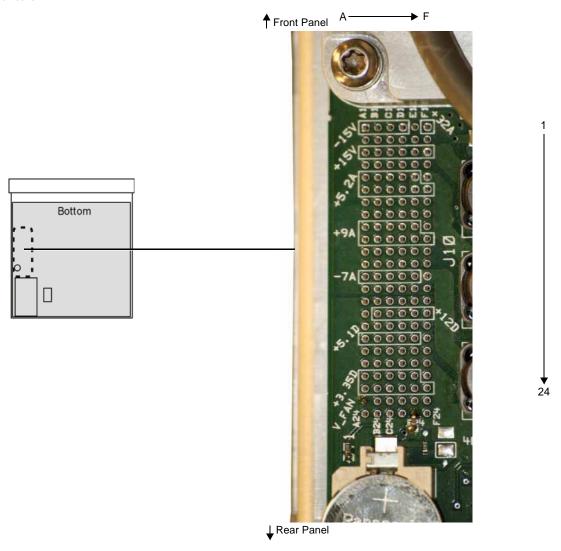




Table 1-8 Output Connector Pin Assignment

|    | A                      | В                      | C          | D          | E          | F          |
|----|------------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1  | -15V (A <sup>a</sup> ) | -15V (A)               | - 15V (A)  | -15V (A)   | ACOM       | +32V (A)   |
| 2  | ACOM <sup>b</sup>      | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 3  | +15V (A)               | +15V (A)               | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   | +15V (A)   |
| 4  | ACOM                   | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 5  | +5.2V (A)              | +5.2V (A)              | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  |
| 6  | +5.2V (A)              | +5.2V (A)              | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  | +5.2V (A)  |
| 7  | ACOM                   | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 8  | ACOM                   | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 9  | +9V (A)                | +9V (A)                | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    |
| 10 | +9V (A)                | +9V (A)                | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    | +9V (A)    |
| 11 | ACOM                   | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 12 | ACOM                   | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 13 | -7V (A)                | -7V (A)                | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    | -7V (A)    |
| 14 | ACOM                   | ACOM                   | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       | ACOM       |
| 15 | DCOM <sup>c</sup>      | DCOM                   | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 16 | N.C                    | +12V (D <sup>d</sup> ) | +12V (D)   | +12V (D)   | +12V (D)   | +12V (D)   |
| 17 | DCOM                   | DCOM                   | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 18 | +5.1V (D)              | +5.1V (D)              | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  | +5.1V (D)  |
| 19 | DCOM                   | DCOM                   | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 20 | DCOM                   | DCOM                   | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       | DCOM       |
| 21 | +3.35V (D)             | +3.35V (D)             | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) |
| 22 | +3.35V (D)             | +3.35V (D)             | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) | +3.35V (D) |
| 23 | FAN_P                  | FAN_P                  | FAN_N      | FAN_N      | PS_TEMP    | +5.1       |
| 24 | N.C                    | OFFn                   | TEMP_SENSE | PS_FAULTn  | PWR_OK     | PS_ONn     |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>A= voltages to analog circuitry. <sup>b</sup>ACOM = analog ground, <sup>c</sup>DCOM= digital ground. <sup>d</sup>D= voltages to digital circuitry.



9. If DS3 is the only LED on, the A1 Power Supply may be in "global over current shut down mode". This is caused by one or more of the power supplies overloading the A1 Power Supply. In this mode all power supplies, except for the standby 5.1V output supply, will turn off.

If this occurs, isolate the defective assembly by removing one of the following cables or assemblies at a time and running through the procedure listed below,

- W1 at J6 front panel
- A5 CPU
- A2 Vector Module

NOTE The signal generator will not operate if the A1 Power Supply and the A3 RF assembly are separated.

- a. Turn the signal generator on.
- b. If the condition still exists, turn the signal generator off.
- Re-install the first assembly you removed and remove the next assembly in the list.
- d. Turn the signal generator on.
- If the condition still exists, continue this process until all assemblies have been tested.

If changing the assemblies does not correct the condition, the fault could be in either the A1 Power Supply or the A3 RF assembly. One or both of these assemblies will need to be replaced to isolate the faulty assembly.

- 1. Replace the A1 Power Supply.
- If replacing the A1 Power Supply does not correct the condition, replace the A3 RF assembly.
- If you replaced the A3 RF assembly in an N5183A model instrument, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

# All Front Panel LEDs are Not Functioning

Verify front panel LED functionality by performing the LED Blink test. The RF, MOD, and More LEDs on the front panel should blink.

Softkey Location: Utility > Instrument Info > Front Panel Tests

- If none of the LEDs blink, replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board.
- If some of the LEDs blink, replace the Key Pad assembly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If you replaced the A1 Power Supply, but the A3 RF assembly was the faulty assembly, the new A1 Power Supply can be returned to Agilent.

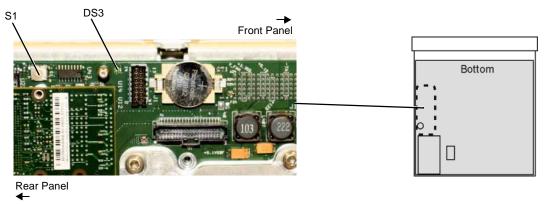
# The Green Front Panel Power Switch LED or Yellow Standby LED is Not Working

The power switch and standby LEDs are controlled by the +5.1 Vdc standby line. The +5.1 Vdc standby line is supplied by the A1 Power Supply and is routed through the A3 RF assembly to the front panel.

With the signal generator plugged in and the power turned off, the yellow standby LED should be on. When the signal generator is turned on, the yellow standby LED should turn off and the green front panel power switch LED should turn on. If either of these LEDs are not functioning as expected, complete the following procedure to correct the problem.

- 1. Remove the outer and inner instrument covers. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement" for instructions on removing the instrument covers.
- 2. Using Figure 1-24, check the green DS3 LED on the A3 RF assembly.
  - If DS3 is on, continue to step 3.
  - If DS3 is off, go to step 4.
- 3. Using Figure 1-24, press line switch S1 on the A3 RF assembly.

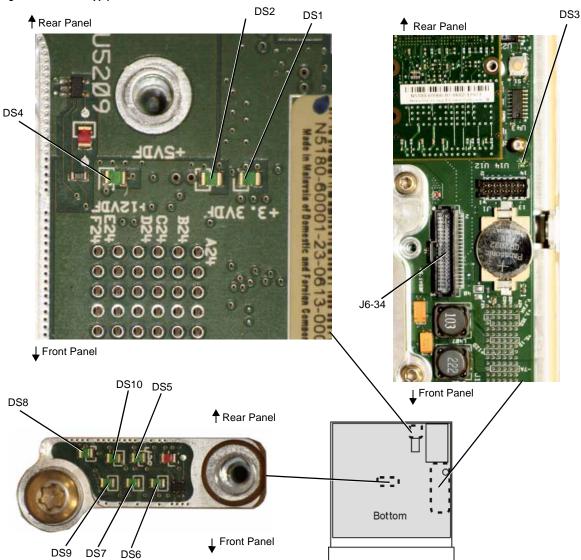
#### Figure 1-24 Line Switch



- a. Using Figure 1-25, verify that the following power supply voltage LEDs are on.
  - +3.3VDF, DS1
  - +5VDF, DS2
  - +5.1VSBF, DS3
  - +12VDF, DS4
  - +32VAF, DS5
  - +5VAF, DS6
  - +9VAF, DS7
  - +15VAF, DS8
  - -7VAF, DS9
  - -15VAF, DS10



Figure 1-25 Power Supply LEDs

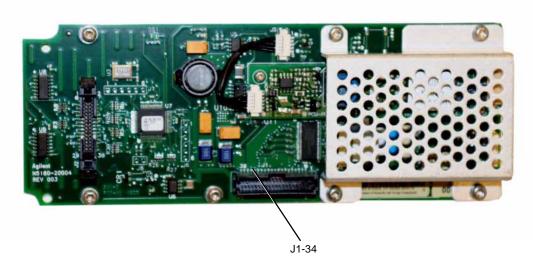


- b. If any other power supply LEDs are off, go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24 to troubleshoot the A1 Power Supply.
- c. Verify that the W1 ribbon cable connections are tight.
- d. Remove the front panel. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement".
- e. Re-connect the W1 ribbon cable to the A3 RF assembly.



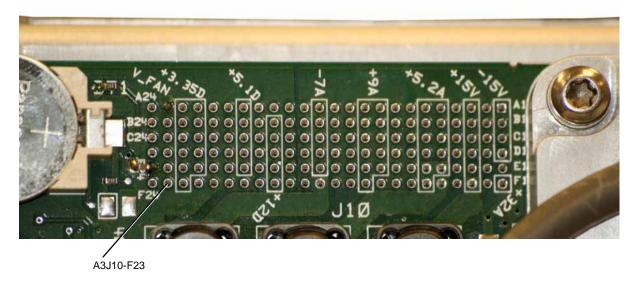
- f. See Figure 1-26. Use a voltmeter with a small probe to measure the output voltage +5.1V on the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface assembly at J1-34.
  - If the voltage is within limits, the fault is likely with the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board. Refer to "A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A)" on page 1-32 to troubleshoot.
  - If the voltage is not within limits, measure J6-34 on the A3 RF assembly. Refer to Figure 1-25.
    - If the voltage is within limits, replace W1.
    - If the voltage is not within limits, go to step 4.

Figure 1-26 +5.1V on A6 at J1-34



4. See Figure 1-27. Use a voltmeter with a small probe to measure the output voltage +5.1SB on the A3 RF assembly at J10-F23.

Figure 1-27 +5.1SB at J10-F23



• If the voltage is not within limits, the fault is likely with the A1 Power Supply. Replace the A1 Power Supply.



- If the voltage is within limits:
  - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - b. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

# Front Panel Hardkeys or Softkeys are Not Functioning (N5181A/82A/83A)

Verify individual key functionality by performing the Front Panel Key Test. Pressing each key should darken the location on the front panel associated with that key.

Press: Utility > Instrument Info > Front Panel Tests > Key Test

- If intermittent operation occurs, replace the Key Pad assembly.
- If more than 50% of the keys do not cause the corresponding test area to change color, replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board.

## The RPG Knob is Not Functioning (N5181A/82A/83A)

Verify the RPG functionality by performing the front panel RPG test.

Press: Utility > Instrument Info > Front Panel Tests > RPG Test

- Turning the RPG knob to the right should cause positive incremental changes; expected range +10.
- Turning the RPG knob to the left should cause negative incremental changes; expected range -10.

Figure 1-28 A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board

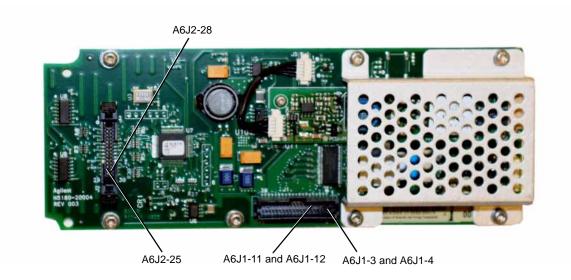
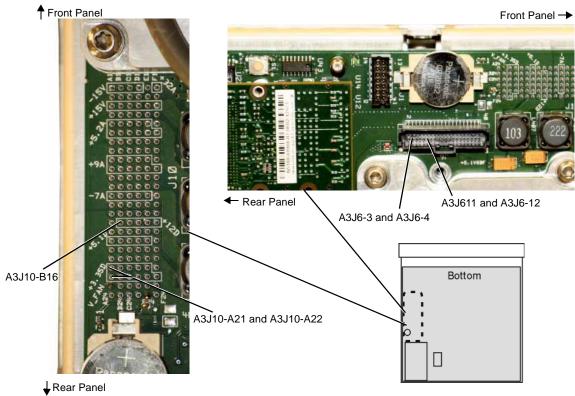




Figure 1-29 A3J6 and A3J10



If the RPG test fails, complete the following procedure to determine the faulty assembly/part:

- 1. Remove the front panel. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement".
- 2. Refer to Figure 1-28. Verify that A6J2-25 has a voltage of +3 Vdc:
  - If A6J2-25 has a voltage of +3 Vdc, go to step 10.
  - If A6J2-25 does not have a voltage of +3 Vdc, go to step 3.
- 3. Refer to Figure 1-28. Measure A6J1-11 and A6J1-12; they should have a voltage of +3 Vdc.
  - If A6J1-11 and A6J1-12 have a voltage of +3 Vdc, replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board.
  - If A6J1-11 and A6J1-12 do not have a voltage of +3 Vdc, go to step 4.
- 4. Refer to Figure 1-29. Measure A3J6-11 and A3J6-12; they should have a voltage of +3 Vdc.
  - If A3J6-11 and A3J6-12 have a voltage of +3 Vdc, replace the W1 ribbon cable.
  - If A3J6-11 and A3J6-12 do not have a voltage of +3 Vdc, go to step 5.
- 5. Refer to Figure 1-29. Measure A3J10-A21 and A3J10-A22; they should have a voltage of +3 Vdc.
  - If A3J10-A21 and A3J10-A22 have a voltage of +3 Vdc:
    - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
    - b. After replacing the A3 RF assembly in a model N5183A instrument, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If A3J10-A21 and A3J10-A22 do not have a voltage of +3 Vdc, go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24 to troubleshoot the A1 Power Supply.
- 6. Refer to Figure 1-28. Measure A6J2-28; it should have a voltage of +5 Vdc.
  - If A6J2-28 has a voltage of +5 Vdc, go to step 10.
  - If A6J2-28 does not have a voltage of +5 Vdc, go to step 7.



- 7. Refer to Figure 1-28. Measure A6J1-3 and A6J1-4; they should have a voltage of +12 Vdc.
  - If A6J1-3 and A6J1-4 have a voltage of +12 Vdc, replace the A6 AC-DC Inverter Interface Board.
  - If A6J1-3 and A6J1-4 do not have a voltage of +12 Vdc, go to step 8.
- 8. Refer to Figure 1-29. Measure A3J6-3 and A3J6-4; they should have a voltage of +12 Vdc.
  - If A3J6-3 and A3J6-4 have a voltage of +12 Vdc, replace the W1 ribbon cable.
  - If A3J6-3 and A3J6-4 do not have a voltage of +12 Vdc, go to step 9.
- 9. Refer to Figure 1-29. Measure A3J10-B16; it should have a voltage of +12 Vdc.
  - If A3J10-B16 has a voltage of +12 Vdc:
    - a. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
    - b. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".
  - If A3J10-B16 does not have a voltage of +3 Vdc, go to "A1 Power Supply" on page 1-24 to troubleshoot the A1 Power Supply.
- 10. Refer to Figure 1-28. Using an oscilloscope, turn the RPG knob and measure A6J2-26 and A6J2-30. There should be a 4V square pulse. If there is no 4V square pulse, replace the Keypad assembly.

## Blank or Missing Pixels (N5181A/82A/83A)

Verify functionality by performing the front panel LCD Pixel tests.

Press: Utility > Instrument Info > Front Panel Tests > Pixel Screen Tests

- · If the same area of the display is blank during each pixel test, replace the LCD Display.
- · If an area of the display is only blank during some of the tests, replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface board.

# The Screen Saver is Not Functioning (N5181A/82A/83A)

The screen saver delay can be set from 1 to 12 hours. The PIC Controller controls the screen saver by turning the LCD backlight on or off.

- 1. Verify the signal generator is turned on.
- 2. Set the delay time to 1 hour. Press: Utility > Display > Screen Saver Delay, then turn the RPG knob.
- 3. Allow the screen saver delay time to elapse.
- 4. Check to see if the display has gone dark.
- 5. If the display has not gone dark, replace the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface assembly.
- 6. Set the delay time to 1 hour.
- 7. Allow the screen saver delay time to elapse.
- 8. Check to see if the display has gone dark.
- 9. If the display still has not gone dark, replace the A5 CPU assembly.

# Boot Time Diagnostics Mode (N5161A/62A Only)

**CAUTION** This section should only be used by qualified service personnel.

This procedure serves as a full test of the front panel on an MXG ATE, as the LEDs and LAN Reset key must be functioning properly in order for the instrument to proceed to the next mode.

To run the boot time diagnostics mode:

- 1. Ensure the instrument is off.
- 2. Press and hold the LAN Reset hardkey then press and release the power switch, until the 3 front panel LEDs start blinking for approximately 10 seconds.



- 3. Release the LAN Reset hardkey. When the LEDs stop blinking, the instrument has entered the diagnostic mode.
  - If the LAN Reset key is pressed again within the 5 seconds, the next blink pattern will be shown and the 5 second wait starts over.
  - If the LAN Reset key is not pressed again within 5 seconds, the currently displayed diagnostic mode will be executed (and the instrument will finish booting).

The LEDs blink in certain patterns as indicated in the following table.

#### Table 1-9 Diagnostics Mode (N5161A/62A)

| LAN | 1588 | ERROR | Diagnostic Mode  |
|-----|------|-------|--|
| -   | -    | -     | Force Volume Verification. This diagnostic mode verifies the internal hardware connections.  |
| -   | -    | В     | Recover from failed firmware update (No Hardware Mode, Ignore User Preset, and Don't Load Selftest and Calibration Modules) (try first). |
| -   | В    | -     | Recover from failed firmware update and Preset Persistent values (try second).   |
| -   | В    | В     | Backup License Data.   |
| В   | -    | -     | Restore License Data.  |

| Table Legend |                               |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------|--|
| -            | LED is continuously Off.      |  |
| В            | LED is continuously blinking. |  |

**NOTE** The LED blink patterns are cyclic. With the exception of the first pattern, one of them must be chosen to finish booting.

The first pattern is the recommended diagnostic mode.

# Exceptions - Auto-reboot, ERROR LED Blinking (N5161A/62A Only)

Auto-reboot is enabled using the SCPI command :DIAGnostic:FMWR:VAR |1|ON|0|OFF|.

- 1. When an exception occurs, the MXG ATE instrument will automatically reboot.
- 2. The exception is reported in an error message upon the next bootup.
- $3. \ \ \, \text{This exception is logged to file location "/sys/exceptionLog.txt" and renamed "/sys/exceptionLogOld.txt" once it has been reported.}$
- 4. If another exception occurs during the next bootup, and there was an exception reported during the previous bootup, the instrument will stop and blink the ERROR LED.

If auto-reboot is disabled and an exception occurs, the instrument will stop and blink the ERROR LED.

Via LAN or USB, use the Web-Enabled MXG to check the Error Queue. Refer to "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18 and to "Running Self Test" on page 1-16.

- 5. Clear the Error Queue and cycle power on the instrument. Refer to the User's Guide.
- 6. If another exception occurs during the next bootup, press the front panel's LAN Reset hardkey.
- 7. If another exception occurs during the next bootup, refer to "A5 CPU Assembly Troubleshooting" on page 1-31.



## The Fans are Not Working

The four fans are connected directly to the A1 Power Supply. The fan motors are AC motors, with a DC to AC inverter built into the motor hub. The control, voltage, and filtering for the fans are integrated into the A1 Power Supply. The fan control voltage is a nominal 12 Vdc. The control range can vary from a minimum of 8 volts up to a maximum of 13.8 volts. Using internal sensors, the control circuit sets the fan voltage to adjust the fan speed to protect the A1 Power Supply and the signal generator. The A1 Power Supply will function at full output load, up to  $25^{\circ}$  C, without raising the minimum fan voltage. The A1 Power Supply may begin to raise the fan voltage at  $25^{\circ}$  C and will reach maximum voltage at no lower than  $45^{\circ}$  C ambient.

- If a single fan is inoperative, the most likely cause is a faulty fan.
  - 1. Unplug the inoperative fan and one working fan.
  - 2. Plug the inoperative fan into the working fan's connector on the A1 Power Supply.
    - If the inoperative fan works, the connector on the A1 Power Supply is faulty. Replace the A1 Power Supply.
    - If the inoperative fan does not work, plug the good fan into the inoperative fan's connector on the
       A1 Power Supply. If the good fan works, the inoperative fan is faulty. Replace the fan.
- If two or more fans are inoperative, the most likely assembly at fault is the A1 Power Supply. The four fans are connected in parallel, so if the A1 Power Supply voltage is faulty for one fan, then by design, the voltage will be faulty for all four fans. Replace the A1 Power Supply.

## **No LAN Activity**

The signal generator supports 100-Base T-LAN. When the signal generator is connected to an active LAN, one of the green DS1 LEDs, viewable through the rear panel, will be on and the other green DS1 LED will blink.

• If either of the DS1 LEDs do not respond to an active LAN connection, replace the A5 CPU assembly.

# **No Front Panel USB Activity**

The front panel Type-A USB connector supports data transfers.

**NOTE** Not all USB memory sticks are compatible with the Type-A USB connector on this signal generator. Go to www.agilent.com/find/mxg for a list of USB storage devices that work with this signal generator.

- 1. Connect a compatible USB memory stick to the signal generator. The signal generator should detect the USB memory stick immediately.
- 2. If a compatible memory stick does not work, but the rear panel USB and all other instrument functions operate correctly, replace the USB Board.
- 3. If replacing the USB Board does not correct the problem, replace the A5 CPU assembly.

# **No Rear-Panel USB Activity**

**NOTE** Not all Mini-B USB cables provide enough connector length to ensure proper contact between the cable and the Mini-B 5 USB connector on the MXG.

The rear-panel type Mini-B 5 pin USB connector is used for remotely controlling the signal generator using SCPI commands.

- 1. Connect a USB cable between a controller PC that has been configured to communicate through a USB cable and the signal generator. The PC should detect the signal generator almost immediately.
- 2. If the signal generator is not detected:
  - a. Verify the rear-panel Mini-B USB cable is inserted deeply enough to make proper contact.
  - b. If the rear-panel Mini-B USB cable is inserted deeply enough to make proper contact, replace the A5 CPU assembly.



## **No GPIB Activity**

The signal generator supports a general purpose interface bus (GPIB). The GPIB enables communication with compatible devices such as external controllers.

- 1. Replace the GPIB cable with a known working cable.
- 2. Send a SCPI command to the signal generator.
- 3. Verify the signal generator responds to the SCPI command.
- 4. If the signal generator does not respond to the SCPI command, replace the A5 CPU assembly.

## **Error Messages**

For more information on Error Messages go to the error messages list on the documentation CD, N5180-90007, or online at http://cp.literature.agilent.com/litweb/pdf/N5180-90020.pdf.

# **Troubleshooting Unlocks**

The phase lock loop refers to the frequency generating circuit used to maintain the phase relationship between the frequency generation loop and a reference frequency. By maintaining the phase relationship, the frequency accuracy of the signal generator is guaranteed.

To maintain accuracy, the phase lock loop compares the phase of a signal from the reference assembly to the phase of the frequency loop signal. If the two signals are out of phase, the phase comparator circuit adjusts the frequency loop signal until the signals are in phase. If the phase comparator circuit cannot adjust the phase of the frequency loop signal, the phase comparator rails and generates an unlocked message. The unlock message will be displayed on the front panel.

Troubleshoot multiple loop unlock messages in the following order:

- 1. "508 Frac-N Loop Unlock" on page 1-63
- 2. "512 Reference Unlocked" on page 1-63
- 3. "515 Reference Missing" on page 1-64
- 4. "532 PCI Bridge FPGA DCM Unlocked" on page 1-64
- 5. "533 RF Analog FPGA DCM Unlocked" on page 1-64

### 508 Frac-N Loop Unlock

A 508 Frac-N Loop Unlock message indicates a problem with the Voltage Control Oscillator's (VCO) phase-locked loop on the A3 RF assembly.

- If the signal generator is connected to an external reference:
  - 1. Check the reference's frequency, power, and physical connection.
  - 2. Make sure the external reference frequency, specified in the instrument setup, is correct.
  - 3. If the external reference signal and connection is good, replace the A3 RF Assembly.
- If the signal generator is not connected to an external reference:
  - 1. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - 2. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

### 512 Reference Unlocked

A 512 Reference Unlocked message indicates a problem with the external reference settings or connections.

- If the signal generator is connected to an external reference:
  - 1. Check the reference's frequency, power, and physical connection.
  - 2. Make sure the external reference frequency, specified in the instrument setup, is correct.
  - 3. If the external reference signal and connection is good, replace the A3 RF Assembly.



- If the signal generator is not connected to an external reference:
  - 1. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - 2. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

#### 515 Reference Missing

A 515 Reference Missing message indicates the Reference circuit's 10 MHz reference signal is bad or missing. The signal generator's reference is unlocked.

- If the signal generator is connected to an external reference:
  - 1. Check the reference's frequency, power, and physical connection.
  - 2. Make sure the external reference frequency, specified in the instrument setup, is correct.
  - 3. If the external reference signal and connection is good, replace the A3 RF Assembly.
- If the signal generator is not connected to an external reference:
  - 1. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - 2. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

### 532 PCI Bridge FPGA DCM Unlocked

A 532 PCI Bridge FPGA DCM Unlocked message indicates that the PCI Bridge FPGA clocks are not working correctly.

- · If this message appears:
  - 1. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - 2. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

### 533 RF Analog FPGA DCM Unlocked

A 533 RF Analog FPGA DCM Unlocked message indicates the FPGA clocks are not working correctly.

- If this message appears:
  - 1. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
  - 2. For N5183A instruments, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

## **Troubleshooting Unlevels**

An Automatic Leveling Control (ALC) loop on the A3 RF assembly provides leveled output power. The ALC loop is a feedback control system that monitors RF power and maintains power at the user-selected level. The RF path must provide a minimum power level to the ALC loop for the ALC loop to work correctly. The minimum required power is slightly higher than the instrument maximum power level.

A leveled output power is obtained by comparing a detected voltage with a reference voltage. The detected voltage is generated by coupling off a portion of the RF output signal and converting it to a dc voltage using detector diodes. The reference voltage is generated using calibrated DAC's. When the reference and detected levels are not the same, the ALC integrator output ramps up or down, to increase or decrease the detected level. If the integrator cannot achieve a match between the detected and reference voltages an unleveled annunciator is displayed.

1. Run a complete self test.

Press: Utility > Instrument Info > Self Test > Run Complete Self Test.

2. Troubleshoot any unlocks.

Refer to "Troubleshooting Unlocks" on page 1-63.

- 3. Measure the output power at the RF connector.
- 4. Check the measured output power level against the values in Table 1-10 or Table 1-12.

**NOTE** The output power values shown in these tables might not apply to your specific signal generator configuration. Refer to the current data sheet for the latest power level data.



Table 1-10 N5181A/82A Output Power

| Frequencies         | Output Power (All Instruments with serial prefixes <4740 and without Option 099 or Option 01K.) | Output Power (All Instruments with serial prefixes ≥4740 or all instruments with Option 01K.) |
|---------------------|---|---|
| 100 kHz to <250 kHz | N/A   | +4 dBm  |
| ≥250 kHz to 2.5 GHz | +13 dBm   | +13 dBm   |
| >2.5 GHz to 3.0 GHz | +10 dBm   | +10 dBm   |
| >3.0 GHz to 4.5 GHz | +13 dBm   | +13 dBm   |
| >4.5 GHz to 5.8 GHz | +10 dBm   | +10 dBm   |
| >5.8 GHz to 6 GHz   | +7 dBm  | +7 dBm  |

Table 1-11 N5161A/62A/81A/62A/82A Output Power<sup>a</sup>

| Frequencies         | Output Power |
|---------------------|--------------|
| 100 kHz to 50 MHz   | +13 dBm      |
| >50 MHz to 3 GHz    | +13 dBm      |
| >3.0 GHz to 5.0 GHz | +13 dBm      |
| >5.0 GHz            | +11 dBm      |

 $<sup>^</sup>a$  All instruments with serial number  $\geq$  xx4818xxx and all instruments with serial number < xx4818xx with Option 099.

Table 1-12 N5183A Output Power

| Frequencies         | Output Power<br>N5183A with Opt 520 | Output Power<br>N5183A with Opt 520<br>and Opt 1EA | Output Power<br>N5183A with Opt 532<br>and Opt 540 | Output Power<br>N5183A with Opt<br>532, Opt 540, and<br>Opt 1EA |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| 100 kHz to 250 kHz  | +11 dBm                             | +14 dBm  | +11 dBm  | +14 dBm   |
| >250 kHz to 3.2 GHz | +11 dBm                             | +15 dBm  | +7 dBm   | +15 dBm   |
| >3.2 GHz to 20 GHz  | +11 dBm                             | +18 dBm  | N/A  | N/A   |
| >3.2 GHz to 17 GHz  | N/A                                 | N/A  | +7 dBm   | +15 dBm   |
| >17 GHz to 31.8 GHz | N/A                                 | N/A  | +7 dBm   | +13 dBm   |
| >31.8 GHz to 40 GHz | N/A                                 | N/A  | +7 dBm   | +12 dBm   |

- If the signal generator is an N5181A and it does not meet the listed power level in Table 1-10, proceed to "Troubleshooting the RF Path (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)" on page 1-66.
- If the signal generator is an N5162A/82A and does not achieve the maximum power levels listed in Table 1-10, perform the following procedure:

#### Press

- 1. Mode > Dual Arb > Arb Off/On until Off is highlighted
- 2. Press Mode > Real Time I/O Baseband AWGN > Real-time AWGN Off/On until Off is highlighted



- 3. Using Table 1-10, re-check the maximum power levels.
  - If the signal generator meets its maximum power levels, proceed to "Troubleshooting the RF Path (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)" on page 1-66.
  - If the signal generator does not achieve the maximum power levels:
    - a. Replace the A2 Vector Module assembly.
    - b. Proceed to "Troubleshooting the RF Path (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)" on page 1-66.
- If the signal generator is an N5183A and it does not meet one or more of the listed power levels in Table 1-12, perform the troubleshooting procedure for the frequency range in which the low power occurred:
  - "No Output Power or Output Power is Unleveled (N5183A)" on page 1-38
  - "Low Output Power or No Output Power < 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-39
  - "Low Output Power or No Output Power >= 3.2 GHz (N5183A)" on page 1-44

#### Troubleshooting the RF Path (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

The ALC loop circuitry is part of the A3 RF assembly. It is likely an unleveled or under power condition is the result of a problem with the A3 RF assembly.

- For an N5161A/81A signal generator, replace the A3 RF assembly.
- · For an N5162A/82A signal generator,
  - 1. Verify that the A2 Vector Module is not contributing to the unleveled or under power condition. Refer to "A2 Vector Module Troubleshooting (N5162A/82A Only)" on page 1-27.
  - 2. If the A2 Vector Module is not contributing to the condition, replace the A3 RF assembly.

# Troubleshooting the 6 GHz Electronic Attenuator (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

The 6 GHz electronic attenuator is built into the A3 RF assembly. It has an attenuation range of 130 dB, in 5 dB steps. The attenuator is used to rough tune the power level, while the ALC loop is used to fine-tune the power level. (The ALC fine tunes the power level within each 5 dB step.) Due to the interactive design of the attenuator and the ALC loop, there is no precise setting that will predict when the attenuator will be switched in. The firmware, along with the selected frequency, the current ALC setting, modulation, and the requested attenuation all work together to determine the optimum instrument performance and when an attenuation step is switched in.

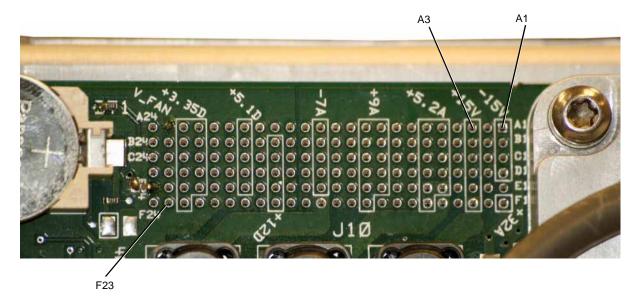
Aside from an A1 Power Supply failure, any suspected improper functionality of the attenuator requires the replacement of the A3 RF assembly.

The best way to troubleshoot the 6 GHz Electronic Attenuator is to run self test "601 Attenuator Voltages". If this self-test cannot be run, perform the following steps:

1. Refer to Figure 1-30. Use a voltmeter with a small probe to measure the output voltage +5.1V at J10-F23 and +/-15V at J10-A1 and J10-A3 on the A3 RF assembly.



Figure 1-30 +5.1V and +/-15V



- · If the voltages are within limits, the A1 Power Supply is not at fault. Replace the A3 RF assembly.
- If any voltages are incorrect, the faulty assembly could be either the A1 Power Supply or the A3 RF assembly.
  - a. Replace the A1 Power Supply<sup>1</sup>.
  - b. Repeat step 1.
  - c. If the voltages are still incorrect replace the A3 RF assembly.

# **Troubleshooting Harmonic Spurious**

Harmonics are multiples of the fundamental output frequency produced by a signal generator. Specifically, the second harmonic is two times the output frequency and its amplitude is measured relative to the fundamental (carrier) output frequency amplitude; the power lever of a harmonic is expressed as -xx dBc.

- If the frequency of a harmonic falls beyond the frequency range of the signal generator, that particular harmonic is not specified or measured.
- If the frequency of a harmonic falls within the frequency range of the signal generator, the harmonic's power level is obtained with the following procedure:
  - 1. Set the signal generator and spectrum analyzer to the same harmonic frequency.
  - 2. Set the signal generator to a specific power level. Its output peak power level is measured on the spectrum analyzer; this peak power level is the reference level used for the harmonic measurement.
  - 3. Set the signal generator to the fundamental frequency. The power level of the fundamental frequency is measured by using Peak Search and Marker Delta.

This measurement obtains the power level of the harmonic and is expressed as a dBc value; it is the difference between the fundamental peak power level and the harmonic frequency power level.

Agilent N5161A/62A/81A/82A/83A MXG Signal Generators Service Guide

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If you replaced the A1 Power Supply, but the A3 RF assembly was the faulty assembly, you can return the new A1 Power Supply to Agilent.



#### Troubleshooting Harmonic Spurious by Fundamental Frequency

All mixing products and by-products are generated on the A3 RF assembly. Harmonic spurious problems will most likely be associated with the A3 RF assembly.

 Spurious harmonic levels beyond the published specifications of the N5181A/82A require the replacement of the A3 RF assembly.

#### To Verify Harmonic Performance at the RF Output

- 1. Signal Generator Settings
  - a. Set the frequency of the signal generator to the harmonic frequency being measured. For example, when planning to measure the second harmonic of a 1 GHz signal, set the frequency of the signal generator to 2 GHz.
  - b. Set the power level of the signal generator to +4 dBm (+7.5 dBm for Option UNB).
- 2. Spectrum Analyzer Settings
  - a. Connect a spectrum analyzer to the RF Output connector of the signal generator.
  - b. Set the frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the harmonic frequency being measured. To continue with our example, set the frequency of the spectrum analyzer to 2 GHz.
  - c. On the spectrum analyzer, press the  $Peak\ Search$  and  $Marker\ Delta$  keys. The marker should indicate approximately 0 dBm.
- 3. Signal Generator Settings
  - a. Set the signal generator to the fundamental frequency of the harmonic being measured. In this example, because the measured harmonic was at 2 GHz, the signal generator should be set to 1 GHz.
- 4. Spectrum Analyzer Settings
  - a. On the spectrum analyzer, read the power level (and record it for future reference, in case further troubleshooting is necessary). The marker should indicate a power level in dBc; this is the power level of the harmonic being measured.
  - b. Compare the power level of the marker against the specified harmonic performance level for your signal generator.



# **Troubleshooting Non-Harmonic Spurious**

Non-harmonic spurious responses are unwanted signals that are not related to the fundamental output frequency but are produced by the internal frequency synthesis section of the signal generator. There are many different groupings a spur can fall into. The grouping determines what assembly is most likely generating the spur.

Spur types for this signal generator are noted in Table 1-13. To troubleshoot spurs:

- 1. Identify the grouping based on failing a specified performance test.
- 2. Check for loose or broken cables and castings.
- 3. Replace the assembly.

Table 1-13

| Type of Spur       | Options | Description   | Replace                     |
|--------------------|---------|---|-----------------------------|
| Reference Spurs    | All     | These spurs are generated by the 10 MHz frequency reference on the A3 RF assembly.  | A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> |
| Mixing Spurs       | All     | These spurs are generated by the mixing products of the RF and IF signals on the A3 RF assembly. The signal generator is tuned to a frequency in the Heterodyne band (≤250 MHz) to measure these spurs. | A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> |
| Power Supply Spurs | All     | These spurs are generated by the power supply switching at a 120 kHz rate.  | A1 Power Supply             |
| LO Feedthru Spurs  | All     | These spurs are generated by the LO signal passing through the mixer in the Heterodyne band.  | A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> |
| RF Feedthru Spurs  | All     | These spurs are generated by the RF signal passing through the mixer in the Heterodyne band.  | A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>After replacing the A3 RF assembly in a model N5183A instrument, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".



# **Troubleshooting Performance Test Problems**

This section describes the available Agilent MXG signal generator performance tests. These performance tests verify that the signal generator meets specifications.

| <b>IMPORTANT</b> | All test equipment configurations, cables and adapters must be properly torqued. Exceeding      |
|------------------|---|
|                  | recommended torque values can cause damage to a cable or adapter, and may cause inaccurate test |
|                  | results.  |

#### **Manual Performance Test Problems**

When a manual performance test fails or self tests, performed as part of the manual performance test, fails, use this table to locate the most likely faulty assembly or action to perform. The tests are listed in the order they should be performed.

| Performance test that is failing                   | Action to perform   |  |
|--|---|--|
| I/Q Calibration (N5162A/82A only)                  | Replace the A2 Vector Module assembly.  |  |
| Self-Tests   | Go to "Running Self Test" on page 1-16.   |  |
| Relative Frequency Range and Accuracy Verification | • Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |  |
| Leveled Output Power Verification                  | For the N5161A/81A signal generator, replace the A3 RF assembly.  |  |
|  | <ul> <li>For the N5162A/82A signal generator, ensure that digital modulation is turned<br/>off by pressing the following keys:</li> </ul> |  |
|  | 1. Mode > Dual Arb > Arb Off/On - until Off is highlighted  |  |
|  | 2. Mode > Real Time I/Q Baseband AWGN > Real-time AWGN Off/On - $until\ Off$ is highlighted   |  |
|  | 3. Re-run the Leveled Output Power Verification test.   |  |
|  | <ul> <li>If the signal generator passes the Leveled Output Power Verification<br/>test, replace the A2 Vector Module.</li> </ul>          |  |
|  | <ul> <li>If the signal generator does not pass the Leveled Output Power<br/>Verification test, replace the A3 RF assembly.</li> </ul>     |  |
|  | • For the N5183A signal generator, go to "No Output Power or Output Power is Unleveled (N5183A)" on page 1-38.                            |  |
| Phase Noise (N5183A only)                          | • Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>After replacing the A3 RF assembly in a model N5183A instrument, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".



#### Troubleshooting Adjustment Test Problems (N5183A Only)

The table below shows the assemblies to replace to correct specific adjustment failures. Before you replace an assembly because of an adjustment failure, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Confirm that all self tests passed.
- 2. Confirm that all required test equipment is in good operating condition and is correctly connected.
- 3. Repeat the adjustment.
  - · If the adjustment still fails, replace the first assembly listed in the table for the adjustment that is failing.
- 4. Repeat the adjustment.
  - · If the adjustment still fails, replace the second assembly listed in the table for the adjustment that is failing.
- 5. Go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

| Adjustment that is failing                                    | Assembly to replace              |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Microwave multiplier prelevel calibration                     | A7 Micro Deck                    |
| AM calibration  | A3 RF Assembly     A7 Micro Deck |
| Limited absolute power calibration                            | A7 Micro Deck                    |
| ALC mod driver calibration (fails in the low frequency band)  | A3 RF Assembly                   |
| ALC mod driver calibration (fails in the high frequency band) | A7 Micro Deck                    |

#### **Automated Performance Test Problems**

If the self-tests pass, but an automated performance test fails, use this table to locate the assembly that is most likely to have failed. To avoid unnecessary reconfiguration of test equipment, run the performance tests in the order in which they are listed in the table. Always use the latest revision of the service software.

| Performance Test that is Failing  | Action to Perform<br>(N5161A/81A/62A/82A)  | Action to Perform<br>(N5183A)  |
|---|--|--|
| Digital Modulation Power Level<br>Accuracy Relative to<br>(N5162A/82A only) | Replace the A3 RF assembly   | N/A  |
| Power Level Accuracy  | Replace the A3 RF assembly   | If a failure occurs at $\geq$ 3.2 GHz, replace the A7 Micro Deck <sup>a</sup> .  If failure occurs at < 3.2 GHz, replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> . |
| Harmonic Spurious   | Replace the A3 RF assembly   | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .  |
| Sub-Harmonic Spurious   | Replace the A3 RF assembly   | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .  |
| Non-Harmonic Spurious   | Replace the A3 RF assembly   | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .  |
| WCDMA Adjacent Channel<br>Power (N5162A/82A only)                           | <ol> <li>Rerun the test at a power level of -7 dBm.</li> <li>Reduce the power level by 1 dB and repeat test.</li> <li>Repeat the test three more times, reducing the power level by 1 dB each time.</li> <li>If the ACP performance improves, replace the A3 RF assembly.</li> <li>If the ACP performance remains consistent or degrades, replace the A2 Vector Module.</li> </ol> | N/A  |



| Performance Test that is Failing                            | Action to Perform<br>(N5161A/81A/62A/82A) | Action to Perform<br>(N5183A)   |
|---|---|---|
| FM Deviation Accuracy                                       | Replace the A3 RF assembly                | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |
| FM Distortion   | Replace the A3 RF assembly                | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |
| Digital Modulation Quality<br>(N5162A/82A only)             | Replace the A2 Vector module              | N/A   |
| DCFM Carrier Offset   | Replace the A3 RF assembly                | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |
| Amplitude Switching Speed                                   | Replace the A3 RF assembly                | Replace the A7 Micro Deck <sup>a</sup> .  If this does not correct the problem, replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> . |
| Frequency Switching Speed                                   | Replace the A3 RF assembly                | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |
| Timebase Aging Rate (Optional<br>- Manual Performance Test) | Replace the A3 RF assembly                | Replace the A3 RF assembly <sup>a</sup> .   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>After replacing the A7 Micro Deck or the A3 RF assembly, go to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification".

# 2 Replaceable Parts

### **Ordering Information**

To order a part, do the following:

- 1. Determine the part number.
- 2. Determine the quantity required.
- 3. Mail this information to the nearest Agilent Technologies office or, in the U.S., call the hot-line number listed in the following section.

To order a part not listed in the replaceable parts lists, mail the following information to the nearest Agilent Technologies office.

- 1. the instrument model number
- 2. the serial number and options, if any (see rear panel)
- 3. a description of the part
- 4. a description of the part's function
- 5. the quantity required

#### **Order Parts Fast**

When you have gathered the information required to place an order, go to the Agilent Technologies Technical Support website:

http://www.agilent.com/find/techsupport

# **Shipping a Defective Assembly Back to Agilent Technologies**

- 1. When you receive the rebuilt/exchange assembly, be careful not to damage the box and shipping hardware in which it was shipped. You will use that box and shipping hardware to return the defective assembly. The box you receive should contain the following:
  - · the rebuilt assembly
  - · an exchange assembly failure report
  - · a return address label
- 2. Complete the failure report.
- 3. Place the failure report and the defective assembly in the box. Be sure to remove the enclosed return address label.
- 4. Seal the box with tape.

If you are inside the United States, stick the pre-printed return address label over the label that is already on the box and return the box to Agilent Technologies. (Agilent Technologies pays postage on boxes mailed within the United States.)

If you are outside the United States, do not use the return address label; instead, address the box to the nearest Agilent Technologies sales and service office.



# **Frequency and Hardware Options**

This section lists the options available with the Agilent N5161A/62A/81A/82A/83A MXG Signal Generators.

| Frequency Options |   |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
| 501               | 100 kHz to 1 GHz frequency range (N5181A only)    |  |
| 503               | 100 kHz to 3 GHz frequency range                  |  |
| 506               | 100 kHz to 6 GHz frequency range                  |  |
| 520               | 100 kHz to 20 GHz frequency range (N5183A only)   |  |
| 532               | 100 kHz to 31.8 GHz frequency range (N5183A only) |  |
| 540               | 100 kHz to 40 GHz frequency range (N5183A only)   |  |

| Hardware Options |  |  |
|------------------|--|--|
| UNM              | Standard front and rear panel connector configuration        |  |
| 1EM              | Moves all connectors to the rear panel (N5181A/82A/83A only) |  |
| 012              | LO in/out for phase coherency (N5162A/82A only)              |  |
| 099              | RF assembly upgrade for expanded license key upgradeability  |  |



# **Assemblies and Hardware Options**

Refer to Table 2-1 for N5161A and N5162A signal generators.

Refer to Table 2-2 for N5181A and N5182A signal generators.

Refer to Table 2-3 for N5183A signal generators.

Table 2-1 N5161A/62A

| Description   | Option 503  |             | Option 506  |             |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | Part Number | Page Number | Part Number | Page Number |
| Front Panel - N5161A (Analog)   | N5160-60005 | 2-8         | N5160-60006 | 2-8         |
| Front Panel - N5162A (Vector)   | N5160-60007 | 2-8         | N5160-60008 | 2-8         |
| Power Switch  | N5180-60022 | 2-6         | N5180-60022 | 2-6         |
| USB Board   | N5180-60023 | 2-6         | N5180-60023 | 2-6         |
| A1 Power Supply   | N5180-60060 | 2-8         | N5180-60060 | 2-8         |
| A2 Vector Module Assembly<br>(N5162A only)  | N5180-69006 | 2-8         | N5180-69006 | 2-8         |
| A3 RF Assembly UNM <sup>a</sup>   | N5180-69166 | 2-11        | N5180-69168 | 2-11        |
| A3 RF Assembly UNM with UNU and/or UNT <sup>a</sup>   | N5180-69166 | 2-11        | N5180-69168 | 2-11        |
| A3 RF Assembly UNM with UNU or UNW and/or UNT & any combination or all of the following options; UNV, UNZ, 1EQ and 1EA <sup>a</sup> | N5180-69167 | 2-11        | N5180-69169 | 2-11        |
| A3 RF Assembly 1EM All (Any combination of options or no options) <sup>a</sup>  | N5180-69170 | 2-11        | N5180-69170 | 2-11        |
| A3BT1 Lithium Battery   | 1420-0356   | 2-11        | 1420-0356   | 2-11        |
| A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A only)   | 1819-0405   | 2-11        | 1819-0405   | 2-11        |
| A5 CPU  | N5180-60095 | 2-11        | N5180-60095 | 2-11        |
| A9 Interface Board  | N5160-60009 | 2-6         | N5160-60009 | 2-6         |
| B1 thru B4 Fan (each)   | N5180-60026 | 2-8         | N5180-60026 | 2-8         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The replacement of A3 RF assembly requires firmware ≥A.01.24. To avoid configuration errors, download firmware ≥A.01.24, prior to changing out the A3 assembly. If the A3 RF assembly is changed out prior to downloading firmware ≥A.01.24, downloading firmware ≥A.01.24, and cycling the power, should correct any configuration errors.



Table 2-2 N5181A/82A

| Description   | Optio       | n 501       | Optio       | n 503       | Optio       | n 506       |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | Part Number | Page Number | Part Number | Page Number | Part Number | Page Number |
| Front Panel - N5181A (Analog)   | N5180-60110 | 2-9         | N5180-60110 | 2-9         | N5180-60110 | 2-9         |
| Front Panel - N5182A (Vector)   | n/a         | n/a         | N5180-60111 | 2-9         | N5180-60111 | 2-9         |
| Key Pad   | N5180-60021 | 2-7         | N5180-60021 | 2-7         | N5180-60021 | 2-7         |
| Power Switch  | N5180-60022 | 2-7         | N5180-60022 | 2-7         | N5180-60022 | 2-7         |
| USB Board   | N5180-60023 | 2-7         | N5180-60023 | 2-7         | N5180-60023 | 2-7         |
| LCD   | N5180-60024 | 2-7         | N5180-60024 | 2-7         | N5180-60024 | 2-7         |
| A1 Power Supply   | N5180-60060 | 2-9         | N5180-60060 | 2-9         | N5180-60060 | 2-9         |
| A2 Vector Module Assembly<br>(N5182A only)  | n/a         | n/a         | N5180-69006 | 2-9         | N5180-69006 | 2-9         |
| A3 RF Assembly UNM <sup>a</sup>   | N5180-69166 | 2-12        | N5180-69166 | 2-12        | N5180-69168 | 2-12        |
| A3 RF Assembly UNM with<br>UNU and/or UNT <sup>a</sup>  | N5180-69166 | 2-12        | N5180-69166 | 2-12        | N5180-69168 | 2-12        |
| A3 RF Assembly UNM with UNU or UNW and/or UNT & any combination or all of the following options; UNV, UNZ, and 1EQ <sup>a</sup> | N5180-69167 | 2-12        | N5180-69167 | 2-12        | N5180-69169 | 2-12        |
| A3 RF Assembly 1EM All (Any combination of options or no options) <sup>a</sup>  | N5180-69170 | 2-12        | N5180-69170 | 2-12        | N5180-69170 | 2-12        |
| A3BT1 Lithium Battery   | 1420-0356   | 2-12        | 1420-0356   | 2-12        | 1420-0356   | 2-12        |
| A4 Internal Memory Card<br>(N5182A only)  | n/a         | n/a         | 1819-0181   | 2-12        | 1819-0181   | 2-12        |
| A5 CPU  | N5180-60095 | 2-12        | N5180-60095 | 2-12        | N5180-60095 | 2-12        |
| A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface   | N5180-60025 | 2-7         | N5180-60025 | 2-7         | N5180-60025 | 2-7         |
| B1 thru B4 Fan (each)   | N5180-60026 | 2-9         | N5180-60026 | 2-9         | N5180-60026 | 2-9         |

a The replacement of A3 RF assembly requires firmware  $\ge$ A.01.24. To avoid configuration errors, download firmware  $\ge$ A.01.24, prior to changing out the A3 assembly. If the A3 RF assembly is changed out prior to downloading firmware  $\ge$ A.01.24, downloading firmware  $\ge$ A.01.24, and cycling the power, should correct any configuration errors.



Table 2-3 N5183A

| Description                                       | Optio       | n 520       | Option 532 Option 540 |             | n 540       |             |
|---|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|   | Part Number | Page Number | Part Number           | Page Number | Part Number | Page Number |
| Front Panel                                       | N5180-60112 | 2-10        | N5180-60112           | 2-10        | N5180-60112 | 2-10        |
| Key Pad   | N5180-60021 | 2-7         | N5180-60021           | 2-7         | N5180-60021 | 2-7         |
| Power Switch                                      | N5180-60022 | 2-7         | N5180-60022           | 2-7         | N5180-60022 | 2-7         |
| USB Board   | N5180-60023 | 2-7         | N5180-60023           | 2-7         | N5180-60023 | 2-7         |
| LCD   | N5180-60024 | 2-7         | N5180-60024           | 2-7         | N5180-60024 | 2-7         |
| A1 Power Supply                                   | N5180-60060 | 2-10        | N5180-60060           | 2-10        | N5180-60060 | 2-10        |
| A3 RF Assembly                                    | N5180-69077 | 2-12        | N5180-69077           | 2-12        | N5180-69077 | 2-12        |
| A3BT1 Lithium Battery                             | 1420-0356   | 2-12        | 1420-0356             | 2-12        | 1420-0356   | 2-12        |
| A5 CPU  | N5180-60095 | 2-12        | N5180-60095           | 2-12        | N5180-60095 | 2-12        |
| A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface                       | N5180-60025 | 2-7         | N5180-60025           | 2-7         | N5180-60025 | 2-7         |
| A7 Micro-Deck - Option UNM                        | N5180-69041 | 2-10        | N5180-69043           | 2-10        | N5180-69043 | 2-10        |
| A7 Micro-Deck - Option 1EM<br>3.5mm RF Connector  | N5180-69042 | 2-10        | n/a                   | n/a         | n/a         | n/a         |
| A7 Micro-Deck - Option 1EM<br>2.4mm RF Connector  | n/a         | n/a         | N5180-69044           | 2-10        | N5180-69044 | 2-10        |
| A7 Micro-Deck - Option 1EM<br>Type N RF Connector | N5180-69121 | 2-10        | n/a                   | n/a         | n/a         | n/a         |
| A8 BNC Bypass Board                               | E8251-60061 | 2-10        | E8251-60061           | 2-10        | E8251-60061 | 2-10        |
| B1 thru B4 Fan (each)                             | N5180-60026 | 2-10        | N5180-60026           | 2-10        | N5180-60026 | 2-10        |



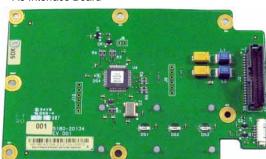
# Front Panel Assemblies (N5161A/62A only)

Figure 2-1

**USB** Board



A9 Interface Board



Power Switch





# Front Panel Assemblies (N5181A/82A/83A only)

Figure 2-2

USB Board



A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface

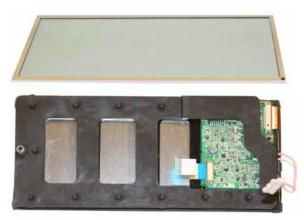


Power Switch





LCD





# **Assemblies from a Top View**

Figure 2-3 N5161A and N5162A (Option 012 Shown)



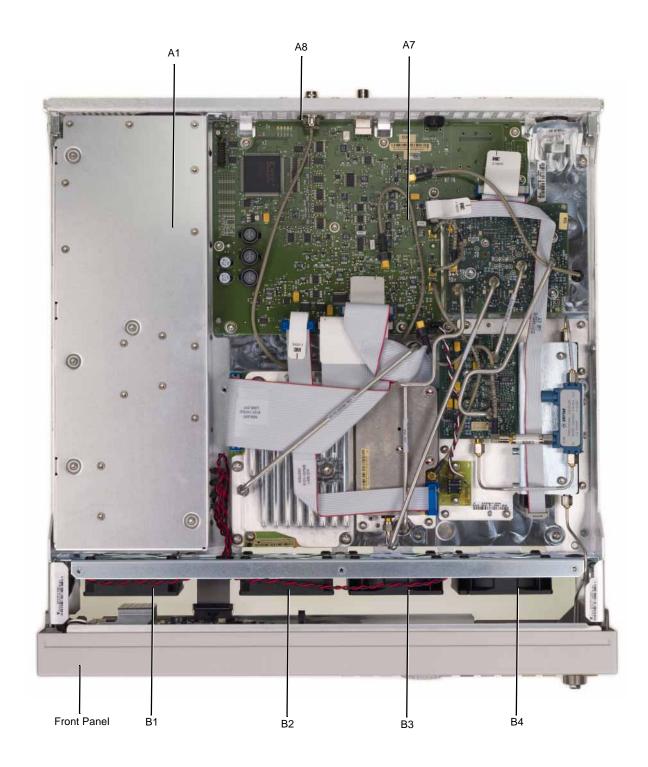


Figure 2-4 N5181A/82A





Figure 2-5 N5183A (532/540 shown)





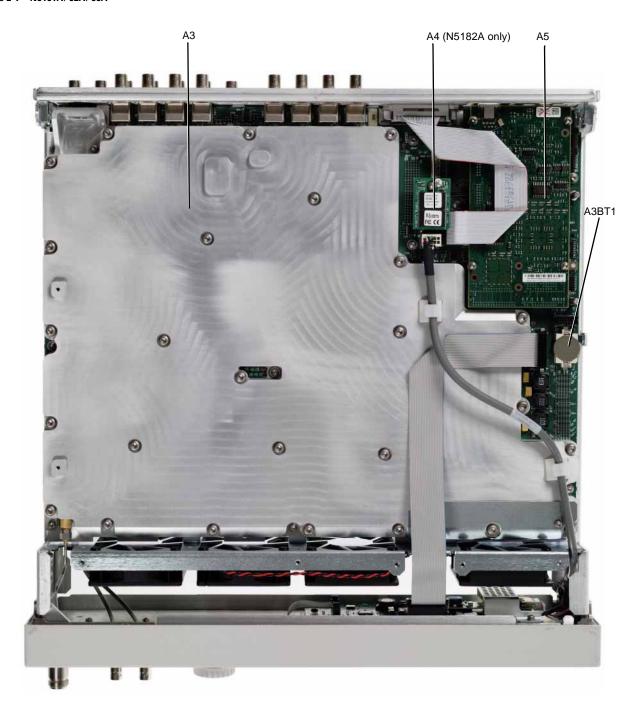
### **Assemblies from a Bottom View**

Figure 2-6 N5161A/62A





Figure 2-7 N5181A/82A/83A





# Cables

This section lists part numbers for the cables in your signal generator.

Table 2-4

| Reference<br>Designator                   | Input                                    | Output                 | Part<br>Number | Page<br>Number |
|---|--|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| B1W1 <sup>a</sup>                         | Wire Cable, B1 Fan                       | A1 Power Supply        | (part of B1)   | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| B2W1 <sup>a</sup>                         | Wire Cable, B2 Fan                       | A1 Power Supply        | (part of B2)   | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| B3W1 <sup>a</sup>                         | Wire Cable, B3 Fan                       | A1 Power Supply        | (part of B3)   | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| B4W1 <sup>a</sup>                         | Wire Cable, B4 Fan                       | A1 Power Supply        | (part of B4)   | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| W1  | Ribbon Cable, Front Panel                | A3 RF Assembly         | 8121-1398      | 2-18 & 2-19    |
| W2  | Front Panel (USB)                        | A3 RF Assembly         | 8121-1396      | 2-18 & 2-19    |
| W3<br>(N5182A only)                       | Front Panel (I Input)                    | A2J15                  | 8121-0642      | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| W4<br>(N5182A only)                       | Front Panel (Q Input)                    | A2J16                  | 8121-0642      | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| W5<br>(N5182A only)                       | Semi-Rigid Cable, A3 RF Assembly         | A2 Vector Modulation   | N5180-20016    | 2-16           |
| W6<br>(N5182A only)                       | Semi-Rigid Cable, A3 RF Assembly         | A2 Vector Modulation   | N5180-20025    | 2-16           |
| W7<br>(N5162A/82A<br>only)                | Semi-Rigid Cable, A3 RF Assembly         | A2 Vector Modulation   | N5180-20026    | 2-15 & 2-16    |
| W8  | Ribbon Cable, A3 RF Assembly (GPIB)      | A5 CPU                 | 8121-1397      | 2-18 & 2-19    |
| W9<br>(N5183A only)                       | Semi-Rigid Cable, 2.4mm RF<br>Connector  | Mechanical Attenuator  | N5180-20046    | 2-17           |
| W10<br>(N5183A only)                      | Semi-Rigid Cable, 3.5mm RF<br>Connector  | Mechanical Attenuator  | N5180-20057    | 2-17           |
| W11<br>(N5183A only)                      | Semi-Rigid Cable, Type-N RF<br>Connector | Mechanical Attenuator  | N5180-20088    | 2- 17          |
| W12<br>(N5183A only)                      | Semi-Rigid Cable, A3 RF Assembly         | A3 RF Assembly         | N5180-20040    | 2-17           |
| W13<br>(N5183A only)                      | Semi-Rigid Cable, A3 RF Assembly         | A3 RF Assembly         | N5180-20039    | 2-17           |
| W14<br>(N5183A only)                      | A7J15                                    | A3 RF Assembly         | 8121-1578      | 2-17           |
| W15<br>(N5183A only)                      | A7J14                                    | Rear Panel (ALC Input) | 8121-0859      | 2-17           |
| W16<br>(N5162A/82A<br>Option 012<br>only) | Semi-Rigid Cable, LO In                  | Rear Panel             | N5180-20140    | 2-15           |



Table 2-4

| Reference<br>Designator                   | Input                           | Output     | Part<br>Number | Page<br>Number |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
| W17<br>(N5162A/82A<br>Option 012<br>only) | Semi-Rigid Cable, LO Out        | Rear Panel | N5180-20139    | 2-15           |
| W18<br>(N5162A/82A<br>Option 012<br>only) | Semi-Rigid Jumper Cable, LO Out | LO In      | E8251-20364    | 2-15           |
| W19<br>(N5162A/82A<br>Option 1EM<br>only) | Rear Panel (I Input)            | A2J15      | 8121-1740      | 2-15           |
| W20<br>(N5162A/82A<br>Option 1EM<br>only) | Rear Panel (Q Input)            | A2J16      | 8121-1740      | 2-15           |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>This cable is not replaceable by itself. You must order the corresponding assembly.



# **Cables from a Top View**

Figure 2-8 N5162A with Option 012 and N5182A with Options 1EM and 012

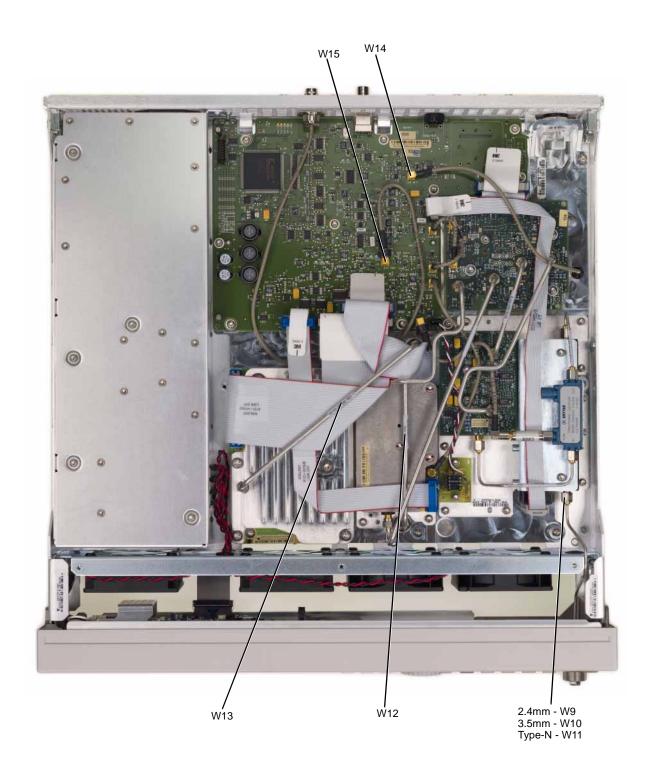




Figure 2-9 N5181A/82A



Figure 2-10 N5183A





# **Cables from a Bottom View**

Figure 2-11 N5161A/62A



Figure 2-12 N5181A/82A/83A





### **Hardware**

This section lists part numbers for hardware and other instrument parts in your signal generator.

- "Front Panel View" on page 2-20
- "Disassembled Rear Panel View" on page 2-22
- $\bullet\,\,$  "Main Chassis with Inside Covers" on page 2-25
- "Outer Instrument Cover and Associated Parts" on page 2-26

#### **Front Panel View**

| Item No. | Description                           | Qty | Part Number |
|----------|---------------------------------------|-----|-------------|
| 1        | Small Overlay                         | 1   | N/A         |
| 2        | Nameplate                             | 1   | N/A         |
| 3        | RPG Knob                              | 1   | W1312-40017 |
| 4        | Large Keypad Overlay                  | 1   | N/A         |
| 5        | Washer-Wavy .490ID (N5182A only)      | 2   | 2190-0102   |
| 6        | Nut-Hex 15/32-32 (N5182A only)        | 2   | 2950-0035   |
| 7        | Front Panel Overlay (N5161A/62A only) | 1   | N/A         |



Figure 2-13 N5161A/62A Front Panel View



Figure 2-14 N5181A/83A Front Panel View



Figure 2-15 N5182A Front Panel View





# **Disassembled Rear Panel View**

| Item No. | Description   | Qty | Part Number |
|----------|---|-----|-------------|
| 1        | Rear Panel - N5161A/81A                             | 1   | N/A         |
|          | Rear Panel - N5162A/82A                             | 1   |             |
|          | Rear Panel - N5183A                                 | 1   |             |
| 2        | Screw-Machine M3.0 8 - PN-TX                        |     | 0515-0372   |
|          | N5161A/81A  | 4   |             |
|          | N5162A/82A  | 10  |             |
|          | N5183A  | 10  |             |
| 3        | Screw-Machine 4-40 (N5162A/82A only)                | 4   | 2200-0139   |
| 4        | Washer Lock .505ID (BNC connectors on rear-panel)   |     | 2190-0068   |
|          | N5161A/81A  | 8   |             |
|          | N5162A/82A  | 15  |             |
|          | N5183A  | 9   |             |
| 5        | Nut-Hex 1/2-28 (BNC connectors on rear-panel board) |     | 2950-0054   |
|          | N5161A/81A  | 8   |             |
|          | N5162A/82A  | 15  |             |
|          | N5183A  | 9   |             |
| 6        | Rear-Panel Hole Plug                                | 1   | 6960-0517   |
| 7        | Rear-Panel BNC Hole Plug (N5183A only)              | 1   | N/A         |



Figure 2-16 N5161A/81A Rear Panel View

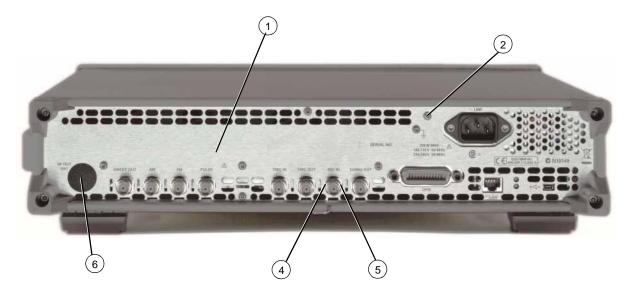


Figure 2-17 N5162A and N5182A Option 1EM Rear Panel View

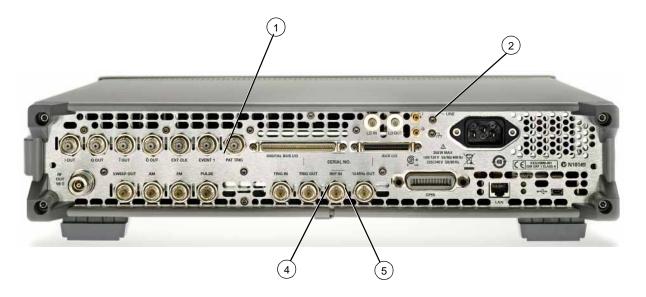




Figure 2-18 N5182A Rear Panel View

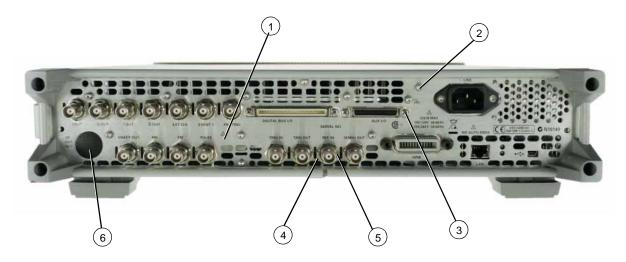
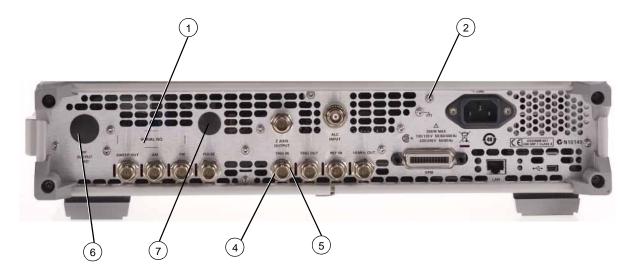


Figure 2-19 N5183A Rear Panel View

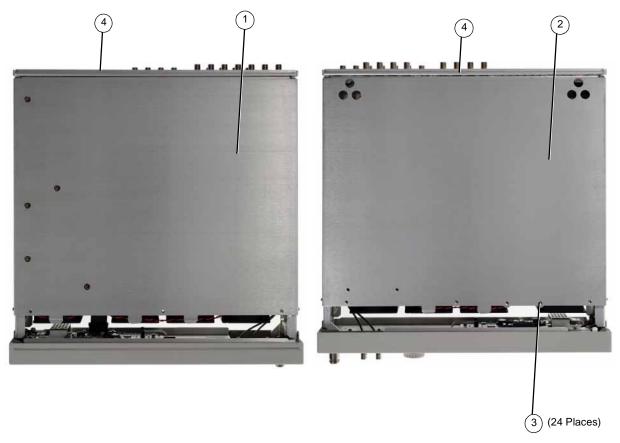




# **Main Chassis with Inside Covers**

| Item No. | Description  |    | Part Number |
|----------|--|----|-------------|
| 1        | Main Chassis Inside Top Cover  | 1  | N/A         |
| 2        | Main Chassis Inside Bottom Cover   | 1  | N/A         |
| 3        | Screw-Machine M3.0 x 08 FL-TX (inside top and bottom covers to main chassis) | 24 | 0515-1227   |
| 4        | Screw-Machine M3.0 x 08 -PN-TX (inside top and bottom covers to rear panel)  | 2  | 0515-0372   |

Figure 2-20 Main Chassis with Inside Covers





### **Outer Instrument Cover and Associated Parts**

| Item No. | Description  | Qty | Part Number |
|----------|--|-----|-------------|
| 1        | Assy-Strap Handle - includes the following parts:          | 1   | E4400-60026 |
|          | Strap Assembly   | 1   |             |
|          | Ground Spring  | 2   |             |
|          | Handle Retainer  | 2   |             |
|          | End Cap  | 2   |             |
|          | Screw-Machine M5 x 18 FL-TX                                | 2   |             |
| 2        | Hole Plug (not shown in photo)                             | 2   | W1312-40024 |
| 3        | Screw-Machine M5 x 0.8 12mm-lg (not shown in photo)        | 2   | 0515-0708   |
| 4        | Rear Feet Screws (not shown in photo)                      | 4   | 0515-1619   |
| 5        | Rear-Panel Feet  | 4   | 5041-9611   |
| 6        | Feet-Bottom <sup>a</sup>                                   | 4   | 5041-9167   |
| 7        | Tilt Stand <sup>a</sup>                                    | 2   | 1460-1345   |
| 8        | Outside Instrument Cover                                   | 1   | W1312-00018 |
| 9        | Hole Plug, Bottom Feet (not shown in photo)                | 1   | W1312-40032 |
| 10       | Set of 4 Bottom Feet with Tilt Stands (not shown in photo) | 1   | 5000-0913   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Set of 4 Bottom Feet with Tilt Stands (not shown in photo)



Figure 2-21 Outer Instrument Cover and Associated Parts





### Miscellaneous

This section lists part numbers for miscellaneous items that can be used with your signal generator.

#### **Documentation**

| Description                            | Part Number |
|--|-------------|
| Documentation Set                      | N5180-90001 |
| CD-ROM Documentation                   | N5180-90007 |
| Installation Guide                     | N5180-90002 |
| User's Guide                           | N5180-90003 |
| SCPI Command Reference                 | N5180-90004 |
| Programming Guide                      | N5180-90005 |
| Service Guide                          | N5180-90006 |
| Specifications/Data Sheet (N5161A/81A) | 5989-5311EN |
| Specifications/Data Sheet (N5162A/82A) | 5989-5261EN |
| Specifications/Data Sheet (N5183A)     | 5989-7572EN |

NOTE The N516xA/8xA MXG documentation can also be found on the web at http://www.agilent.com/find/mxg.

#### **Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protective Supplies**

| Description  | Part Number |
|--|-------------|
| ESD connector end cap front-panel RF output            | 1401-0247   |
| ESD connector end cap rear panel SMI                   | 1252-4690   |
| ESD connector end cap-GPIB                             | 1252-5007   |
| ESD connector end cap coherent carrier cut             | 1252-4696   |
| 2 X 4 Ft. Antistatic Table Mat with 15 FT. Ground Wire | 9300-0797   |
| 5 Ft. Grounding Cord (for wrist strap)                 | 9300-0980   |
| Adjustable Antistatic Wrist Strap                      | 9300-1367   |



## **Abbreviations Used in Part Descriptions**

This section defines the reference designators, abbreviations, and option numbers that are used in the part descriptions throughout this chapter.

| Reference<br>Designator | Definition                     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A                       | assembly                       |
| AT                      | attenuator                     |
| В                       | fan                            |
| DS                      | lamp                           |
| J                       | electrical connector; jack     |
| W                       | cable; transmission path; wire |

| Abbreviation | Definition                             |
|--------------|--|
| BN           | buttonhead (screws)                    |
| CPU          | central processing unit                |
|              | conical washer (screws)                |
| EXT          | external                               |
| FL           | flathead (screws)                      |
| Ft           | feet                                   |
| Hex          | hexagonal                              |
| GPIB         | general purpose interface bus          |
| HX           | hexagonal recess (screws)              |
| I            | in-phase                               |
| LF           | low frequency                          |
| M            | meters or metric hardware              |
| PC           | patch lock (screws) or printed circuit |
| PN           | panhead (screws)                       |
| Q            | quadrature                             |
| Qty          | quantity                               |
| RF           | radio frequency                        |
| RPP          | reverse power protection               |
| SMA          | subminiature type-A                    |
| TX           | TORX recess (screws)                   |



# 3 Assembly Replacement

## **Before You Replace an Assembly**

| CAUTION | Many of the assemblies in this instrument are very susceptible to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD). Perform service procedures only at a static-safe workstation and wear a grounding strap. |
|---------|---|
| CAUTION | You must upgrade you firmware, to at least A.01.10, before replacing any assembly. Go to www.agilent.com/find/upgradeassistant for information on upgrading you firmware.                             |

Be sure to review the warning and caution statements described in Chapter 5, "Safety and Regulatory," on page 5-1, prior to replacing an assembly in your signal generator.

## After Replacing or Repairing an Assembly

After you have replaced or repaired an assembly, certain performance tests may have to be performed. Refer to Chapter 4, "Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification," on page 4-1, for the list of performance tests required for each assembly.

## **Assemblies You Can Replace**

- "Outer Cover" on page 3-4
- "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6
- "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8
- "Front-Panel" on page 3-10
- "USB Board" on page 3-12
- "LCD Display (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-14
- "A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-16
- "A9 Interface Board (N5161A/62A only)" on page 18
- "Key Pad (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-20
- "Power Switch" on page 3-21
- "Rear Panel (N5161A/81A)" on page 3-22
- "Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)" on page 3-24
- "Rear Panel (N5183A)" on page 3-26
- "A1 Power Supply" on page 3-28
- "A2 Vector Module (N5162A with Option 012 and N5182A Option 1EM with Option 012)" on page 30
- "A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A without Option 012)" on page 3-32
- "A3 RF Assembly (N5162A, with and without Option 012, N5182A with Option 012, and N5182A Option 1EM, with and without Option 012)" on page 34
- "A3 RF Assembly Standard (N5181A/82A)" on page 3-38
- "A3 RF Assembly N5161A and N5181A Option 1EM" on page 3-42
- "A3 RF Assembly (N5183A only)" on page 3-46
- "A3BT1 Battery" on page 3-50
- "A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A only)" on page 3-52
- "A5 CPU" on page 3-54
- "A7 Micro-Deck (N5183A only Standard)" on page 3-56
- "A7 Micro-Deck (N5183A only Option 1EM)" on page 3-59



- "A8 Floating BNC Bypass (N5183A only)" on page 3-62
- "RF Connector (N5183A only Standard)" on page 3-64
- "B1 thru B4 Fans" on page 3-66



This page intentionally left blank.



#### **Outer Cover**

#### **Tools Required**

• T-20 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-1 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Using the T-20 driver, loosen the two screws (1) and remove the strap handle (2).
- 3. Using the T-20 driver, remove the two hole plugs (not shown in photo) from the opposite side of the instrument.
- 4. Using the T-20 driver, remove the center screws from the four rear-panel feet (3).
- 5. Remove the four bottom feet (4) from the cover by lifting the tab and sliding the foot toward the tab.
- 6. Place the signal generator on its side.
- 7. Place one hand on the front panel, use the other hand to lift the rear of the signal generator and slide the outer cover (5) off to remove it from the frame.

**CAUTION** The RF connector can be easily damaged. Use extreme caution to not damage the RF connector when lifting the rear of the signal generator.

#### **Replacement Procedure**

1. Reverse the order of the removal procedures.

**CAUTION** When sliding the outer cover back on the signal generator keep fingers away from the back of the front panel. They can get pinched.

2. Torque all screws to 21 in-lbs.

Figure 3-1 Outer Cover Removal





## **Inner Top Cover**

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

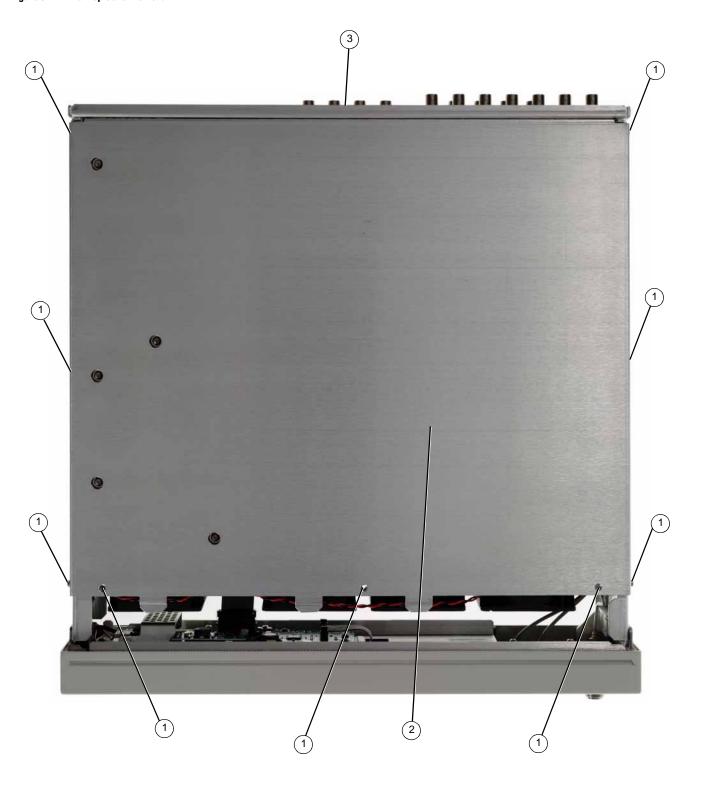
Refer to Figure 3-2 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the outer-cover from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the front-panel facing you.
- 4. Using the T-10 driver, remove the nine flat-top screws (1) from the inner top cover (2).
- 5. Using the T-10 driver, remove the screw (3) from the rear panel.
- 6. Remove the inner top cover.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedures.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.



Figure 3-2 Inner Top Cover Removal





## **Inner Bottom Cover**

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

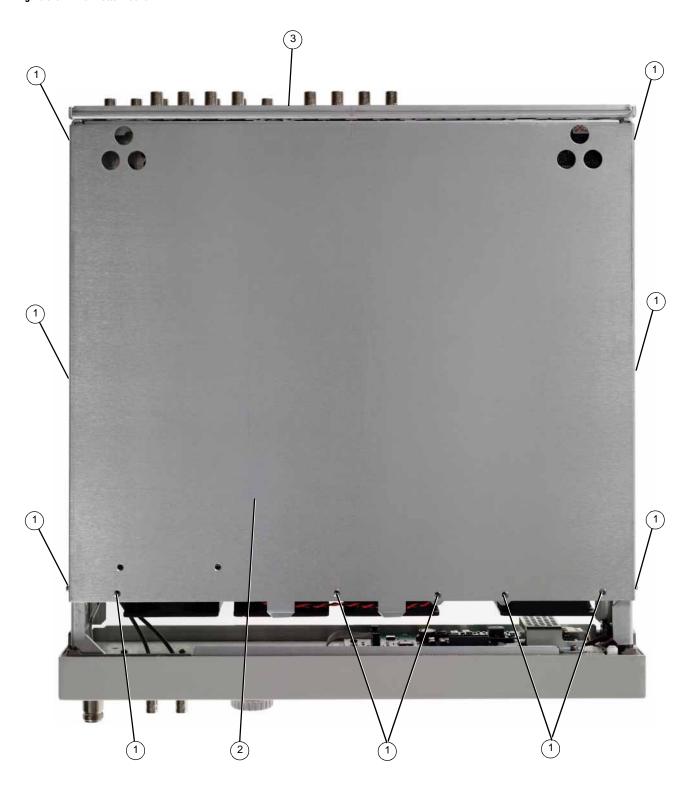
Refer to Figure 3-3 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the outer-cover from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the front-panel facing you.
- 4. Using the T-10 driver, remove the eleven flat-top screws (1) from the inner bottom cover (2).
- 5. Using the T-10 driver, remove the screw (3) from the rear panel.
- 6. Remove the inner bottom cover.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedures.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.



Figure 3-3 Inner Bottom Cover





#### Front-Panel

#### **Tools Required**

- T-20 driver
- · needle-nose pliers

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-4 for this procedure.

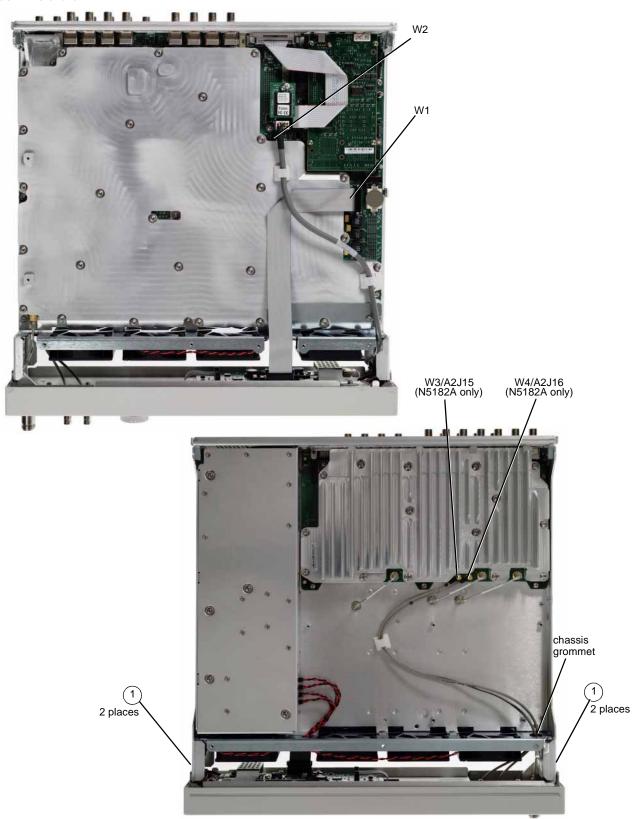
- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. With the signal generator on its side, disconnect W1 and W2 from the A3 RF assembly by squeezing the cable connector and pulling the cable away from the signal generator.
- 4. Release W2 from the cable clips.
- 5. For N5182A instruments, place the signal generator flat with the A2 Vector Module facing you and use the needle-nose pliers to disconnect the following cables,
  - W3 (I Input) from A2J15
  - W4 (Q Input) from A2J16
- 6. Remove the chassis grommet before pulling W3 and W4 thru the chassis (N5182A only).
- 7. With the signal generator upside down and flat, use the T-20 driver to remove the four screws (1) from the sides of the chassis

**CAUTION** Before removing the front-panel from the signal generator, lift and support the front frame of the signal generator.

- 8. Slide the front-panel over the RF output connector (N5181A/82A/83A standard models only).
- 9. Remove the front-panel.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 21 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-4 Front-Panel





## **USB** Board

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

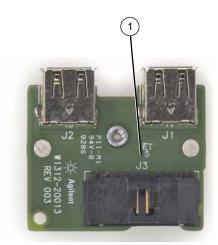
Refer to Figure 3-5 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Using the T-10 driver, remove the screw (1) securing the USB board to the front-panel.
- 5. Remove USB board

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque screw to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.



Figure 3-5 USB Board





## LCD Display (N5181A/82A/83A only)

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

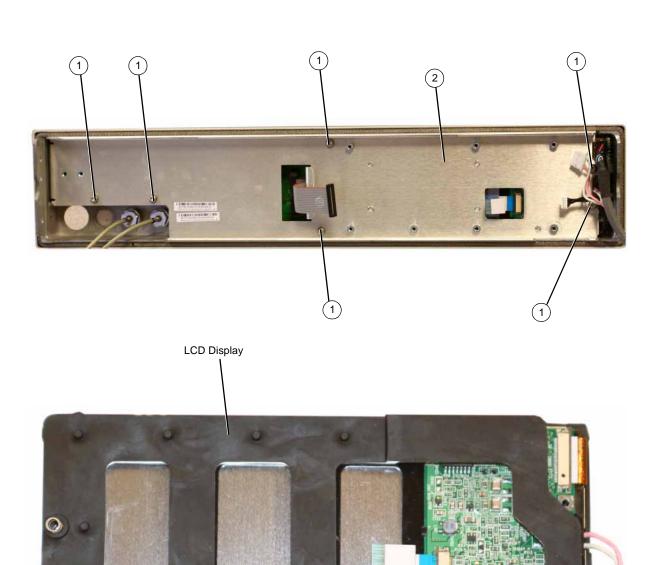
#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-6 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Remove the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board from the signal generator. Refer to "A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-16.
- 5. Using the T-10 driver, remove the six screws (1) that secure the sub-panel (2) to the front-panel.
- 6. Remove the sub-panel.
- 7. Remove the LCD Display.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-6 LCD Display





## A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A only)

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

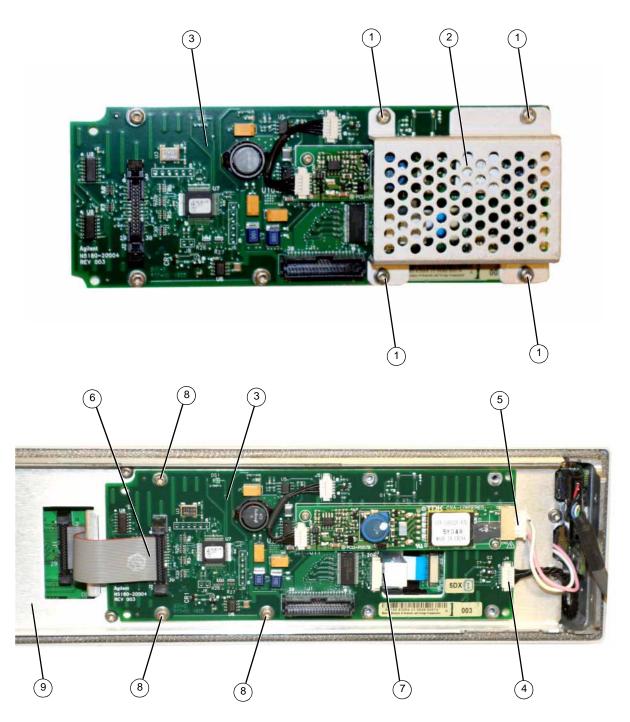
#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-7 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Using the T-10 driver, remove the four screws (1) that secure the inverter shield (2) to the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (3).
- 5. Disconnect the W1 ribbon cable (not shown in Figure 3-7) from the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface board (3).
- 6. Disconnect the Power Switch cable (4) from the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (3).
- 7. Disconnect the LCD 2 wire cable (5) from the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (3).
- 8. Disconnect the ribbon cable (6) from the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (3).
- 9. Disconnect the LCD flat flex cable (7) from the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (3).
- 10. Using the T-10 driver, remove the three screws (8) that secure the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (3) to the front-panel sub-panel (9).
- 11. Remove the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-7 A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board





## A9 Interface Board (N5161A/62A only)

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

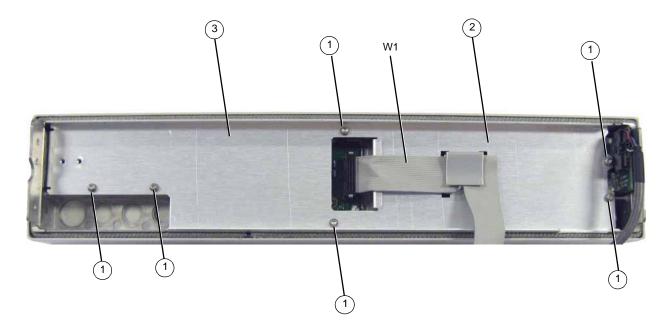
#### **Removal Procedure**

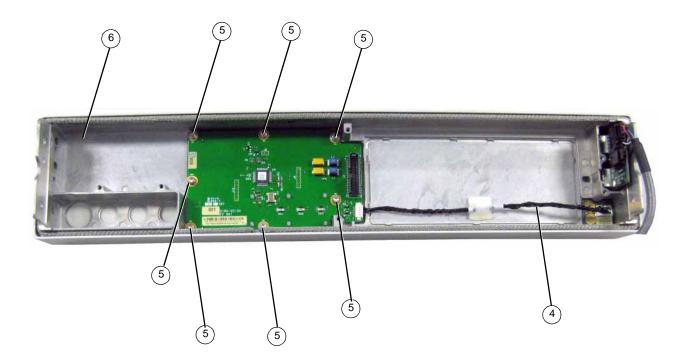
Refer to Figure 3-8 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Disconnect the W1 ribbon cable from the A9 Interface board (3).
- 5. Using the T-10 driver, remove the six screws (1) that secure the subpanel (2) to the front panel (3).
- 6. Disconnect the Power Switch cable (4) from the A9 Interface Board (3).
- 7. Using the T-10 driver, remove the seven screws (5) that secure the A9 Interface Board (3) to the front-panel sub-panel (6).
- 8. Remove the A9 Interface Board.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-8 A9 Interface Board







## Key Pad (N5181A/82A/83A only)

#### **Tools Required**

T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-9 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Remove the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board from the signal generator. Refer to "A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-16.
- 5. Remove the LCD Display from the signal generator. Refer to "LCD Display (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-14.
- 6. Using the T-10 driver, remove the twelve screws (1) that secure the Key Pad (2) to the front-panel frame.
- 7. Remove the Key Pad.

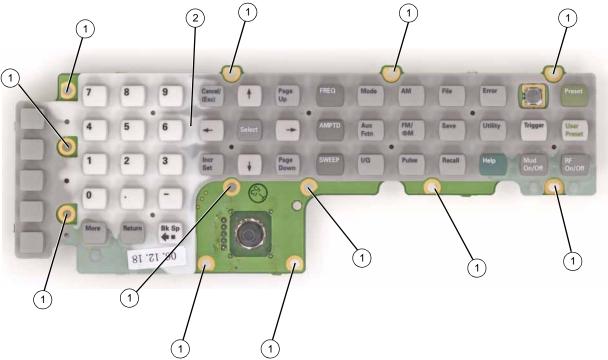
#### **Replacement Procedure**

1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.

NOTE Hand start the two screws labeled "A" and "B" until they are snug, then install the remaining ten screws.

- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-9 Key Pad





#### **Power Switch**

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

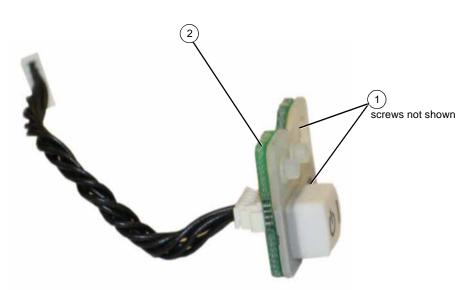
Refer to Figure 3-10 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Remove the A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board from the signal generator. Refer to "A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-16.
- 5. Remove the LCD Display from the signal generator. Refer to "LCD Display (N5181A/82A/83A only)" on page 3-14.
- 6. Using the T-10 driver, remove the two screws (1) that secure the Power Switch (2) to the front-panel frame.
- 7. Remove the Power Switch.

#### **Replacement Procedure**

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-10 Power Switch



Note: N5161A/62A use the longer power switch cable



## Rear Panel (N5161A/81A)

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- 5/8" hex-nut driver

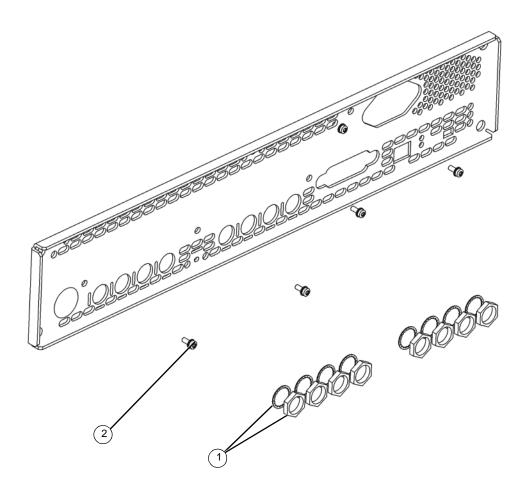
#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-11 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the rear panel facing you.
- 4. Using the 5/8" hex-nut driver, remove the nuts and washers (1) securing the A3 RF assembly BNC's to the rear panel.
- 5. Using the T-10 driver, remove the four screws (2) securing the rear panel to the signal generators chassis.
- 6. Pull the rear panel away from the signal generator's chassis.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-11 N5161A/81A Disassembled Rear Panel View





## **Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)**

#### **Tools Required**

- · T-10 driver
- 5/8" hex-nut driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- 1/4" hex-nut driver
- small Phillips screwdriver

#### **Removal Procedure**

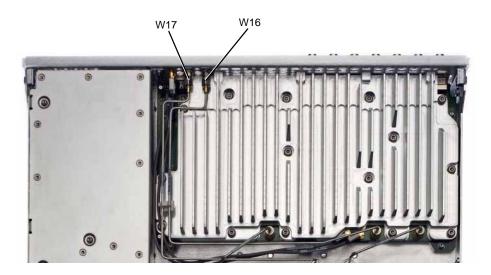
Refer to Figure 3-12 for this procedure.

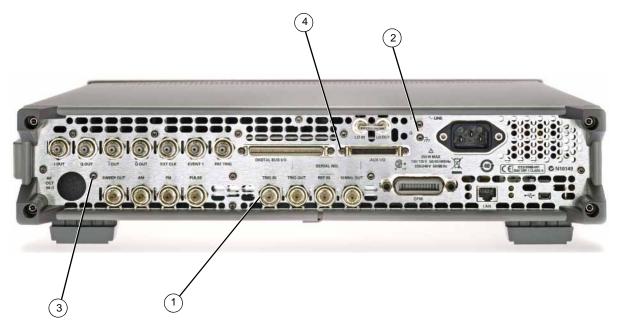
- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the rear panel facing you.
- 4. If Option 012 is installed, use the 5/16" open-ended wrench disconnect W16 and W17 from the rear panel.
- 5. Using the 5/8" hex-nut driver, remove the fifteen nuts and washers (1) securing the A2 Vector Module and A3 RF assembly BNC's to the rear panel.
- 6. For N5162A and N5182A Option 1EM, use the 1/4" hex-nut driver to remove the two nuts and washers (2) securing the I and Q cables to the rear panel.
- 7. Using the T-10 driver, remove the ten screws (3) securing the rear panel to the signal generators chassis.
- 8. Using a small Phillips screwdriver, remove the four Phillips screws (4) securing the A2 Vector Module connectors to the rear panel.
- 9. Pull the rear panel away from the signal generator's chassis.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.



Figure 3-12 N5162A/82A Disassembled Rear Panel View







## Rear Panel (N5183A)

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- 5/8" hex-nut driver

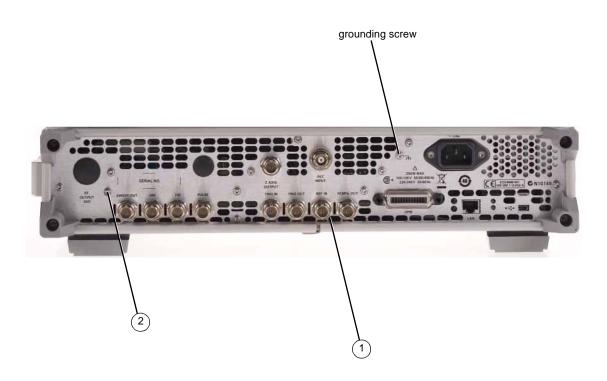
#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-13 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the rear panel facing you.
- 4. Disconnect W15 from A7J14.
- 5. Using the 5/8" hex-nut driver, remove the nine nuts and washers (1) securing the A3 RF assembly and A7 Micro Deck BNC's to the rear panel.
- 6. Using the T-10 driver, remove the nine screws (2) securing the rear panel to the signal generators chassis.
- 7. Pull the rear panel away from the signal generator's chassis.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-13 N5183A Rear Panel





## **A1 Power Supply**

#### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-14 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, and "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6.
- 3. Remove the rear panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Rear Panel (N5161A/81A)" on page 22, "Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)" on page 3-24, or "Rear Panel (N5183A)" on page 3-26.

NOTE The rear panel must be removed so the power connector on the A1 Power Supply can be disconnected from the A3 RF assembly without damaging the connector pins.

- 4. Place the signal generator flat and upright with the front-panel facing you.
- 5. Using the T-10 driver, press the connector latch to disconnect B1W1 thru B4W1 from the A1 Power Supply.
- 6. Using the T-10 driver, remove the five screws (1) that secure the A1 Power Supply to the chassis.
- 7. Remove the A1 Power Supply.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.



Figure 3-14 A1 Power Supply





## A2 Vector Module (N5162A with Option 012 and N5182A Option 1EM with Option 012)

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- · needle-nose pliers

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-16 for this procedure.

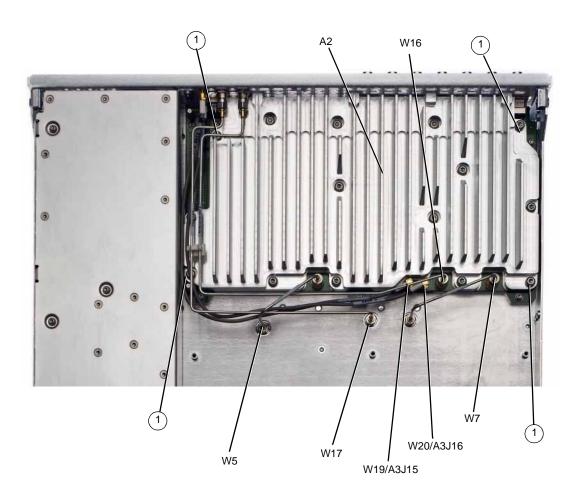
- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the rear panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)" on page 3-24.

**NOTE** The rear panel must be removed to allow the pin connector on the A2 Vector Module to be disconnected from the A3 RF assembly without damaging the connector pins.

- 4. Place the signal generator flat with the A2 Vector Module facing up and the rear panel facing you.
- 5. Using the 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect W5, W16, W17, and W7.
- 6. Use the needle-nose pliers to disconnect the following cables,
  - W19 (I Input) from A3J15
  - W20 (Q Input) from A3J16.
- 7. Using the T-10 driver, remove the five screws (1) that connect the A2 Vector Module to the chassis.
- 8. Place your thumbs under the BNC connectors and push up on the A2 Vector Module to release it from the pin connector.
- 9. Remove the A2 Vector Module.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all T-10 screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-15 A2 Vector Module (N5162A with Option 012 and N5182A Option 1EM with Option 012)





## A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A without Option 012)

#### **Tools Required**

- · T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- · needle-nose pliers

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-16 for this procedure.

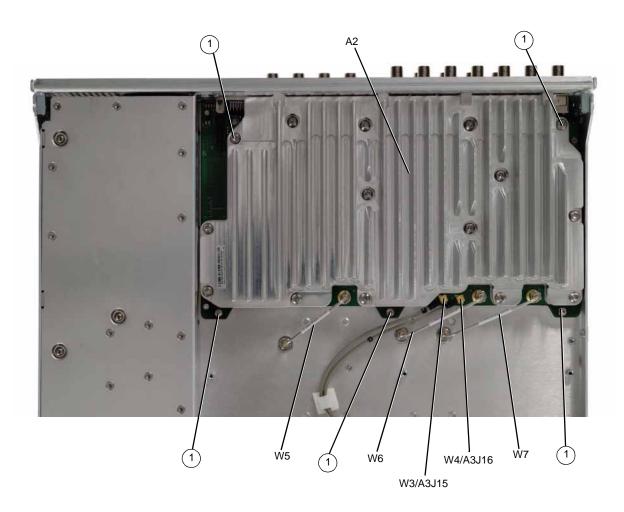
- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the rear panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)" on page 3-24.

**NOTE** The rear panel must be removed to allow the pin connector on the A2 Vector Module to be disconnected from the A3 RF assembly without damaging the connector pins.

- 4. Place the signal generator flat with the A2 Vector Module facing up and the rear panel facing you.
- 5. Using the 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect W5, W6, and W7.
- 6. Use the needle-nose pliers to disconnect the following cables according to the signal generator you have.
  - N5162A: W19 (I Input) from A3J15 and W20 (Q Input) from A3J16. (shown in Figure 3-15)
  - N5182A: W3 (I Input) from A3J15 and W4 (Q Input) from A3J16.
- 7. Using the T-10 driver, remove the five screws (1) that connect the A2 Vector Module to the chassis.
- 8. Place your thumbs under the BNC connectors and push up on the A2 Vector Module to release it from the pin connector.
- 9. Remove the A2 Vector Module.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all T-10 screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-16 A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A without Option 012)





# A3 RF Assembly (N5162A, with and without Option 012, N5182A with Option 012, and N5182A Option 1EM, with and without Option 012)

WARNING

Do not disconnect the RF connector cable from the A3 RF assembly or the RF connector itself. Removing the cable will result in instrument failure.

#### **Tools Required**

- · T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- · common screwdriver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-17, Figure 3-18 and Figure 3-19 for this procedure.

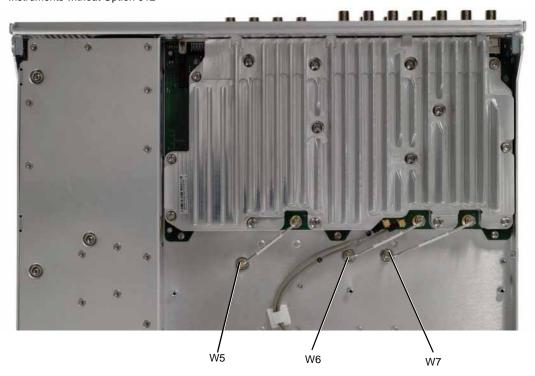
**NOTE** Pry slots have been provided on both sides of the A3 RF assembly to aid in removing the board.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Place the signal generator flat with the A2 Vector Module facing up and the rear panel facing you.
- 5. Using the 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect the following cables according to the instrument you have.
  - Instruments without Option 012: W5, W6, and W7.
  - Instruments with Option 012: W5, W17, and W7.
- 6. Place the signal generator flat with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 7. Remove the following assemblies, in the order listed
  - a. "A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A only)" (see page 3-52)
  - b. "A5 CPU" (see page 3-54)
  - c. "Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)" on page 3-24
  - d. "Front-Panel" (see page 3-10)
- 8. Using the T-10 driver, remove the 10 screws (1) that connect the A3 RF assembly to the chassis.
- 9. Place the tip of a medium common screwdriver into one of the three pry slots on the A3 RF assembly and twist the screwdriver to release the board from the connector pins, see Figure 3-24.
- 10. Repeat step 9 with the other two pry slots.
- 11. Remove the A3 RF assembly.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 21 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair service procedure and performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-17 A3 RF Assembly - N5162A and N5182A Option 1EM

Instruments without Option 012



Instruments without Option 012

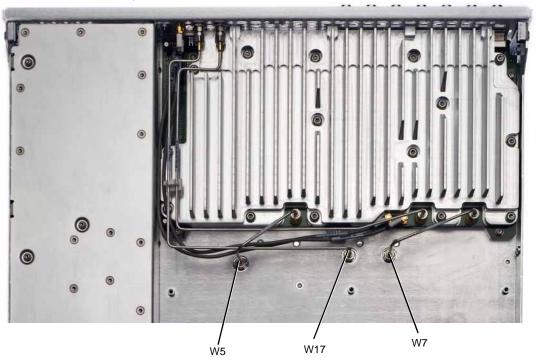




Figure 3-18 A3 RF Assembly - N5162A and N5182A Option 1EM (2 of 3)

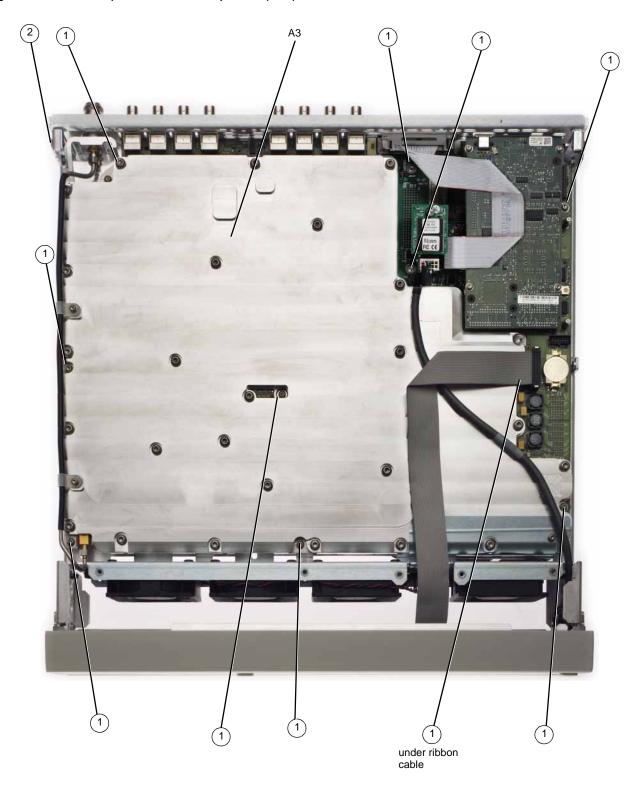
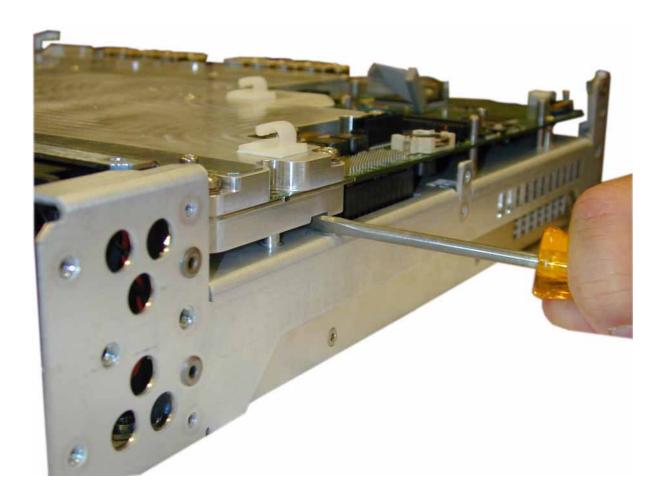


Figure 3-19 A3 RF Assembly - N5162A and N5182A Option 1EM (3 of 3)





# A3 RF Assembly - Standard (N5181A/82A)

WARNING

Do not disconnect the RF connector cable from the A3 RF assembly or the RF connector itself. Removing the cable will result in instrument failure.

#### **Tools Required**

- · T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- · common screwdriver

#### Removal Procedure

Refer to Figure 3-20, Figure 3-21 and Figure 3-22 for this procedure.

**NOTE** The RF Connector bracket will need to be disconnected from the chassis before the A3 RF assembly can be removed.

NOTE Pry slots have been provided on both sides of the A3 RF assembly to aid in removing the board.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Place the signal generator flat with the A2 Vector Module facing up and the rear panel facing you (N5182A only).
- 5. Using the 5/16" open-ended wrench, remove the following cables W5, W6, and W7.
- 6. Place the signal generator flat with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 7. Remove the following assemblies, in the order listed
  - a. "A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A only)" (see page 3-52)
  - b. "A5 CPU" (see page 3-54)
  - c. "Rear Panel (N5161A/81A)" (see page 3-22), or "Rear Panel (N5162A/82A)" (see page 3-24)
  - d. "Front-Panel" (see page 3-10)
- 8. Using the T-10 driver, remove the 10 screws (1) that connect the A3 RF assembly to the chassis.
- 9. Using the T-10 driver to remove the three screws (2) that connect the RF connector bracket to the chassis.

**CAUTION** The RF Connector can be easily damaged. Use extreme caution when disconnecting the RF connector bracket from the instrument chassis.

- 10. Place the tip of a medium common screwdriver into one of the three pry slots on the A3 RF assembly and twist the screwdriver to release the board from the connector pins, see Figure 3-22.
- 11. Repeat step 10 with the other two pry slots.
- 12. Remove the A3 RF assembly.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 21 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair service procedure and performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-20 A3 RF Assembly - Standard (N5181A/82A) (1 of 3)

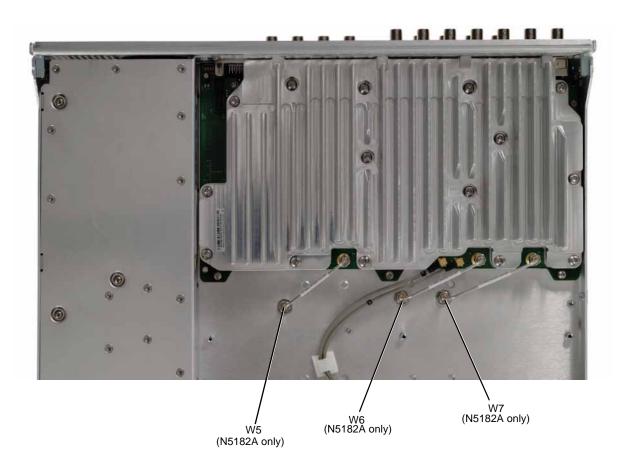


Figure 3-21 A3 RF Assembly - Standard (N5181A/82A) (2 of 3)

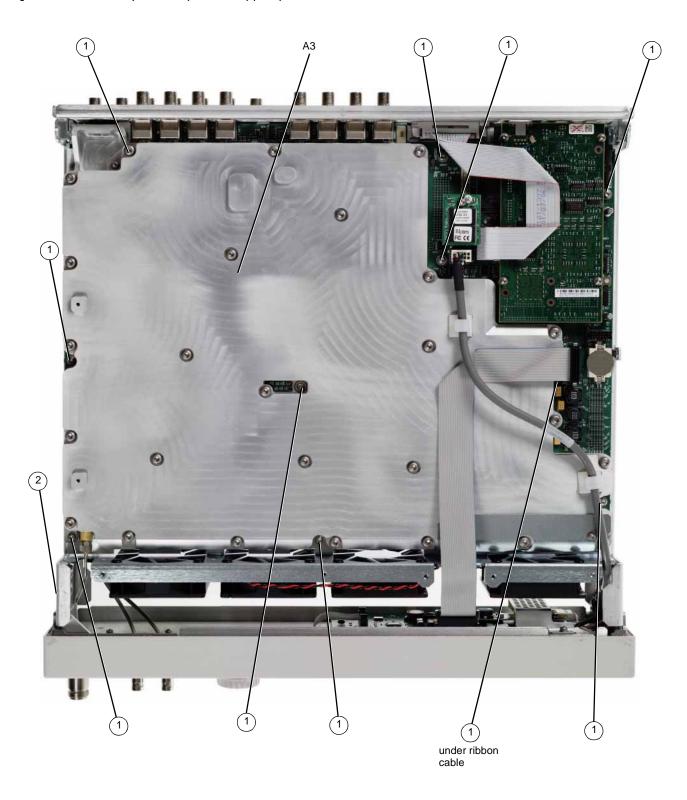
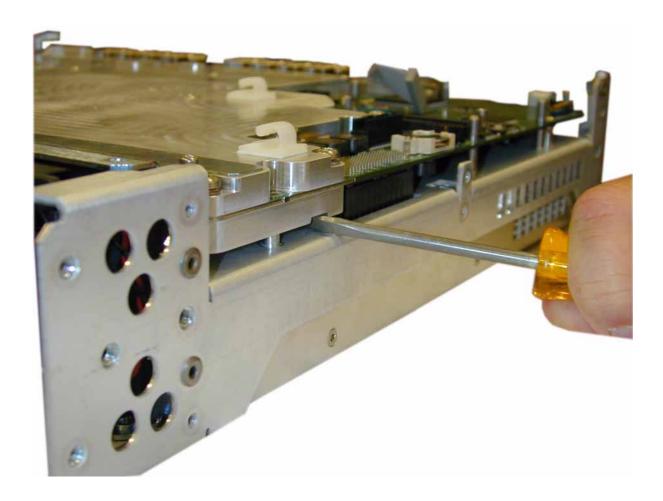




Figure 3-22 A3 RF Assembly - Standard (N5181A/82A) (3 of 3)





# A3 RF Assembly - N5161A and N5181A Option 1EM

WARNING

Do not disconnect the RF connector cable from the A3 RF assembly or the RF connector itself. Removing the cable will result in instrument failure.

#### **Tools Required**

- · T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- · common screwdriver

#### Removal Procedure

Refer to Figure 3-23 and Figure 3-24 for this procedure.

NOTE Pry slots have been provided on both sides of the A3 RF assembly to aid in removing the board.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Place the signal generator flat with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 5. Remove the following assemblies, in the order listed
  - a. "A5 CPU" (see page 3-54)
  - b. "Rear Panel (N5161A/81A)" (see page 3-22)
  - c. "Front-Panel" (see page 3-10)
- 6. Using the T-10 driver, remove the 10 screws (1) that connect the A3 RF assembly to the chassis.
- 7. Place the tip of a medium common screwdriver into one of the three pry slots on the A3 RF assembly and twist the screwdriver to release the board from the connector pins, see Figure 3-24.
- 8. Repeat step 7 with the other two pry slots.
- 9. Remove the A3 RF assembly.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 21 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair service procedure and performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-23 A3 RF Assembly - 1EM (1 of 2)

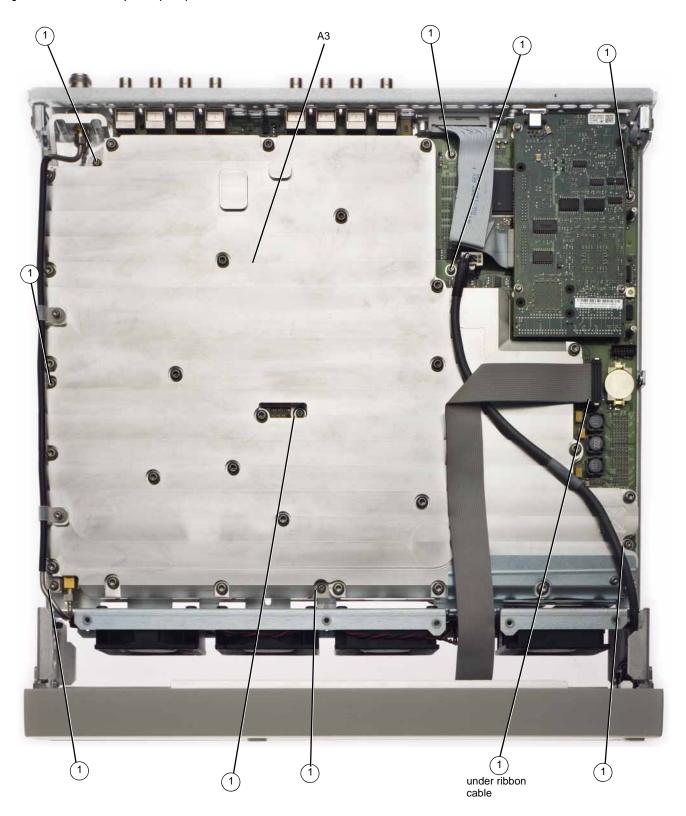
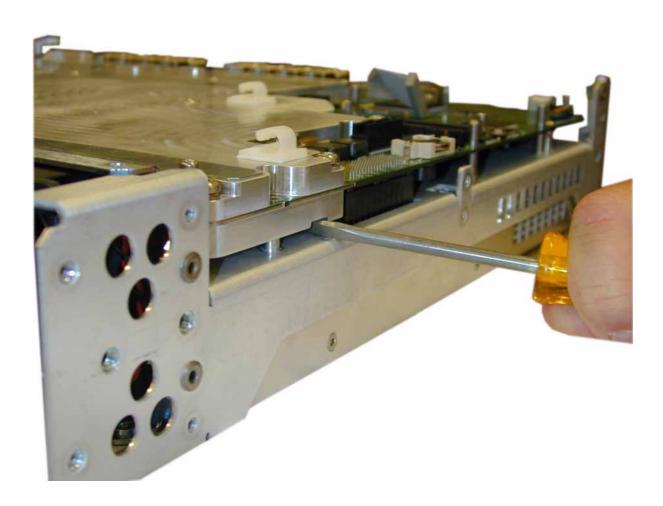




Figure 3-24 A3 RF Assembly - 1EM (2 of 2)





This page intentionally left blank.



# A3 RF Assembly (N5183A only)

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench
- · needle-nose pliers
- · common screwdriver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-25, Figure 3-26 and Figure 3-27 for this procedure.

NOTE Pry slots have been provided on both sides of the A3 RF assembly to aid in removing the board.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Place the signal generator flat with the A7 Micro-Deck facing up.
- 5. Using the needle nose pliers disconnect W14 from the A3 RF assembly.
- 6. Using the 5/16" open-ended wrench disconnect W12 and W13 semi-rigid cables.
- 7. Place the signal generator flat with the A3 RF assembly facing up.
- 8. Remove the following assemblies, in the order listed,
  - a. "A5 CPU" (see page 3-54)
  - b. "Rear Panel (N5183A)" (see page 3-26)
  - c. "Front-Panel" (see page 3-10)
- 9. Using the T-10 driver, remove the 10 screws (1) that connect the A3 RF assembly to the chassis.
- 10. Place the tip of a medium common screwdriver into one of the three pry slots on the A3 RF assembly and twist the screwdriver to release the board from the connector pins, see Figure 3-27.
- 11. Repeat step 10 with the other two pry slots.
- 12. Remove the A3 RF assembly.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 21 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque all BNC connectors to 8 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair service procedure and performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-25 A3 RF Assembly (N5183A only) (1 of 3)

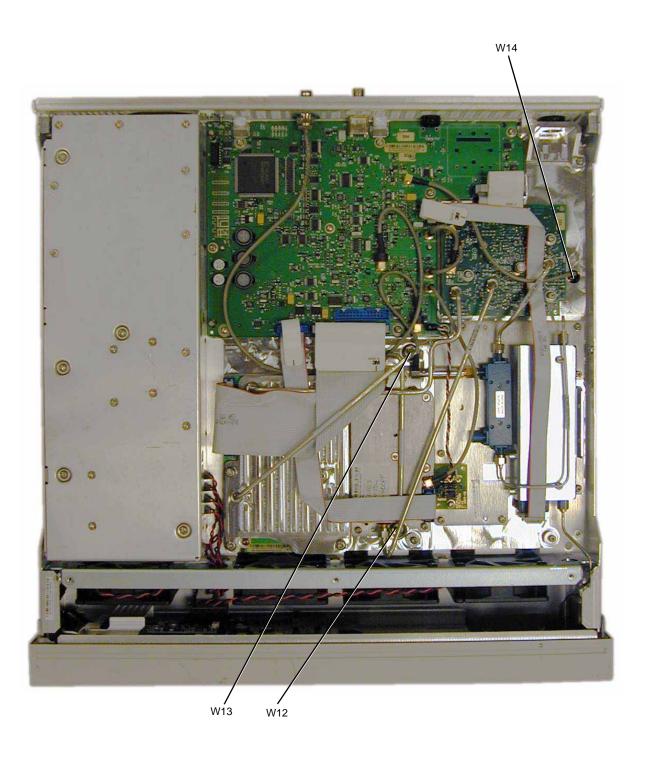


Figure 3-26 A3 RF Assembly (N5183A only) (2 of 3)

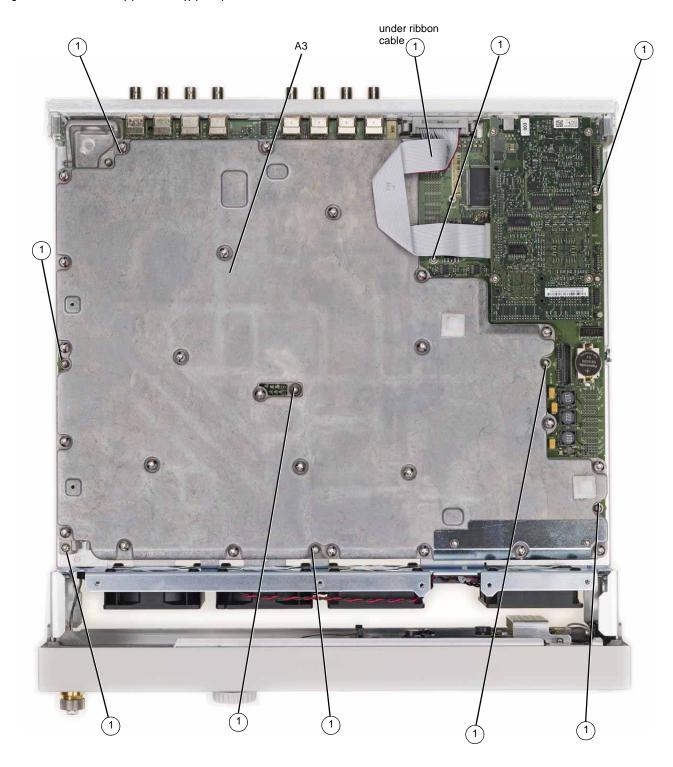
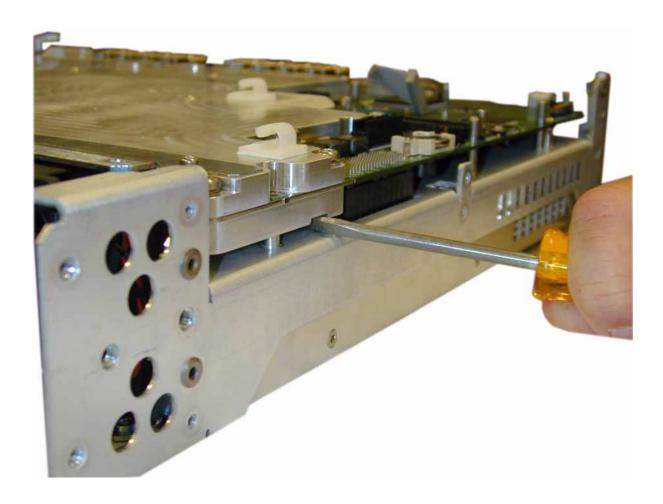


Figure 3-27 A3 RF Assembly - (N5183A only) (3 of 3)





## A3BT1 Battery

#### WARNING

This battery contains lithium. Do not incinerate or puncture this battery. Do not install this battery backwards. To dispose of the battery in a safe manner. Refer to "Lithium Battery Disposal" on page 5-2.

NOTE The battery is part of the power off circuitry. Removing the battery will not cause any stored data to be lost.

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- · small common screw driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-28 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4 and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the A3 RF assembly facing up and the front-panel towards you.
- 4. Using the flat-head screw driver, remove the A3BT1 by leveraging the battery out of its socket.

#### **Replacement Procedure**

1. Reverse the remaining steps of the removal procedure.

**NOTE** To install the battery, the positive side is aligned with the positive sign on the A3 RF assembly's battery clip.

2. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-28 A3BT1 Battery



A3BT1



# A4 Internal Memory Card (N5162A/82A only)

### **Tools Required**

• T-10 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-29 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4 and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Place the signal generator flat and upside down with the rear panel facing you.
- 4. Using the T-10 driver, remove the screw (1) that attaches the A4 Internal Memory Card to the A3 RF assembly.
- 5. Remove the A4 Internal Memory Card by gently rocking it side to side to release the pin.

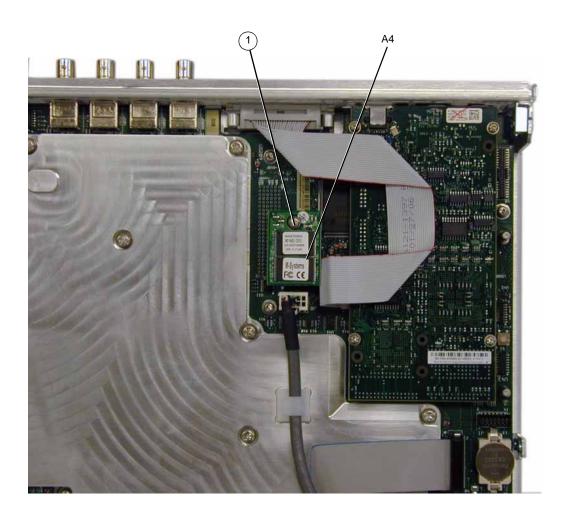
#### **Replacement Procedure**

1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.

**CAUTION** The A4 Internal Memory Card pin can be re-installed incorrectly. To insure proper installation carefully align the connector on the A4 Internal Memory Card with the connector on the A3 RF assembly.

- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-29 A4 Internal Memory Card





#### **A5 CPU**

#### **Tools Required**

• T-8 driver

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-30 for this procedure.

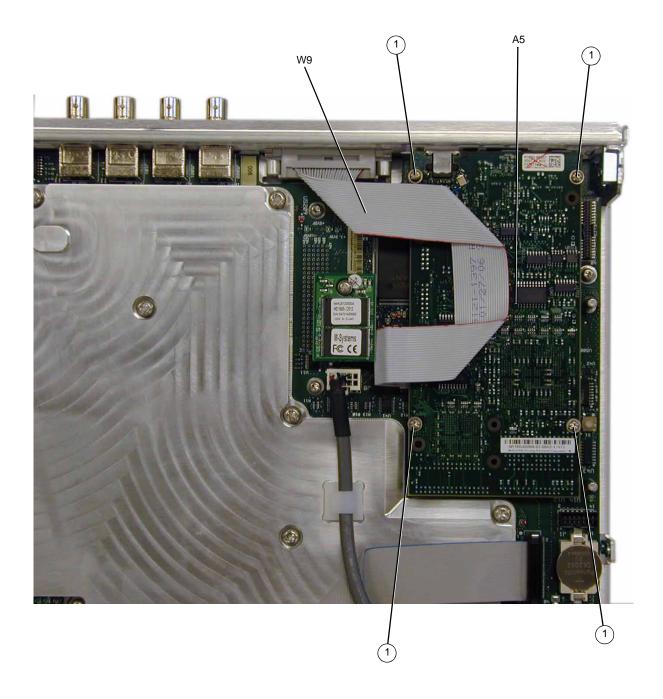
## **CAUTION**

There are three pin connectors attaching the A5 CPU to the A3 RF assembly. They are located on the short end of the A5 CPU board, closest to the front-panel. Use caution when removing the A5 CPU board.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4 and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Place the signal generator flat and upside down with the front-panel facing you.
- 5. Using the T-8 driver, remove the four screws (1) that attach the A5 CPU to the A3 RF assembly.
- 6. Remove the A5 CPU.
- 7. Disconnect W9.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair service procedure and performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-30 A5 CPU





# A7 Micro-Deck (N5183A only - Standard)

#### **Tools Required**

- · T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-31 for this procedure.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Remove the rear panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Rear Panel (N5183A)" on page 3-26.

**NOTE** The rear panel must be removed to allow the pin connector on the A7 Micro Deck to be disconnected from the A3 RF assembly without damaging the connector pins.

- 5. Using a 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect one end of the following cables, see Figure 3-31 to determine which end to disconnect.
  - W12 semi-rigid cable from the A3 RF assembly.
  - W13 semi-rigid cable from the A3 RF assembly.
- 6. Using a 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect the following semi-rigid cable according to the signal generator you have.
  - 520 with a 3.5mm RF connector: W10 from the mechanical attenuator (1).
  - 520 with a Type-N RF connector: W11 from the mechanical attenuator (1).
  - 532/540: W9 from the mechanical attenuator (1).
- 7. Disconnect W14 from A7J15.
- 8. Disconnect W15 from A7J14.
- 9. Using the T-10 driver, remove the eight screws (2) that secure the A7 Micro Deck to the chassis.
- 10. Remove the A7 Micro Deck.

#### **Replacement Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-32 for this procedure.

- 1. Using the T-10 driver, remove the five screws (3) that secure the replacement A7 Micro Deck to the shipping chassis.
- 2. Carefully slide the replacement A7 Micro Deck out of the shipping chassis.
- 3. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 4. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 5. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.
- 6. Slide the old A7 Micro Deck into the shipping chassis.
- 7. Secure it to the shipping chassis by installing the five screws removed in step 1.

**NOTE** If you lose any screws there are five extra screws located on one end of the shipping chassis.

- 8. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 9. Return the A7 Micro Deck to Agilent Technologies. See "Shipping a Defective Assembly Back to Agilent Technologies" on page 2-1.

Figure 3-31 A7 Micro Deck (N5183A only - Standard)

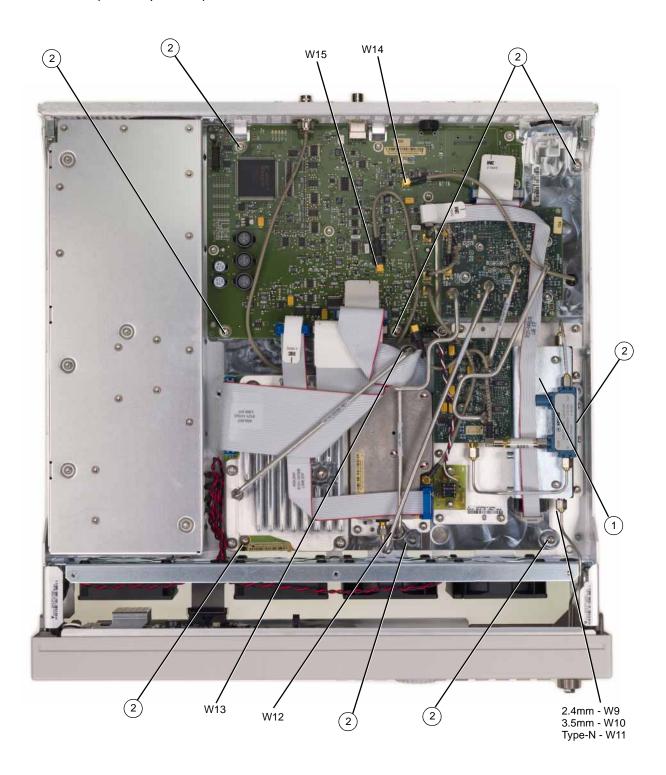
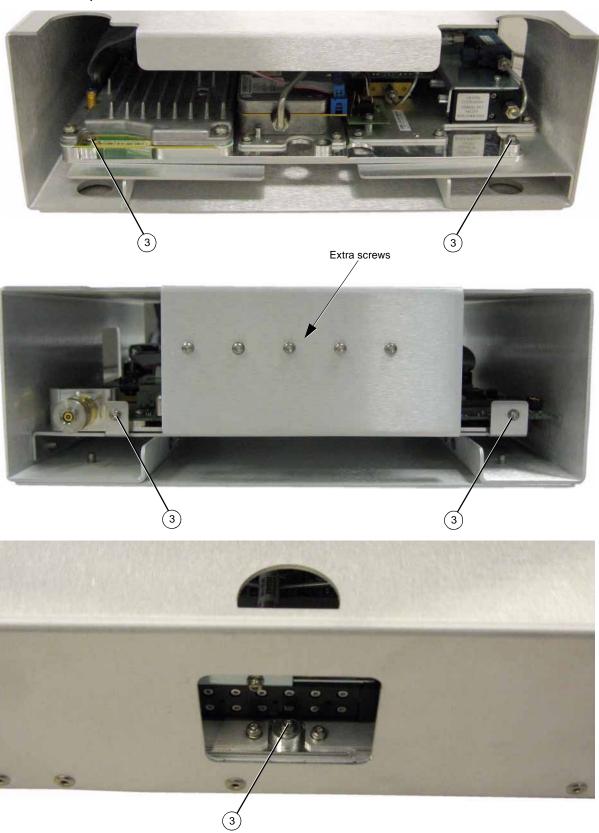




Figure 3-32 A7 Micro Deck Replacement





# A7 Micro-Deck (N5183A only - Option 1EM)

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- 5/16" open-ended wrench

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-33 for this procedure.

- 1. Go to "Assembly Installation and Removal Overview" on page 4-2, and complete the "Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure" on page 4-3.
- 2. Disconnect the power cord.
- 3. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 4. Remove the rear panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Rear Panel (N5183A)" on page 3-26.

NOTE The rear panel must be removed to allow the pin connector on the A7 Micro Deck to be disconnected from the A3 RF assembly without damaging the connector pins.

- 5. Using a 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect one end of the following cables, see Figure 3-33 to determine which end to disconnect.
  - W12 semi-rigid cable from the A3 RF assembly.
  - W13 semi-rigid cable from the A3 RF assembly.
- 6. Disconnect W14 from A7J15.
- 7. Disconnect W15 from A7J14.
- 8. Using the T-10 driver, remove the eight screws (1) that secure the A7 Micro Deck to the chassis.
- 9. Remove the A7 Micro Deck.

#### **Replacement Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-34 for this procedure.

- 1. Using the T-10 driver, remove the five screws (3) that secure the replacement A7 Micro Deck to its packaging.
- 2. Carefully slide the replacement A7 Micro Deck out of its packaging.
- 3. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 4. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 5. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-33 A7 Micro Deck (N5182A only - Option 1EM)

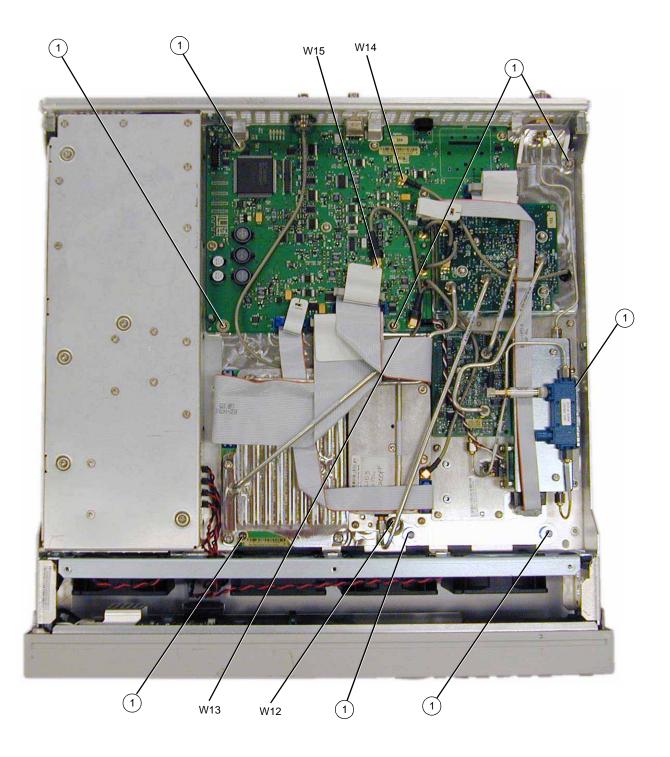
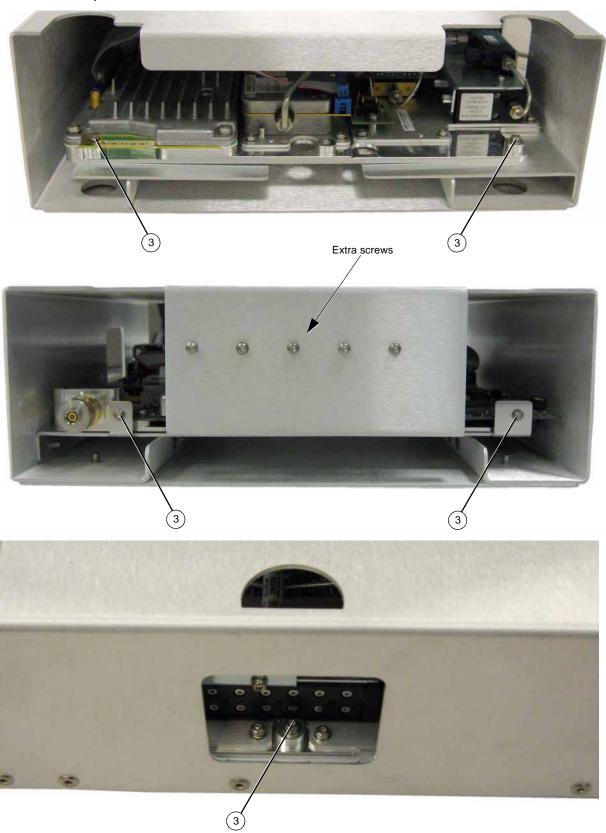


Figure 3-34 A7 Micro Deck Replacement





# A8 Floating BNC Bypass (N5183A only)

#### **Tools Required**

- 5/8" hex-nut driver
- · needle-nose pliers

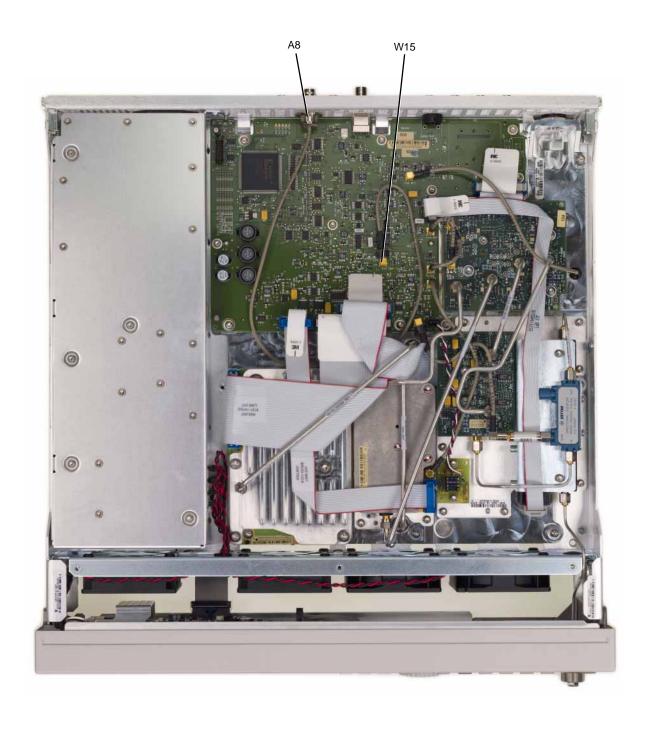
#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-35 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the inner cover and outer top cover from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6.
- 3. Disconnect W15 from A7J14.
- 4. Using the 5/8" hex-nut driver, remove the nut and washer securing the A8 Floating BNC Bypass to the rear panel.
- 5. Remove the A8 Floating BNC Bypass.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque all screws to 9in-lbs.
- 3. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.

Figure 3-35 A8 Floating BNC Bypass





# RF Connector (N5183A only - Standard)

#### **Tools Required**

• 5/16" open-ended wrench

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-36 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.
- 3. Remove the front-panel from the signal generator. Refer to "Front-Panel" on page 3-10.
- 4. Using a 5/16" open-ended wrench, disconnect the following semi-rigid cable according to the signal generator you have.

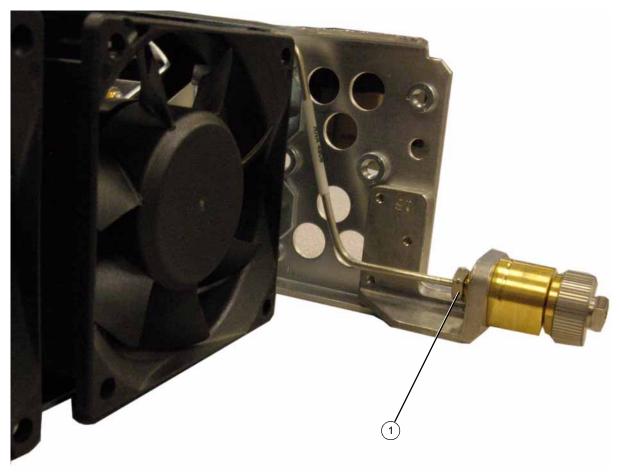
```
520 with a 3.5mm RF connector: W10 from the RF connector (1). 520 with a Type-N RF connector: W11 from the RF connector (1). 532/540: W9 from the RF Connector (1).
```

5. Remove the RF Connector.

- 1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.
- 2. Torque screw to 9 in-lbs.
- 3. Torque the new RF connector to 75 in-lbs.
- 4. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.



Figure 3-36 RF Connector





#### **B1 thru B4 Fans**

#### **Tools Required**

- T-10 driver
- T-20 driver
- · needle-nose pliers

#### **Removal Procedure**

Refer to Figure 3-37 and Figure 3-38 for this procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the power cord.
- 2. Remove the covers from the signal generator. Refer to "Outer Cover" on page 3-4, "Inner Top Cover" on page 3-6, and "Inner Bottom Cover" on page 3-8.

NOTE If you are replacing the B1 Fan, remove the A1 Power Supply. Refer to "A1 Power Supply" on page 3-28.

- 3. Place the signal generator flat with the A2 Vector Module facing up and the front-panel facing you.
- 4. Using the T-10 driver, press the connector latch to disconnect the fan cable (1) from the A2 Power Supply.
- 5. Use the T-20 driver to push the rivet (2) out until you can remove it with your fingers.
- 6. Remove the fan, releasing the fan cable from the cable clips.

#### **Replacement Procedure**

1. Reverse the order of the removal procedure.

**NOTE** To re-install the rivets, use the needle-nose pliers to depress the rivet tip before inserting it into the chassis hole.

2. Perform the post-repair performance tests that pertain to this replacement procedure, see Chapter 4, Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification.



Figure 3-37 B1 thru B4 Fans (1 of 2)

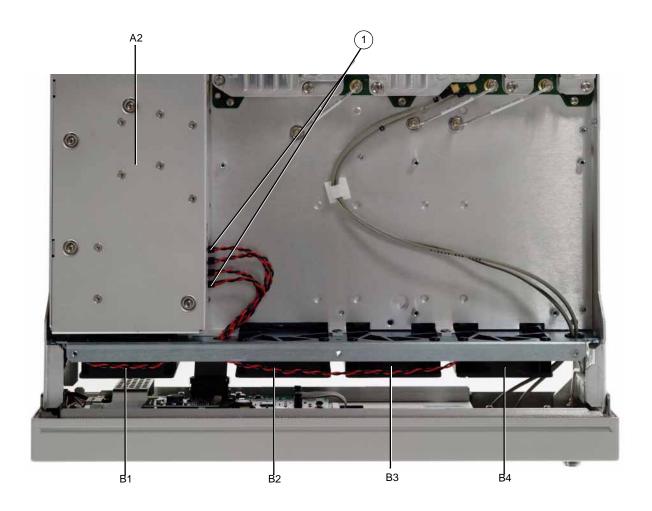
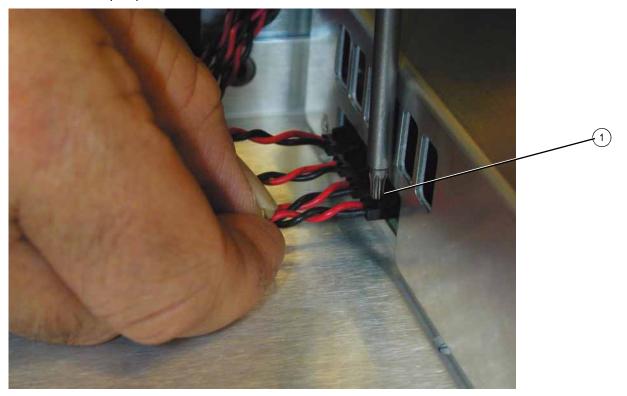




Figure 3-38 B1 thru B4 Fans (2 of 2)





# 4 Post-Repair Procedures and Performance Verification

# **Post Repair Procedures**

**CAUTION** After changing an assembly, but before performance verification, Agilent recommends that the most recent firmware is loaded into the instrument.

The ability to ensure proper hardware compatibility when an assembly is replaced in the MXG, is based on the capability of the product to save and reconfigure its arrays. To ensure that existing and new hardware is appropriately configured correctly, the static and dynamic arrays associated with the different assemblies *must* be modified as needed.

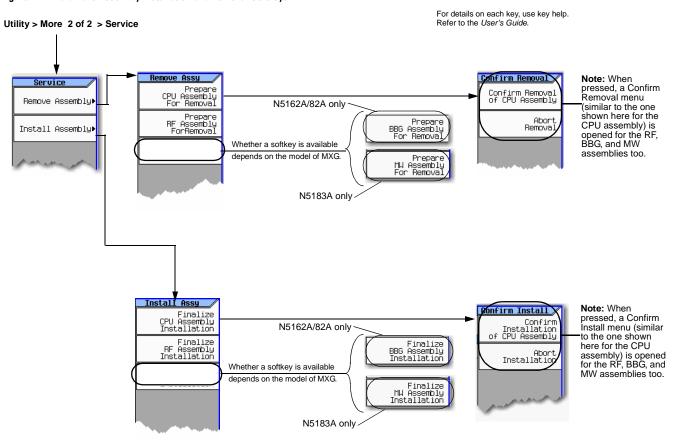
The process to do the appropriate configuration is performed automatically by the MXG with the Assembly Installation and Removal Overview front panel softkeys.

The corresponding assembly removal softkey is pressed once prior to a specific assembly being permanently removed for replacement from the instrument. Once the removed assembly has been permanently replaced the corresponding installation softkey is pressed, completing the hardware and installation.



#### **Assembly Installation and Removal Overview**

Figure 4-1 Hardware Assembly Installation and Removal Softkeys



#### Note

Each Remove Assembly softkey (CPU/RF/BBG/MW) when enabled will display a message in the lower left quadrant of display indicating assembly prepared for removal or removal has been aborted.

Each **Install Assembly** softkey, when enabled will display a message in the lower left quadrant of display indicating assembly prepared for installation or installation has been aborted.



#### **Assembly Removal and Installation Procedure**

**NOTE** This section is meant to be a high level overview of the process for replacing an assembly.

- 1. Faulty/bad board assembly is identified by using the troubleshooting information in Chapter 1.
- 2. Before removing the bad assembly, use the Remove Assembly service menu to transfer the assembly's array information, by pressing the corresponding softkey: Prepare <CPU/RF/BBG> Assembly For Removal. (Refer to Assembly Installation and Removal Overview.)

#### **CAUTION**

Do *not* proceed with assembly replacement until step 2 has been completed. Failure to perform this step can result in the hardware not functioning optimally, resulting in instrument errors and possibly self-test failures.

- 3. Replace the faulty/bad assembly.
- 4. Press the corresponding Install Assembly menu softkey: Finalize <CPU/RF/BBG> Assembly Installation. (Refer to Assembly Installation and Removal Overview.)

#### CAUTION

Do not proceed with Assembly replacement until step 4 has been completed. Failure to perform this step can result in the hardware not functioning optimally, resulting in instrument errors and possibly self-test failures.

#### Service Procedure

After replacing an assembly, check the following tables to see if you should run the service procedure. If your instrument has firmware version A.01.04, you must upgrade to A.01.10 or later prior to replacing any assembly. If you do not upgrade to A.01.10 or later your license key data will not be available and all license key enabled options will not work.

- If you did not upgrade your firmware to A.01.10 prior to replacing an assembly refer to Table 4-1.
- If you did upgrade your firmware to A.01.10 or later, refer to Table 4-2.

Table 4-1 Assembly Replaced with A.01.04 firmware installed – Backup

| Condition  | Procedure   |
|--|---|
| Upgrading from A.01.04 to A.01.10 or later. With Error:  | <ol> <li>Turn the signal generator off.</li> <li>Press and hold Preset, turn the signal generator on, continue to</li> </ol>          |
| "617 Configuration Error: Instrument licenses<br>have not been copied to backup storage. Use<br>the service procedure to copy license keys to<br>backup storage" | hold Preset for 10 seconds.  3. Press: Continue > Next Page > Backup License Data > Done  4. Cycle the power on the signal generator. |
| Cannot upgrade to A.01.10 or later due to a hardware failure.  | Replace the A5 CPU. Refer to Chapter 3, "Assembly Replacement."      Upgrade firmware.  |
| All other conditions not mentioned above   | Not supported. Upgrade to A.01.10 or later.   |

Table 4-2 Assembly Replaced with A.01.10 or later firmware installed – Restore/Backup

| Condition   | Procedure  |
|---|--|
| Installed new A5 CPU assembly. With Error: "617 Configuration Error: The instrument has no frequency range option installed. Use the service procedure to recover instrument licenses from the backup." | <ol> <li>Turn the signal generator off.</li> <li>Press and hold Preset, turn the signal generator on, continue to hold Preset for 10 seconds.</li> <li>Press: Continue &gt; Next Page &gt; Restore License Data from Backup &gt; Done</li> <li>Cycle the power on the signal generator.</li> </ol> |
|   | NOTE  If this procedure fails, the signal generator will be limited to 1 GHz and all options will be missing. Contact an Agilent Technologies service support person for assistance.   |



Table 4-2 Assembly Replaced with A.01.10 or later firmware installed - Restore/Backup (Continued)

| Condition   | Procedure   |
|---|---|
| Installed new A3 RF assembly.  With Error:  "617 Configuration Error: Instrument licenses have not been copied to the backup storage.  Use the service procedure to copy license keys to backup storage."   | <ol> <li>Turn the signal generator off.</li> <li>Press and hold Preset, turn the signal generator on, continue to hold Preset for 10 seconds.</li> <li>Press: Continue &gt; Next Page &gt; Backup License Data &gt; Done</li> <li>Cycle the power on the signal generator.</li> </ol>   |
| A3 RF assembly backup license keys and instrument serial number do not match.  With Error:  "617 Configuration Error: The backup memory contains license keys for serial number <serial number="">. Use the service procedure to overwrite the backup memory."</serial> | <ol> <li>Turn the signal generator off.</li> <li>Press and hold Preset, turn the signal generator on, continue to hold Preset for 10 seconds.</li> <li>Press: Continue &gt; Next Page &gt; Backup License Data &gt; Done</li> <li>Cycle the power on the signal generator.</li> </ol>   |
| Installed an A3 RF assembly that was previously used in another instrument.  With Error:  "617 Configuration Error: The backup memory contains license keys for serial number <serial number="">. Use the service procedure to overwrite the backup memory.</serial>    | <ul> <li>If this is a temporary change, ignore the message.</li> <li>If this is a permanent change run the service procedure.</li> <li>1. Turn the signal generator off.</li> <li>2. Press and hold Preset, turn the signal generator on, continue to hold Preset for 10 seconds.</li> <li>3. Press: Continue &gt; Next Page &gt; Backup License Data &gt; Done</li> <li>4. Cycle the power on the signal generator.</li> </ul> |
| Installed an A5 CPU assembly that was previously used in another instrument.  | <ul> <li>If this is a temporary change, ignore the message.</li> <li>If this is meant to be a permanent change, Agilent does not support it. A new A5 CPU must be installed.</li> </ul>   |

### **Post-Repair Overview**

#### N5161A/62A/81A/82A

Replacement assemblies are fully calibrated and do not require any adjustments. The factory completes a performance test on each replacement assembly, so a comprehensive performance test is *not* required by the customer upon receipt and installation of an assembly. A manual performance test is *recommended* to check basic operation.

#### N5183A

Because of the interdependency between assemblies, replacement assemblies are partly calibrated and require limited adjustments to optimize performance. Once adjustments are completed, the N5183A *requires* full performance testing.

#### **Manual Performance Tests**

To ensure the signal generator is meeting all published specifications, Table 4-3 lists the recommended manual performance verification tests to be performed after a specific assembly has been repaired or replaced.



Table 4-3 Manual Performance Tests

| Manuals Performance Tests   | Replaced Assembly |             |                          |                 |                                    |                |                              |                                  |        |
|---|-------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| The following performance verification tests are listed in the order that they should be performed. | Key Pad           | LCD Display | DC-AC Inverter Interface | A1 Power Supply | A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A only) | A3 RF Assembly | A3 RF Assembly (N5183A only) | A4 Memory Chip (N5162A/82A only) | A5 CPU |
| I/Q Calibration (N5162A/82A only)   |                   |             |                          |                 | <b>\</b>                           | 1              |                              |                                  |        |
| Self Tests  | ✓                 | 1           | ✓                        | ✓               | ✓                                  | 1              |                              | ✓                                | ✓      |
| Relative Frequency Range and Accuracy Verification  |                   |             |                          |                 | ✓                                  | ✓              |                              |                                  |        |
| Leveled Output Power Verification   |                   |             |                          |                 | <b>\</b>                           | 1              |                              |                                  |        |
| 0Phase Noise (N5183A only) <sup>a</sup>   |                   |             |                          |                 |                                    |                | 1                            |                                  |        |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The phase noise test procedure is available as part of the N5183A calibration software.

If a manual performance verification test fails:

- 1. Verify that the test setup is correct.
  - For I/Q Calibration and Self Tests
    - Confirm that all external cables, including GPIB, LAN, and USB cables, are disconnected from the signal generator.
  - For Relative Frequency Range and Accuracy Verification
    - Verify that the cables are connected correctly.
    - Verify that the spectrum analyzer is set to external reference.
  - For Leveled Output Accuracy Verification
    - Verify you are using the appropriate power sensor.
    - Normally, power sensor calibration factors are automatically downloaded to the power meter when the
      power meter turns on. If this does not occur, manually enter the correct calibration factors for the power
      sensor you are using.
    - Verify the power sensor is properly calibrated to the power meter.
- 2. If the tests setups are correct, go to "Troubleshooting Performance Test Problems" on page 1-70.



### Adjustments (N5183A Only)

To ensure the signal generator is meeting all published specifications, Table 4-4 lists the adjustments that must be performed after a specific assembly has been repaired or replaced.

Download the service software from http://www.agilent.com/find/calibrationsoftware or you can purchase the software on a CDROM (a license is required to run the calibration software).

Table 4-4 Adjustments

| Adjustments                         |                | sted<br>mbly   |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                     | A3 RF Assembly | A7 MW Assembly |
| MW Multiplier Pre-level Calibration |                | 1              |
| AM Calibration                      | ✓              | ✓              |
| Limited Absolute Power Calibration  |                | 1              |
| ALC Mod Driver <sup>a</sup>         | ✓              | ✓              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Assembly requiring adjustment is determined by the type of failure (i.e. low band (A3 RF Assembly) or high band (A7 MW Assembly)).

#### **Automated Performance Verification Tests**

For the N5161A/62A/81A/82A: Table 4-5 lists the automated service software performance verification tests that should be performed to confirm the instrument still meets its warranted specifications. Run these tests at least every 24 months or more often as necessary.

For the N5183A: Table 4-5 lists the automated service software performance verification tests that must be ran after any repair or to confirm the instrument still meets its warranted specifications. Run these tests at least every 24 months or more often as necessary.

Download the service software from http://www.agilent.com/find/calibrationsoftware or you can purchase the software on a CDROM (a license is required to run the calibration software).

If an automated performance verification test fails, go to "Troubleshooting Performance Test Problems" on page 1-70 to troubleshoot the instrument failure.

Table 4-5 Automated Performance Verification Tests

| N5161A<br>N5181A | N5162A<br>N5182A | N5183A <sup>a</sup> | Automated performance verification tests are listed in the order they should be performed to prevent invalid results and to minimize changes in test equipment configurations. |
|------------------|------------------|---------------------|--|
|                  | 1                |                     | Digital Modulation Power Level Accuracy Relative to  |
| 1                | 1                | ✓                   | Maximum Leveled Power  |
| ✓                | 1                | ✓                   | Power Level Accuracy   |
| 1                | 1                | ✓                   | Harmonic Spurious  |
| 1                | 1                | ✓                   | Sub-Harmonic Spurious  |
| 1                | 1                | ✓                   | Non-Harmonic Spurious  |
|                  | 1                |                     | WCDMA Adjacent Channel Power   |
| 1                | 1                | 1                   | FM Deviation Accuracy  |
| 1                | 1                | ✓                   | FM Distortion  |
|                  | 1                |                     | Digital Modulation Quality   |



#### Table 4-5 Automated Performance Verification Tests (Continued)

| N5161A<br>N5181A | N5162A<br>N5182A | N5183A <sup>a</sup> | Automated performance verification tests are listed in the order they should be performed to prevent invalid results and to minimize changes in test equipment configurations. |
|------------------|------------------|---------------------|--|
| ✓                | 1                | 1                   | DCFM Carrier Offset  |
| ✓                | ✓                |                     | Amplitude Switching Speed  |
| ✓                | 1                | 1                   | Frequency Switching Speed  |
| ✓                | 1                | 1                   | Timebase Aging Rate  |
| ✓                | 1                | 1                   | Internal Rise Fall Time (Option UNW)   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>The manual phase noise test is required as part of a complete performance verification (refer to Table 4-3 on page 5).



#### **Performance Verification**

The procedures in this chapter verify the signal generators electrical performance.

- "I/Q Calibration (N5162A/82A only)" on page 4-8
- "Running Self Test" on page 4-8
- "Relative Frequency Range and Accuracy Verification (N5161A/62A<sup>1</sup>/81A/82A Only)" on page 4-10
- "Leveled Output Power Verification (N5161A/62A<sup>1</sup>/81A/82A Only)" on page 4-13

## I/Q Calibration (N5162A/82A only)

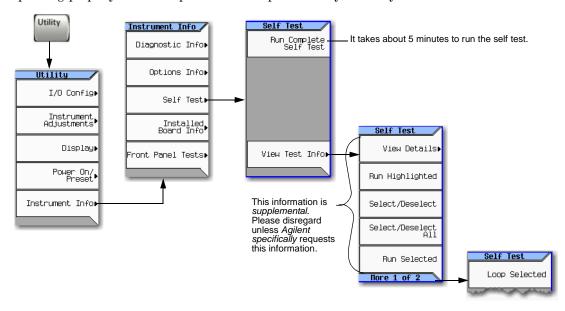
When you perform an I/Q calibration, that calibration data takes precedence over the factory-supplied calibration data. The calibration routines improves performance that may degrade over time or due to temperature changes.

Press I/Q > I/Q Calibration > Calibration Type Full



## **Running Self Test**

The self test is a series of internal tests of signal generator functions. Run the complete self tests when initially setting up a signal generator, after an assembly repair, or to verify signal generator performance. Also run self test prior to performing manual or automated Performance Verification tests. The self test will confirm the signal generator is operating properly or isolate problems to a specific faulty assembly.





Use the following procedure to run the self test:

- 1. Disconnect all unnecessary external cables, including GPIB, LAN, and USB cables.
- 2. Preset the signal generator: Press Preset > Utility > Instrument Info > Self Test.

The following message appears:

- The current status of the self-test is: Incomplete. Not all tests have been run.
- 3. Press Run Complete Self Test.

An activity bar displays on the screen indicating the test progress.

When self-test completes, one of the following messages displays:

- The current status of the self-test is: Passed
- The current status of the self-test is: Failure. One or more tests have failed. System diagnostics indicate this test as the root failure: xxx

If the signal generator fails only one test, the title of the failed test displays. If the signal generator fails more than one test, the test number of the most significant failure displays.

#### **Self Test Failure**

- 1. Confirm that all unnecessary external cables, including GPIB, LAN, and USB cables, are disconnected from the signal generator and repeat the self-test.
- 2. If the self test continues to fail, the signal generator requires service. If you are unable to service the signal generator, send it to an Agilent service center for repair. Include a detailed description of the failed test(s) and any displayed error messages.

See "Viewing Test Results" on page 4-9 for information about viewing detailed self test results.

See "Returning a Signal Generator for Service" on page 1-2 for return instructions.

#### **Viewing Test Results**

If a self test fails the summary display indicates the probable cause.



To view the failed self test

- 1. Press: Utility > Instrument Info > Self Test > View Test Info
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the desired test and press View Details.

**NOTE** This information is *supplemental*. Please disregard unless Agilent *specifically requests* the information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The N5161A/62A require a LAN or USB connection to access the Self Test softkeys via the Web-Enabled MXG. Refer to "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18.



## Relative Frequency Range and Accuracy Verification (N5161A<sup>1</sup>/62A<sup>1</sup>/81A/82A Only)

The frequency range is tested by determining the frequency accuracy relative to the timebase at the frequency limits of the signal generator. This test can be performed with either a frequency counter or a spectrum analyzer.

- "Frequency Counter Procedure (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)" on page 4-10 or
- "Spectrum Analyzer Procedure (N5161A/62A<sup>1</sup>/81A/82A)" on page 4-11

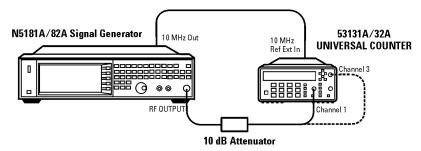
#### Frequency Counter Procedure (N5161A/62A/81A/82A)

Table 4-6 Recommended Equipment for Checking N5161A/62A/81A/82A Frequency Range and Accuracy

| Test Equipment    | Recommended Model                    |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Frequency Counter | Agilent 53131A/32A Universal Counter |

#### Test Setup

1. Connect the equipment as shown.



- 2. Preset the signal generator: Press Preset.
- 3. Turn modulation off: Press the Mod On/Off so that the MOD On/Off LED turns off.
- 4. Set the amplitude:
  - Press Amplitude and enter 0 dBm.
- 5. Turn RF on: Press RF On/Off so that the RF On/Off LED lights.
- 6. Verify that the frequency counter is locked to the 10 MHz external reference frequency (±1 Hz).
- 7. For maximum accuracy, set the gate time on the frequency counter to >5 seconds. (Press Gate & ExtArm twice and use the arrow keys to set the value.)
- 8. Set the frequency: Press Frequency and set the signal generator to the first frequency listed in Table 4-7.
- 9. Confirm that the measured frequency is within the limits listed.
- 10. Repeat step 8 and step 9 for all of the frequencies in the table that are within the frequency range of your signal generator.

NOTE For frequencies <200 MHz, use Channel 3 on the frequency counter (press Freq Ratio until CH3: displays).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The N5161A/62A performs the identical internal tests as in the MXG via a LAN connection to a Web Server. The front panel displays all hardkeys, softkeys and test results as depicted in the illustration. For information on Web-Enabled Control refer to "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18 and to the *Programming Guide*.



**Table 4-7 Frequency Accuracy Limits** 

| Frequency (MHz)      | Limit (Hz) |
|----------------------|------------|
| 0.1 MHz <sup>a</sup> | ±1         |
| 0.5 MHz              | ±1         |
| 1 MHz                | ±1         |
| 10 MHz               | ±1         |
| 50 MHz               | ±1         |
| 100 MHz              | ±1         |
| 500 MHz              | ±1         |
| 800 MHz              | ±1         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>N5181A/82A with s/n prefix: < xx4740, measure at 0.25MHz (except instruments with options 099 or 01K).

## Spectrum Analyzer Procedure (N5161A<sup>1</sup>/62A<sup>1</sup>/81A/82A)

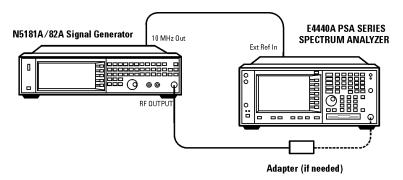
Only *one* relative frequency range and accuracy verification test is required. Either use the frequency counter procedure on page 10 or the spectrum analyzer test procedure in this section.

Table 4-8 Recommended Equipment for Checking N5161A/62A/81A/82A Frequency Range and Accuracy

| Test Equipment    | Recommended Model                           |
|-------------------|---|
| Spectrum Analyzer | Agilent E4440A PSA Series spectrum analyzer |

#### **Procedure**

1. Connect the equipment as shown.



- 2. Verify that the spectrum analyzer is locked to the 10 MHz external reference frequency.
- 3. Align the spectrum analyzer: Press System > Alignment > Align All Now.
- 4. Preset the signal generator: Press Preset.
- 5. Turn modulation off: Press the Mod On/Off so that the MOD On/Off LED turns off.
- 6. Set the amplitude: Press Amplitude and enter 0 dBm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The N5161A/62A performs the identical internal tests as in the MXG via a LAN connection to a Web Server. The front panel displays all hardkeys, softkeys and test results as depicted in the illustration. For information on Web-Enabled Control refer to "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18 and to the Programming Guide.



- 7. Turn RF on: Press RF On/Off so that the RF On/Off LED lights.
- 8. Set the frequency: Press Frequency and set the signal generator to the first frequency listed in Table 4-9.

#### Table 4-9 Frequency Accuracy Limits

| Frequency (MHz)      | Limit (Hz) |
|----------------------|------------|
| 0.1 MHz <sup>a</sup> | ±1         |
| 0.5 MHz              | ±1         |
| 1 MHz                | ±1         |
| 10 MHz               | ±1         |
| 50 MHz               | ±1         |
| 100 MHz              | ±1         |
| 500 MHz              | ±1         |
| 800 MHz              | ±1         |
| 1000 MHz             | ±1         |
| 2000 MHz             | ±1         |
| 3100 MHz             | ±1         |
| 4000 MHz             | ±1         |
| 5000 MHz             | ±1         |
| 6000 MHz             | ±1         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>N5181A/82A with s/n prefix: < xx4740, measure at 0.25MHz (except instruments with options 099 or 01K).

- 9. Confirm that the measured frequency is within the limits listed in Table 4-9.
- 10. Repeat step 8 and step 9 for all of the frequencies in the table that are within the frequency range of your signal generator.



## Leveled Output Power Verification (N5161A<sup>1</sup>/62A<sup>1</sup>/81A/82A Only)

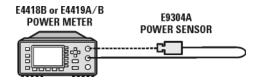
This test verifies that the output power from the signal generator is within defined limits. The following table lists the preferred equipment for this test.

| Test Equipment                     | Recommended Model                               |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Power Meter                        | Agilent E4418B or E4419A/B E-Series power meter |
| Power Sensor,<br>Input: Type-N (m) | Agilent E9304A                                  |

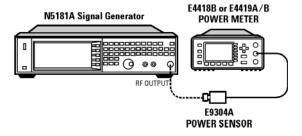
- "N5161A<sup>1</sup>/81A Output Power Test Procedure" on page 4-13
- "N5162A/82A Output Power Test Procedure" on page 4-15

## N5161A<sup>1</sup>/81A Output Power Test Procedure

1. Zero and calibrate the power sensor to the power meter:



2. Connect the equipment as shown:



- 3. Preset the signal generator: Press Preset.
- 4. Turn RF on: Press RF On/Off so that the RF On/Off LED lights.
- 5. Turn modulation off: Press Mod On/Off so that the Mod On/Off LED turns off.
- 6. Set the frequency: Press Frequency and enter the first frequency value listed in Table 4-10.

**Table 4-10 Leveled Output Power Limits** 

| Frequency | Limits (dB)       |
|-----------|-------------------|
| 125 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 275 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 338 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 425 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The N5161A/62A performs the identical internal tests as in the MXG via a LAN connection to a Web Server. The front panel displays all hardkeys, softkeys and test results as depicted in the illustration. For information on Web-Enabled Control refer to "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18 and to the Programming Guide.



**Table 4-10 Leveled Output Power Limits (Continued)** 

| Frequency | Limits (dB)       |
|-----------|-------------------|
| 538 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 675 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 850 MHz   | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 1075 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 1350 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 1700 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 2150 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 2700 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.6dB |
| 3400 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.7dB |
| 4300 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.8dB |
| 5400 MHz  | <u>&lt;</u> 0.8dB |

7. Set the amplitude to  $13^1$  dBm:

Press Amplitude > 13 > dBm.

- 8. Configure the power meter for the measurement.
  - a. Press the Frequency Cal Fac button on the power meter.
  - b. Select a power meter channel (if applicable).
  - c. Use the arrow keys to enter the frequency at which to measure the power.
- 9. Measure the output power level.
- 10. Repeat steps 6 through 9 to measure power at each of the 15 frequencies listed in Table 4-10.
- 11. Confirm that the measured power levels are within the limits listed in the table.

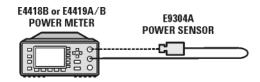
**NOTE** The limit range is due to power meter uncertainty.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ For serial numbers < MY4818xxxx, US4818xxxx, and SG4818xxxx, the amplitude = 7 dBm.

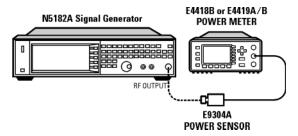


## N5162A<sup>1</sup>/82A Output Power Test Procedure

1. Zero and calibrate the power sensor to the power meter:



2. Connect the equipment as shown below:



- 3. Preset the signal generator: Press Preset.
- 4. Select the factory-supplied waveform SINE\_TEST\_WFM:
  - a. Press Mode > Dual ARB > Select Waveform.
  - b. Highlight the SINE\_TEST\_WFM waveform.
  - c. Press Select Waveform.
- 5. Turn the arbitrary waveform player on: Press the ARB softkey to highlight On.
- 6. Turn RF on: Press  $RF\,On/Off$  so that the RF On/Off LED lights.
- 7. Verify modulation is off:
  - Press  $Mod\ On/Off$  so that the Mod On/Off LED turns off.
- 8. Set the signal generator frequency to the first value listed in Table 4-11:
  - Press Frequency > 338 > MHz.

Table 4-11 Leveled Output Power Relative to

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Limit ∆<br>(dB)    |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 338                | $0.25 \mathrm{dB}$ |
| 425                | 0.25dB             |
| 538                | 0.25dB             |
| 675                | 0.25dB             |
| 850                | 0.25dB             |
| 1075               | 0.25dB             |
| 1350               | 0.25dB             |
| 1700               | 0.25dB             |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The N5161A/62A performs the identical internal tests as in the MXG via a LAN connection to a Web Server. The front panel displays all hardkeys, softkeys and test results as depicted in the illustration. For information on Web-Enabled Control refer to "Accessing the MXG Web-Enabled Page" on page 1-18 and to the Programming Guide.



Table 4-11 Leveled Output Power Relative to (Continued)

| Frequency<br>(MHz) | Limit ∆ (dB)       |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2150               | $0.25 \mathrm{dB}$ |
| 3400               | 0.25dB             |
| 5400               | 0.25dB             |

9. Set the amplitude to 13<sup>1</sup> dBm:

Press Amplitude > 13 > dBm.

- 10. Configure the power meter as follows:
  - a. On the power meter, press the Frequency Cal Fac button.
  - b. If applicable, select a power meter channel.
  - c. Use the arrow keys to enter the frequency at which to measure the power.
- 11. Measure the output power level and write down the value.
- 12. Turn modulation on.

Press Mod On/Off so that the Mod On/Off LED turns on.

- 13. Measure the output level and write down the value.
- 14. Compare the values from step 11 and step 13. The  $\Delta$  should be equal to or less than the test limit in Table 4-11.
- 15. Repeat steps 8 through 14 for the remaining frequencies in the table, confirm that the delta power level at each point is within limits.

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ For serial numbers <MY4818xxxx, US4818xxxx, and SG4818xxxx, the amplitude = 7 dBm.

# **5** Safety and Regulatory

This chapter provides information on the following:

- "General Safety Considerations" on page 5-1
- "Lithium Battery Disposal" on page 5-2
- "Assistance" on page 5-2
- "Certification" on page 5-2

The following safety notes are used throughout this manual. Familiarize yourself with each of the notes and its meaning before operating this instrument.

| WARNING | Warning denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a condition or situation that could result in personal injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a warning until you fully understand the indicated conditions or situations.                           |  |
|---------|---|--|
| CAUTION | Caution calls attention to a condition or situation that could result in damage to or destruction of the signal generator, or in the loss of a user's settings or data. Do not proceed beyond a caution until you fully understand the indicated conditions |  |

## **General Safety Considerations**

The following safety notes apply specifically to signal generators. These notes also appear in other chapters of this service guide as required.

| WARNING | These servicing instructions are for use by qualified personal only. To avoid electrical shock, do need perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so.  |  |  |
|---------|---|--|--|
| WARNING | The opening of covers or removal of parts is likely to expose dangerous voltages. Disconnect the product from all voltage sources before starting to open.  |  |  |
| WARNING | The detachable power cord is the instrument disconnecting device. It disconnects the main circuits from the main supply before other parts of the instrument. The front panel switch is only a standby switch and is not a LINE switch (disconnecting device).  |  |  |
| WARNING | The power cord is connected to internal capacitors that may remain live for 5 seconds after disconnecting the plug from its power supply.   |  |  |
| WARNING | This is a Safety Class 1 Product (provided with a protective earthing ground incorporated in the power cord). The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. Any interruption of the protective conductor inside or outside of the product is likely to make the product dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited. |  |  |
| WARNING | Replace battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended. Discard used batteries according to manufacturer's instructions.   |  |  |
| WARNING | If this product is not used as specified, the protection provided by the equipment could be impaired This product must be used in a normal condition (in which all means for protection are intact) only  |  |  |
| CAUTION | Many of the assemblies in this instrument are very susceptible to damage from electrostatic discharge (ESD). Perform service procedures only at a static-safe workstation and wear a grounding strap.   |  |  |



## **Lithium Battery Disposal**

When the battery on the A14 CPU is exhausted and/or ready for disposal, dispose of it according to your country's requirements. You can return the battery to your nearest Agilent Technologies Sales and Service office for disposal, if required.

Figure 5-1



## **Assistance**

Product maintenance agreements and other customer assistance agreements are available for Agilent Technologies products. For any assistance, contact your nearest Agilent Technologies sales and service office.

### Certification

Agilent Technologies Company certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Agilent Technologies further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Institute of Standards and Technology, to the extent allowed by the Institute's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

## **6** Instrument History

## How to Use this Chapter

This chapter documents changes that have been made to the N518xA signal generators. If your signal generator is an early version these changes may affect it.

## April 2008 (N5182A/83A only)

New 4 GB A4 Internal Memory Card

#### December 2007

Initial release of the N5183A MXG Microwave Analog Signal Generator.

- Serial prefix US/MY/SG4742
- Firmware release A.01.32
- · A1 Power Supply updated to 400 Hz capability.
- N5183A specific A3 RF Assembly, part number N5180-60077.

#### November 2007

- Firmware release A.01.31
- · Implemented rear panel pulse output polarity selection when pulse is off.
- · Added user flatness correction when using an external power meter/sensor.
- · Improved error checking and error messages

## October 2007 (N5181A/82A only)

- Serial prefix US/MY/SG4740
- Firmware release A.01.24
- Performance specified to 100 kHz.
- · Release of Option UNW High Performance Pulse Modulation.
- Disabled DAC over range protection to provide higher dynamic range when using Runtime Scaling.
- A3 RF Assembly part number N5180-60099

#### May 2007 (N5181A/82A only)

- Serial prefix US/MY/SG4707
- Firmware release A.01.20
- 43x Options introduced.
- Five Pack licensing available.
- · Release of upgradeable internal BBG maximum sample rate.
- Softkeys for "Int Phase Polarity" and "Burst Envelope" added.
- A3 RF Assembly part number N5180-60076

## December 2006 (N5181A/82A only)

- Firmware release A.01.10
- · Compatibility languages for Agilent, Aeroflex, IFR, and Rhonde&Schwartz signal generators released.
- Option and license file backup locations on the A3 RF Assembly and the A5 CPU implemented.
- A3 RF Assembly part number N5180-60065



## September 2006 (N5181A/82A only)

Initial release of the N5181A/82A MXG Signal Generators.

- Serial prefix US/MY/SG4624
- Firmware release A.01.04
- A3 RF Assembly part number N5180-60001

## Index



| Numerics   | fan, replacement, 3-66   |  |
|--|--|--|
| 6 GHz electronic attenuator, troubleshooting, 1-66   | floating BNC bypass, replacement, 3-62 frequency accuracy check, 3-10                  |  |
| A  | frequency range and accuracy check, 3-10 front-panel, replacement, 3-10                |  |
| A2 Vector Module (N5182A 1EM with Option 012), 3-30  | Total pariety replacements to  |  |
| A3 RF Assembly - N5182A Option 1EM (with and without Option                                    | Н  |  |
| 012), 3-34   | hardware, 2-20   |  |
| A3 RF Assembly - N5182A with Option 012, 3-34  | hardware list, 2-3   |  |
| adjustments (n5183a only), 3-6   |  |  |
| Agilent Technologies, contacting, 1-2 Agilent Technologies, returning signal generator to, 1-2 | 1  |  |
| antistatic materials, 2-28   | I/Q calibration (n5183a only), 3-8   |  |
| assemblies list, 2-3   | inner bottom cover, replacement, 3-8   |  |
| assembly replacement   | inner top cover, replacement, 3-6  |  |
| A1 Power Supply, 3-28  | Install Assembly softkey, 3-2  |  |
| A2 Vector Module (N5162A with Option 012), 3-30  | instrument history, 6-1  |  |
| A2 Vector Module (N5162A/82A without Option 012), 3-32   | interface board, replacement, 3-18   |  |
| A3 RF Assembly - N5161A and N5181A Option 1EM, 3-42  | internal memory card, replacement, 3-52  |  |
| A3 RF Assembly - N5162A(with and without Option 012), 3-34                                     | • , •  |  |
| A3 RF Assembly - Standard (N5181A/82A), 3-38   | K  |  |
| A3 RF Assembly (N5183A), 3-46  | key pad, replacement, 3-20   |  |
| A3BT1 Battery, 3-50  | key pau, replacement, 5-20   |  |
| A4 Internal Memory Card, 3-52  | L  |  |
| A5 CPU, 3-54   | _  |  |
| A6 DC-AC Inverter Interface Board, 3-16, 3-18, 3-56, 3-59                                      | lcd display, replacement, 3-14   |  |
| A7 Micro-Deck, 3-56, 3-59  | lists  |  |
| A8 Floating BNC Bypass, 3-62   | assemblies and hardware options, 2-3 cables, 2-13                                      |  |
| A9 Interface Board, 3-18   | hardware, 2-20   |  |
| B1 thru B4 Fan, 3-66   | replaceable assemblies, 3-1  |  |
| Front-Panel, 3-10  | lithium battery  |  |
| Inner Bottom Cover, 3-8  | disposal, 4-2  |  |
| Inner Top Cover, 3-6   | replacement, 3-50  |  |
| Key Pad, 3-20  | LXI-B  |  |
| LCD Display, 3-14  | disclaimer, 1-18   |  |
| Outer Cover, 3-4   |  |  |
| Power Switch, 3-21   | M  |  |
| Rear Panel (N5181A), 3-22<br>Rear Panel (N5182A), 3-24   | manual performance tests, 3-4  |  |
| Rear Panel (N5183A), 3-26  | micro-deck, replacement, 3-56, 3-59  |  |
| USB Board, 3-12, 3-64  | MXG ATE  |  |
| automated performance tests, 3-6   | web-enabled, accessing, 1-18   |  |
| date marce performance today v   | ,  |  |
| В  | 0  |  |
| battery, replacement, 3-50   | options, descriptions, 2-2   |  |
| before you replace an assembly, 3-1  | outer cover, replacement, 3-4  |  |
|  | output power, checking, 3-13   |  |
| C  |  |  |
| cables, 2-13   | P  |  |
| CPU, replacement, 3-54   | performance tests automated, 3-6   |  |
| D  | manual, 3-4  |  |
| dc-ac inverter interface board, replacement, 3-16, 3-18, 3-56, 3-59                            | performance tests, required after repair, 3-1 performance tests, troubleshooting, 1-70 |  |
| disclaimer   | post-repair overview, 3-4  |  |
| LXI-B, 1-18  | post-repair procedures, 3-1  |  |
| Display, 3-14  |  |  |
|  | power<br>checking, 3-13  |  |
| E  | power supply, replacement, 3-28  |  |
| electrostatic discharge supplies, 2-28   | power switch, replacement, 3-21  |  |
| F  | R  |  |
| failure  |  |  |
| self-test, 3-9   | rear panel (N5181A), replacement, 3-22   |  |



```
rear panel (N5182A), replacement, 3-24
rear\ panel\ (N5183A),\ replacement, \hbox{$3\text{-}26$}
Remove Assembly softkey, 3-2
repair
 performance tests required, 3-1
replaceable parts
 assemblies, 3-1
 cables, 2-13
 hardware, 2-20
 ordering information, 2-1
rf assembly, replacement, 3-34, 3-38, 3-42, 3-46
RF path, troubleshooting, 1-64, 1-66
S
safety, general considerations, 4-1
self-test failure, 3-9
self-tests, 3-8
 overview, 1-15
 running, 1-16
signal generator, returning to Agilent Technologies, 1-2
T
troubleshooting, 1-1
troubleshooting output power, 3-13
troubleshooting, 6 GHz electronic attenuator, 1-66
U
unlevels, troubleshooting, 1-64, 1-66
unlocks, troubleshooting, 1-63
USB board, replacement, 3-12, 3-64
Utility softkey, 3-2
vector module, replacement, 3-30, 3-32
```